

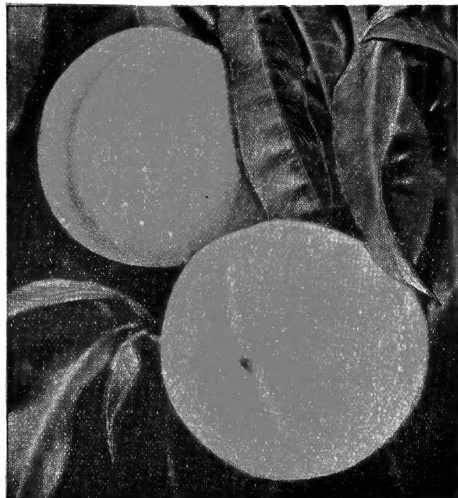
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE

NURSERIES

PRINCESS ANNE
MARYLAND



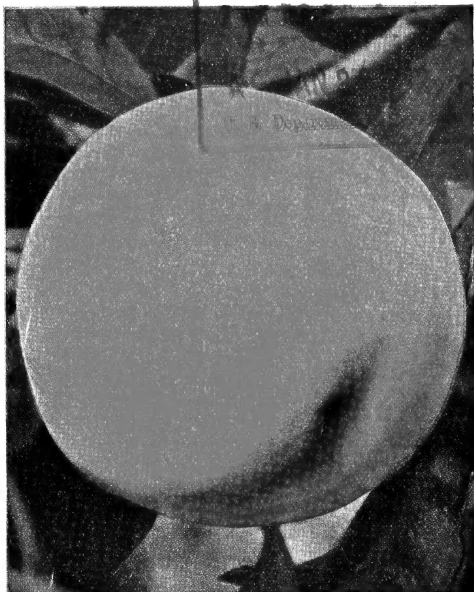
HOWARD FISHER PEACH (Plant Pat. No. 233)

Leads the Parade of Yellow Freestone Peaches

1941 Fruiting Season proved the Wide Adaptability of this new Peach. It should have a great future in the Peach Producing World.

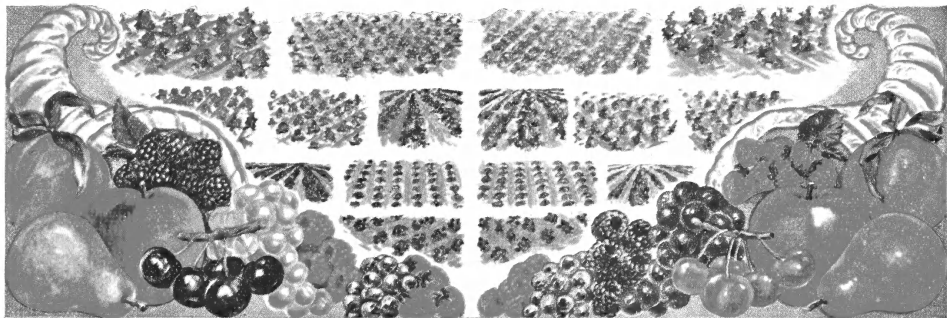
YOUR 1942 GUIDE
TO BETTER FRUITS AND MORE
BEAUTIFUL HOMES

***"The Farm is The Anchor That Will
Hold Through the Storms That
Sweep All Else Away"***



HALE HAVEN

One of the really great peaches to ripen before Elberta. Our Selected Strain Hale Haven trees are "Proven Money Makers". It has stood the Test in our Commercial Orchards and Markets.

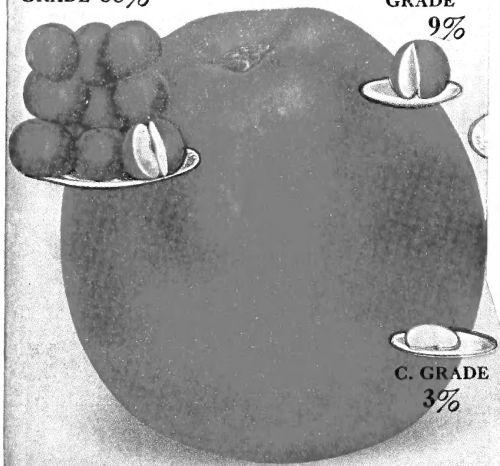


**ORCHARDS, VINEYARDS, AND BERRY FIELDS OF BOUNTIFUL RIDGE TREES AND PLANTS
TYPIFY THE HORN OF PLENTY**

**EXTRA FANCY
GRADE 88%**

**FANCY
GRADE
9%**

**C. GRADE
3%**

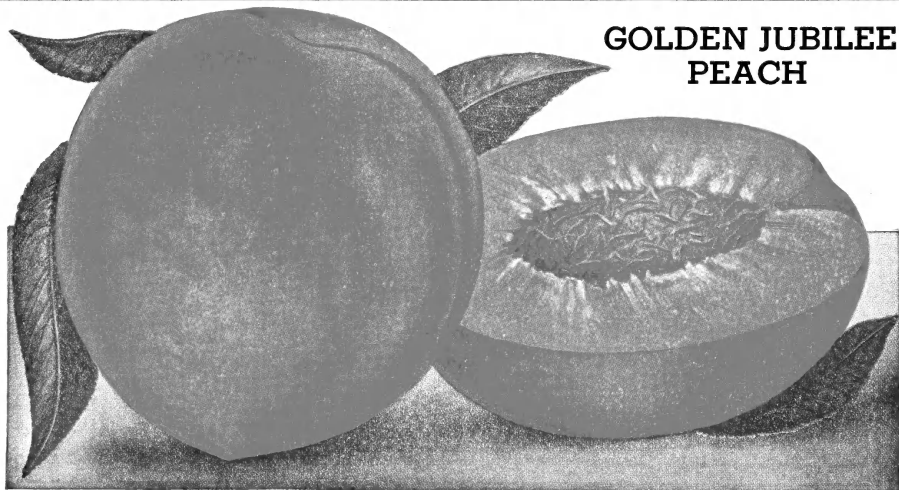


CONCORD BLUEBERRY ($\frac{1}{2}$ Actual Size)
The large cultivated Blueberry.
"Beautiful—Delicious—Profitable"

PLEASE NOTE!

With various stages of emergency existing and great shortages of many materials becoming more acute and prices on printing materials advancing: IN THE INTEREST OF COOPERATION AND ECONOMY WE MAY FIND IT DESIRABLE TO NOT ISSUE OUR REGULAR FALL PRICE LIST DURING THE FALL 1942. WE REQUEST THEREFORE THAT YOU CONSERVE THIS COPY OF OUR CATALOGUE AND ORDER ON THE BASIS OF PRICES LISTED FOR ALL PLANTING STOCK DESIRED FOR PLANTING DURING THE FALL OF 1942 UNLESS CONDITIONS WARRANT OUR ISSUING OUR REGULAR FALL PRICE LIST WHICH WILL NATURALLY CANCEL THE PRICES IN THIS CATALOGUE. WE HOPE FOR THE FULL CO-OPERATION OF ALL OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS IN THIS EXISTING EMERGENCY. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REVISE ALL PRICES LISTED IN THIS CATALOGUE OR ADD TO THESE PRICES ALL TAXES WHICH MAY BE IMPOSED ON US BY STATE OR FEDERAL AUTHORITY PERTAINING TO ITEMS LISTED, THEIR HANDLING AND SHIPPING, AS SUCH TAXES ARE IMPOSED AND WE DEEM IT NECESSARY. IN ALL CASES OUR CUSTOMERS WILL BE GIVEN NOTICE OF ANY SUCH CHANGES WHEN THEIR ORDER IS ACKNOWLEDGED. WE ADVISE ALL OUR CUSTOMERS TO PLACE THEIR ORDER AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE FOR THEIR PLANTING NEEDS AT PRICES NOW LISTED.

GOLDEN JUBILEE PEACH



A Proven Leader of Its Season and Ranks First in Profits to the Grower of Early Yellow Peaches

Travel Prosperity's Road - Plant Bountiful Ridge Trees, Plants, Ornamentals

**More Productive Orchards
and Berry Fields**



EDGAR H. KEMP
Assistant Manager

**More Profits
Better Living Conditions**



GEO. W. KEMP
General Manager



HOMER S. KEMP
Assistant Manager

TODAY . . and Then . . TOMORROW

In these troubled times, with Nation pitted against Nation in mortal conflict, may we as individuals and a Nation be given strength, courage and an untiring Will to go Forward—Ever Forward, building and preserving the Great Freedoms and Privileges endowed to us by our Great American Forefathers, and which only We, as citizens of this Great Nation, can Cherish and Appreciate. With our great Heritage we cannot and will not live and plan just for Today but shall always Look, Plan, and Work for our children and our Nation of Tomorrow.

We wish to extend to all our patrons and friends our sincere greetings and best wishes for the year 1942. Let us also express our deep appreciation for the orders which you continue to place with us year after year. Your continued loyalty is the motivating force that spurs us on to try and produce better and more dependable Nursery stock from year to year. We shall always try and produce the best Nursery stock your money can buy. We have been growing and selling Nursery stock through three generations of the Kemp Family covering a period of over 75 years and we believe this gives us a background of knowledge about our stock that few nurseries can point to. Our genuine interest and general knowledge of production methods and varieties make Bountiful Ridge Nurseries a source for Nursery stock and Information that will lead to greater success with your anticipated plantings.

It is natural that we shall be working under unusual conditions during this period of emergency just like every Farmer and business firm and none of us will in some cases be able to do just what we would like to do, we hope therefore to have your indulgence and cooperation as far as possible with our assurance that we will be working with all the strength and mind we have at our command to give our stock and all orders received the best attention humanly possible. We want your orders on the merits of our stock and we pledge ourselves to give you every service possible for us to render. **WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU ANTICIPATE YOUR PLANTING NEEDS AND PLACE YOUR ORDERS EARLY AS POSSIBLE TO ASSIST US IN GIVING BETTER SERVICE THIS YEAR.**

THE KEMP BOYS

We Present "THE FRUIT WORLD" of



PEACHES...

"The Queen of Fruits"

MARCHES ON!

IN A SUCCESSION OF RECENT OUTSTANDING INTRODUCTIONS AND IMPROVED "BOUNTIFUL" STRAINS OF OLD POPULAR VARIETIES.

NEVER IN THE HISTORY OF THE PEACH INDUSTRY HAS THE GROWER HAD SUCH A SUPERIOR LIST OF VARIETIES TO SELECT FROM TO MEET MODERN DAY DEMAND—A PEACH FOR EVERY SECTION—A PEACH FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

GROWING AND MARKETING CONDITIONS PROVE THE WISDOM OF FOLLOWING CLOSELY BOUNTIFUL RIDGE LISTINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

THRIFTY, TRUE TO NAME, DISEASE FREE TREES ARE THE FOUNDATION TO A
SUCCESSFUL ORCHARD

Bountiful Ridge Grown Peach Trees Are Better!

FACTS HAVE ESTABLISHED THEIR LEADERSHIP
IN GROWTH - ADAPTABILITY - PRODUCTIVENESS

The statements of Successful Growers prove the wisdom
of planting Bountiful Ridge Peach Trees.

2000 TREES BRING EXPRESSION OF SATISFACTION

Photograph to the right shows Mr. Emory F. Thomas, Martinsburg, W. Va. standing beside tree in his young peach orchard of 2000 trees.

Mr. Thomas states: "My Bountiful Ridge Peach trees have made a wonderful growth and I am very proud of them and don't believe there is an orchard anywhere can beat them, tree for tree".

His orchard is a fine example of the adaptability of Bountiful Ridge Peach Trees to varied soil and climatic conditions. Results such as this prove the superiority of Bountiful Ridge Grown Stock when given proper care.



America's Earliest Freestone Peach

ERLY-RED-FRE

U. S. PLANT PATENT NUMBER 320

Introduced, Grown and For Sale Exclusively by Bountiful Ridge Nurseries

"The Greatest Early Commercial, White Fleshed Peach of All Time; Standing With-out an Equal For Its Season".

Two and three year old trees bearing heavy crops in all Peach growing sections during the fruiting season of 1941 bring letter after letter of praise for Erly-Red-Fre from Texas to New York State and Canada — from the Carolinas to Washington State come these same reports— fruits and tree performance beyond every expectation.

Growers and Horticulturists marvel at its early ripening, its large size fruits, its beautiful color and shape, its superb quality. The thriftiness and early bearing habits of the tree, the trees' adaptability to varied climatic and soil conditions.

It is truly acclaimed "THE MARVEL of EARLY PEACHES".

The following letter is an example of the type letters we have received about the Erly-Red-Fre and we wish space permitted listing more.

Cunningham Farms
Lancaster, S. C.

July 10, 1941

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries
Princess Anne, Md.

Dear Sirs:

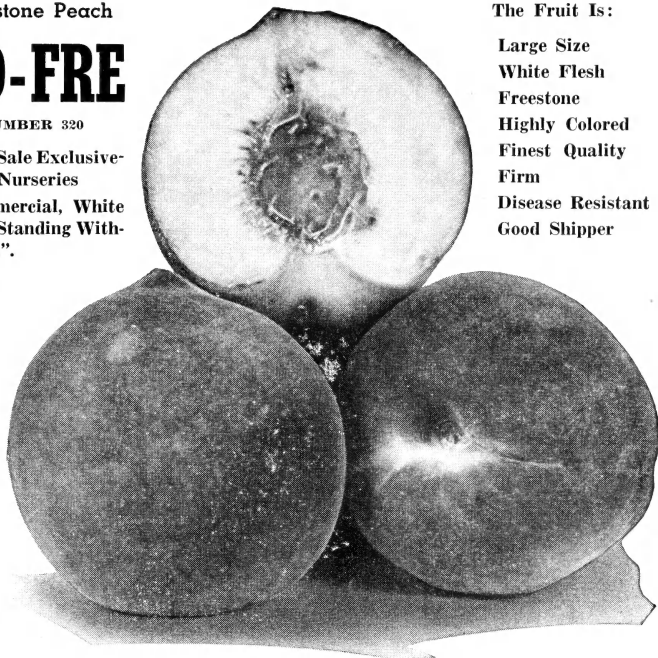
The Erly-Red-Fre's turned out as fine as 'SPLIT SILK'. I gave several samples away after they were tree ripened and every one to whom I gave samples came wanting to buy the peaches. The astounding part was the fact that some peaches which I had gathered rather green and was using on my roadside market ripened after four or five days and were good and sweet, one party saying, "he thought they were better and juicier than the tree ripened fruits." Everyone thinks they are fine and even now keep coming back and asking if I don't have more of the new peaches they bought week before last.

One thing I forgot to mention, some of the Erly-Red-Fre fruits attained as large a size as 3 inch, and I believe they would average 2½ inch or larger.

Yours very truly,
J. Roy Cunningham.

The Fruit Is:

Large Size
White Flesh
Freestone
Highly Colored
Finest Quality
Firm
Disease Resistant
Good Shipper



ERLY-RED-FRE FRUITS

RIPENS WITH RED BIRD; 3 to 4 WEEKS BEFORE GOLDEN JUBILEE;
6 to 7 WEEKS BEFORE ELBERTA

TREE REQUIRES (under definite test) LESS REST PERIOD THAN ELBERTA. GEORGIA AND OTHER FAR SOUTHERN STATES CAN PLANT ERLY-RED-FRE KNOWING THEY WILL HAVE REGULAR, HEAVY PRODUCTION.

THE ERLY-RED-FRE GIVES PROMISE OF "A NEW HOPE" IN THE EARLY PEACH INDUSTRY THROUGHOUT NORTH AMERICA.

ERLY-RED-FRE should entirely replace Early Rose, Mt. Rose, Uneeda, Red Bird and Greensboro in your orchard planting program.

Fruits of Erly-Red-Fre shipped 2000 miles or more by Express arrived in Perfect Condition.

We have never in all our experience as Nurserymen and Horticulturists seen a new peach with such wide adaptability and prove so universally satisfactory to grower and consumer excepting possibly the famous Elberta.

The ERLY-RED-FRE ripens uniformly, does not show bruises readily and will keep and ship better than ELBERTA. It is definitely the first ripening freestone peach now in cultivation to our knowledge, following closely the Mayflower and preceding the Golden Jubilee by several weeks.

The ERLY-RED-FRE originated as a chance seedling in the orchard of Wm. Perry near Chase City, Va. Our attention was first called to this splendid peach in 1935. The second generation trees bore in 1937 at 2 years of age, the fruits on these being identical with those on the Parent tree. The fruit is very highly colored with an attractive bright red on a creamy white background. The skin is tough and medium thick. The flesh of the peach is of such texture that it does not show bruises through the skin for several days after being bruised and is a clear white through to the pit. We believe this peach has one of the smallest pits of any cultivated peach we know of in existence. The fruit averages large for an early peach, some specimens weighing 12 ounces and the entire crop under normal conditions and care can be packed out 2¼" and up if desired. The tree is very vigorous, resistant to Bacteriosis, bears while very young.

NEW PRICES ON ERLY-RED-FRE

	1-9	10-49	50-299
5-6 ft., 11/16 up.....	\$1.00	\$.75	\$.45
4-5 ft., 9-11/16.....	.75	.45	.30
3-4 ft., 7-9/16.....	.55	.40	.25
2-3 ft., 5-7/16.....	.40	.30	.20
2-3 ft., ¼ to 5/16.....	.35	.25	.18
18-24 in. ....	.30	.20	.15

Write for
Prices on
Larger
Quantities

All prices are net f.o.b. Princess Anne, Md., unless on special quotations. NOTE—This variety is protected by U. S. Plant Patent and cannot be propagated by anyone other than Bountiful Ridge Nurseries for any purpose.



Plant Our Improved Strains of All Varieties For Greater Success

The FISHER Peach

U. S. PLANT PAT. NO. 233

The Fisher Peach Is Hardy
—Medium to Large Size—
Highly Colored With Handsome Appearance, Superior Quality and Shipping Ability.

The 1941 Fruiting Season Proved the Real Commercial Possibilities of the Fisher Peach. Expressions from Every Section Where it Fruited Praise its Productiveness, Quality, Beauty

Growers in All Peach Producing Areas Can Realize Its Possibilities. Step Up Your Yellow Peach Season by Planting Fisher Peach Trees This Year. Ripens 5 to 10 Days Before Golden Jubilee.

SEE COLOR ILLUSTRATION OF THE FISHER PEACH OUTSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

HISTORY OF THE FISHER PEACH

The FISHER peach was discovered as a bud sport of the VALIANT in August 1934 near Queenstown, Ontario, Canada. Mr. Fisher found these large, well formed peaches growing on a single limb of a Valiant tree in his orchard, being attracted to the peach from the fact that it was ripening fully three weeks before the Valiant peaches on the rest of the tree. Realizing the commercial possibilities of a peach of this type and season, Mr. Fisher's next concern was whether the fruit would carry through to succeeding generations. To test it as quickly as possible he top worked a two year old Valiant tree with 12 buds from the Sport limb the first week in September, 1934. The Parent limb again bore a heavy crop in 1935 and the peaches developed as they did in 1934. The Parent limb repeated with a fine crop in 1936 and the top worked tree set a crop which required thinning, the remaining peaches on the top worked tree developed exactly as those on the Parent limb.

Observations of the FISHER PEACH on fruiting trees in the TEST Orchards of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries near Princess Anne in 1941.

FISHER came through in our test orchard this year with a very heavy crop. Fruits sized up well; were very beautifully colored and handsome fruits. Observing this peach here and in other locations this year FISHER has proven its ability to fruit heavy on young trees, to size its fruits well, and the tree seems to adapt itself over wide areas but should have 60 ft. elevation or more and develops better on light soil with some

gravel or shale. The trees are vigorous and should have a well balanced fertilizer which will harden the fruits considerably for shipping to distant markets. WE BELIEVE TIME WILL PROVE THE FISHER HAS A DEFINITE PLACE IN OUR PEACH VARIETY LIST, ESPECIALLY FOR THE CENTRAL AND NORTHERN GROWER. ITS SIZE, BEAUTIFUL COLORING, HIGH QUALITY, THE FLESH BEING A CLEAR YELLOW FROM PIT TO SKIN AND ITS SEASON, RIPENING 10 DAYS BEFORE GOLDEN JUBILEE MAKES IT WORTHY OF CONSIDERATION BY EVERY PLANTER. WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND FISHER FOR TRIAL IN ALL COMMERCIAL PEACH SECTIONS.

WARNING: The Fisher peach is a patented variety which cannot be propagated for any purpose by anyone other than the authorized growers and distributors.

NEW PRICES ON FISHER PEACH TREES

Prices given are per tree.	1-9	10-49	50-299
5-6 ft., 11/16 up.....	\$1.00	\$.75	\$.45
4-5 ft., 9-11/16.....	.75	.45	.30
3-4 ft., 7-9/16.....	.55	.40	.25
2-3 ft., 5-7/16.....	.40	.30	.20
2-3 ft., 1/4 to 5/16.....	.35	.25	.15
18-24 inch.....	.30	.20	.18

All prices are net f.o.b. Princess Anne, Md. unless on special quotation.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

Two New Varieties Meet With Enthusiastic Support

Offered in our 1941 Fall Price List for First Time, our Entire Stock of about 14,000 Trees Sold in Less Than 90 Days After Price Lists Were Mailed.

RED HAVEN (5B)

It looks like another

"GREAT COMMERCIAL PEACH FROM SOUTH HAVEN EXPERIMENT STATION"
BEAUTIFUL COLOR, YELLOW FLESHED, FREE-STONE, VERY FIRM, RIPENS 8 DAYS BEFORE GOLDEN JUBILEE.

We congratulate those at South Haven Station on releasing to the peach world another variety which has every promise of becoming one of our great commercial peaches. RED HAVEN is a cross between Hale Haven and Kalhaven. We first observed this variety in 1939 and had our first fruits here in our test orchards this year. It colors a brilliant red and beautiful yellow. Skin is smooth, almost fuzzless, resembling J. H. Hale in color, skin and flesh. Flesh is very firm and fruits ripen uniformly. Tree is very vigorous with heavy bud set and bears young. Fruits medium size and well filled when ready to pick, stube being rather prominent until peach approaches picking period. Growers may be inclined to pick too early because of good color and should watch this and when trees set too heavy thinning should be practiced to increase size of the fruits. Trees are proving satisfactory in test plantings over a wide area. IT IS A PEACH EVERY GROWER SHOULD WATCH AND MAKE TRIAL PLANTINGS OF AS A COMMERCIAL PEACH TO PRECEDE THE GOLDEN JUBILEE AND HALE HAVEN.

NOTE:—We are entirely sold out of REDHAVEN and GEMMERS LATE ELBERTA Trees for shipment during the Spring season of 1942. We could not foresee the enthusiastic acceptance by the planters of these two promising varieties and therefore our supply of both varieties will be somewhat limited for delivery during Fall 1942 and Spring 1943. We recommend you place orders early for these varieties.

GEMMERS LATE ELBERTA (15B)

Beautiful color, large size, excellent quality, fine shipping and keeping ability combine in GEMMERS LATE ELBERTA to make it one of the most promising varieties we have ever observed to follow the Elberta season.

Originating in the orchards of Mr. Conrad Gemmer, Sussex, N. J., we have observed this peach for several years and it seems superior in appearance, size, quality and shipping ability to any other peach we now have to follow Elberta. It is a typical Elberta in fruit and tree characteristics. It ripens 10 to 12 days after Elberta, just following Shippers Late Red and before Lizzie and Salberta. There is a place here for a good Elberta type peach and we believe Gemmers Late Elberta will fill it. N. J. Experiment Station has grown Gemmers for several years and seem favorably impressed with its performance at New Brunswick. Fruits are very uniform, large, well colored with a brilliant red on an attractive golden yellow, almost fuzzless, having a smooth tough skin. Flesh very firm, being slightly tinged with red about the pit but red does not extend into the golden yellow flesh. Originating at Sussex, N. J., well up in the Mountains where many varieties of peaches fail to stand their climatic conditions should recommend GEMMERS as a hardy variety both in tree and bud. WE RECOMMEND "GEMMERS LATE ELBERTA" FOR TRIAL IN ALL PEACH SECTIONS WHERE YOU WISH TO CONTINUE THE ELBERTA SEASON WITH A REAL PEACH.

Peach Growing Has Proven One of America's Best Paying Crops!

Are You Planting to Maintain Your Production?

Proper Variety and Tree Selection Will Lead to Quicker Results and Greater Profits

**THE WORLD'S MOST EMINENT AUTHORITY
ON TREE IDENTIFICATION HAS INSPECTED
BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PEACH TREES FOR
TRUENESS TO NAME.**

**We Use Every Care Humanly Possible to Insure
All Bountiful Ridge Grown Fruit Trees
Are True to Variety Name.**

**STATEMENT OF INSPECTION FOR
TRUENESS TO NAME**

Vineland, Ontario, July 26, 1941

To Whom It May Concern:

It is impossible to positively distinguish all varieties of peaches in the nursery row but Bountiful Ridge Nurseries' saleable peach trees have been examined in the summer of 1941 and are thought to be true to name.

W. H. Upshall



Photograph shows Dr. Upshall (center), along with Mr. Edgar Kemp (left) and Mr. Homer Kemp (right) in our block of 1 year old peach. This block contains over one-half million peach trees and Dr. Upshall has examined every row in this field for trueness to name. Dr. Upshall has been doing variety identification work on peach for many years and his time is very limited to this class of work, and we feel exceedingly fortunate in being able to have our trees examined by such an authority on variety identification by leaf and growth characteristics. Our trees this year are as fine as it is possible to grow.

NOTE

Ripening order of varieties designated by bracketed numbers after name. Varieties overlapping in ripening season indicated by sub-letter. Example: Elberta and Hale are about same season and are designated by numbers 13 and 13A.

EARLY VARIETIES

MAYFLOWER (1) Earliest peach known. Dark red all over; beautiful appearance. Carries well to market. Blooms very late crop never entirely cut off by late frosts. Size medium, quality good. Semi-cling.

MIKADO (2) The Mikado is again being given a great deal of publicity as a hardy, productive, early yellow peach ripening about one week after Mayflower or six weeks before Elberta. The tree is of medium size and vigor and should be interplanted with other varieties for cross-pollination. The fruit is medium in size, round, semi-cling, attractive yellow and blushed with red. Quality is very good.

RED BIRD (Early Wheeler) (3) Earliness, high color and productiveness make it very valuable. Cling, very large. Creamy white overspread with a bright, glowing red. Good shipper.

ERLY-RED-FRE (3a) See outside back cover for natural Kodachrome color illustration. Full description on page 3.

"A PERSONAL MESSAGE"

I have personally observed our peach trees we have this year through the planting of the seed, budding, growing them to maturity, ready for the planter and I say without hesitancy that our block of over one half million peach trees this year is one of the finest large lots of peach trees I have ever seen. Their straight bodies, thrifty healthy color and fine root system just cannot be matched. They are ready to give you service and real cooperation for quick results. No Nursery can grow trees like these every year. I ask that you consider extending your plantings this year with this excellent stock and while prices are low.

Homer Kemp, Asst. Mgr.

Prices on Peach Trees

Prices given are per tree.	1-9	10-49	50-299
5 to 6', 11/16" and up.....	\$.70	\$.60	\$.40
4 to 5', 9/16" to 11/16".....	.40	.35	.25
3 to 4', 7/16" to 9/16".....	.35	.30	.20
2 to 3', 5/16" to 7/16".....	.25	.20	.15
2 to 3', 1/4 to 5/16".....	.20	.15	.12
18 to 24".....	.15	.12	.10

Write For Prices on Larger Quantities.

All prices are net f.o.b. Princess Ave, Md.

THESE PRICES APPLY ON ALL VARIETIES EXCEPT ERLY-RED-FRE AND FISHER.

NOTE—All of our Peach Trees are graded both as to caliber and height, which insures you of having a uniform tree, and are worth more than trees sold on the basis of height only.

GREENSBORO (Semi-Cling) (4)

Large yellow with splashes of bright red; highly colored; flesh white, very juicy and of good quality. Hardy, early.

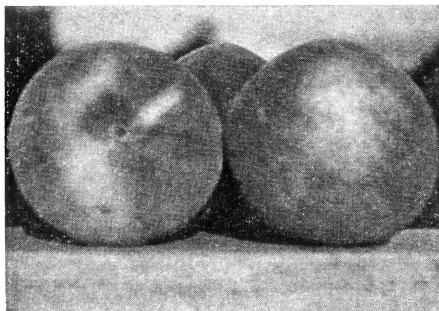
EARLY ROSE (5) White, cling peach of very good color and quality. Our trees are grown from special selected strain as found in a large orchard of North Carolina. This variety is a favorite of the Southern peach grower as it nearly always has a crop and makes them money.

FISHER PEACH (5a) See front cover for natural Kodachrome color illustration. Full description on page 4.

REDHAVEN (5B). For description see page 4.

ORIOLE (6) Introduced by New Jersey experiment station in 1925, an early yellow Freestone peach ripens a few days ahead of Cumberland. Fruit medium size, yellow in color, blushed with red and notable for fine quality. Tree is vigorous and productive. The fruit buds are very resistant to cold and will grow where others fail in northern sections. A fine peach for local markets.

CUMBERLAND (6a) A N. J. Station product. Greensboro. The tree is a vigorous grower and hardy as Carman. The fruit larger than Georgia Belle, attractively colored with red, oval in shape. The flesh is white, almost free, firmer and better than Carman or Alton. Ripens just before Carman. Cumberland continues to gain in popularity in all peach sections on account of its fine appearance and ability to crop. Recommended to replace Carman.



THE COLORA PEACH

GOLDEN JUBILEE (6b)

A PROVEN MONEY MAKER

No General Planting of Peaches is Complete Without A Liberal Amount of Golden Jubilee Trees. See Color Illustration Inside Cover Page.

A development of the New Jersey Experiment Station, first offered by us during the Fall shipping season of 1928. Planted and producing in every peach producing section of the United States and Canada and stands without an equal as an early, yellow, freestone peach of exceptional quality. The Golden Jubilee is a second generation seedling of the Elberta crossed with the Greensboro. The tree is unusually hardy. The buds resist low winter temperatures better than Elberta and open later than Elberta which insures a regular crop. The blossoms are self-fertile. The peach is medium to large in size. The peach develops better if a well balanced fertilizer is used. As the tree grows older the fruit becomes firmer and develops more naturally. It proved to be the best money-making peach this year. Ripens about four to five weeks before Elberta.

CARMAN (6c) Large, creamy white with deep blush; skin tough, making it a good market variety; flesh tender, juicy, fine flavor. Tree semi-cling.

TRIOGEM (N.J. 70) (6d) An early, oval, red all over, firm, yellow freestone peach ripening usually about two days after Golden Jubilee or 20 to 25 days before Elberta. The trees are medium in size, hardy and heavy bearers. Trees require good soil and good culture for best results.

RADIANCE (7) A N. J. Station product. A seedling of Belle crossed with Greensboro. A large, oval, white-fleshed freestone similar in form to Belle of Georgia; good quality and color. Ripens with Carman. It is proving a very good variety.

FAIR BEAUTY (7a)

HARDINESS—GREAT BEAUTY—HIGH QUALITY

recommend this peach for most all sections. Unrivaled as an early canning variety.

An early peach following Golden Jubilee three to five days. Tree vigorous, spreading, very hardy in bud, often producing a crop when other varieties are winter killed. Fruit is medium to large in size, skin a deep golden yellow blushed with bright red, the flesh is firm, tender, melting and juicy. Fruit hangs exceptionally well to tree and when full ripe is a perfect freestone, clinging slightly when the peach is hard ripe, an excellent market and canning peach which is adapted to both commercial and home use. It is recognized in the South as a superior early yellow canning peach. We strongly recommend this peach for trial as a commercial variety. The Fair Beauty originated near Tyler, Texas and in trial plantings shows its adaptability to central and eastern growing conditions.

NEWDAY (N.J. 79) (7b) A large, oval, yellow-fleshed peach which begins to ripen a few days after Triogem. The tree is somewhat more vigorous and the fruit averages larger which makes the variety somewhat easier to grow for market. The fruit is showy, firm in texture and hangs to the tree well. It is not always a freestone but this has not apparently affected the market demand.

FIREGLOW (N.J. 71) (7c) A large oval, yellow-fleshed peach which begins to ripen a few days after Golden Jubilee. The fruit is firm and ripens slowly after being picked. Develops color early and is an all over attractive red. Quality very good. Tree is somewhat tender in wood and bud and is recommended for planting in South Jersey and more southern latitudes. It is a freestone.

ROCHESTER (8) Large yellow and red peach, and exquisite flavor. Flesh yellow, of fine quality, and stone very small and will ship well as Elberta. The tree comes into bearing when very young, is a strong, upright grower, and is hardy as an oak.

MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

COLORA PEACH (9)

Possibly The Most Outstanding Hardy, Early, Yellow Freestone Peach in Cultivation.

Tree and Buds Stand Low Temperatures Where Other Varieties Fail.

High Color, Superb Quality, Size and A Market Leader Are Reasons Why You Should Plant Colora This Year. Introduced In 1936.

Our own introduction of a new frost resistant, yellow freestone peach. Second generation trees as well as the original branch have withstood temperatures during the past winters of about 17 degrees below zero, when most other varieties such as Elberta, Hiley Belle, Belle of Georgia, Early Elberta and J. H. Hale were wiped out by these low temperatures. The peach is an attractive yellow, freestone well-colored and of excellent quality, ripening about 15 to 20 days before Elberta. In size, it is about the same as Elberta. We believe these plantings will find this a valuable variety for planting in cold areas.

NEW EARLY HILEY (9a) A new strain of this famous peach originating in Georgia. Has all the characteristics of its famous parent, but is a full week earlier in ripening.

GOLDEN GLOBE (N.J. 73) (9b)

Where the market demands a large peach this variety meets that demand. It is a very large, showy yellow peach of delicious flavor, ripening about 20 days before Elberta. The flesh ripens rather slowly and the fruit hangs well to the tree making it valuable for roadside and nearby markets. The tree is vigorous, upright and spreading. Fruit buds are somewhat tender under certain conditions. Usually a freestone.

VEDETTE (9c)

A Peach of Proven Merit Adapting Itself To Southern Peach Areas.

Size, High Color, Excellent Quality and Shipping Ability Establish the Vedette As One of the Leading Peaches to Follow the Colora.

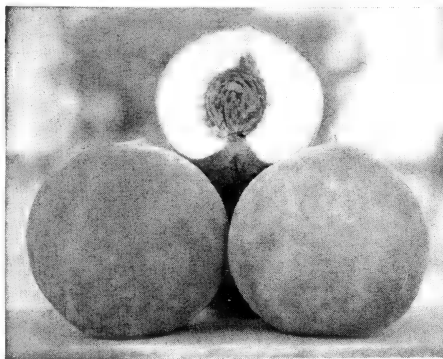
A product of the Vineland Experimental Station, in Canada, proving unusually well adapted in the various peach growing sections of the United States. A seedling of Elberta, resembling that variety in color and type of flesh, but is more globular in shape, more highly colored, and of much finer quality. The fruit is of large size, yellow fleshed, freestone. The tree is vigorous, very hardy, comes into bearing early and is very productive. The Vedette is proving very satisfactory in trial plantings near Columbia and Clemson, South Carolina, as well as other peach growing sections of the Central and Eastern States. The fruit is firm and a good shipper, ripening about one week after Golden Jubilee. A fine peach that promises to be a real money-maker for the Southern Planter as well as other sections, replacing the old Hiley with a larger, better quality, yellow, freestone, productive peach.

SUNHIGH (N.J. 82) (9d) A large, red, bright, smooth peach which colors well all over before it ripens, softens slowly making it a good commercial peach. Flesh inclines to adhere to the pit when hard ripe but is generally freestone. The tree is spreading in growth and the dormant buds are hardy. The variety seems to do best in hilly sections and requires thorough summer spraying.



HALE HAVEN (10)

North—South—East—and West Join In Acclaiming This Great Peach. Hailed by Many and Conceded to Be "The Greatest Peach of All Time For Its Season."



HALE HAVEN

We Endorse and Recommend This Great Peach To Growers in All Sections Where Size, Color, Quality and Shipping Ability Are Paramount Considerations.

We know of no Peach of recent introduction that is proving so universally satisfactory as the Hale Haven. It has proved an unchallenged leader of peaches to follow the Golden Jubilee, Colora, Vedette. The tree is a strong thrifty grower resistant to common peach diseases, the fruit is large, oval shaped like a well grown J. H. Hale. It has a good tough skin, the flesh of the peach being of such texture that it will not bruise easily and best of all it has a beautiful, handsome red color that at once attracts the buyer and a flavor that is as good as the very best. The Hale Haven is a product of South Haven Experimental Station, in Michigan. Note the success of this variety in test plantings in the South. The South can now grow a large, yellow peach in place of the old Hiley that will bring much higher prices on the markets. Wherever you are located you cannot go wrong by planting liberally of the Hale Haven. **BE SURE YOU ARE BUYING THE TRUE STRAIN OF HALE HAVEN TREES WHEN YOU PLANT. BUY BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN HALE HAVEN TREES.**

SOUTH HAVEN (10a) Introduced by the South Haven Experimental Station and proving hardy and an excellent peach. The tree is very thrifty and productive. The peach is of Elberta type, ripening from 12 to 16 days before Elberta. While not as good a shipper as Elberta we believe it will carry satisfactory to markets within a radius of 700 miles. It is a freestone, yellow fleshed peach which colors up well and ripens its crop over a period of about ten days which makes it especially desirable for local and road stand markets.

DIXGOLD (10b)

A YELLOW FLESHED SEEDLING OF THE FAMOUS HILEY

Developed by the U.S.D.A. at Ft. Valley, Ga., as an open pollinated seedling of Hiley. Tree has many characteristics of the parent, being very vigorous in growth habits and so far has been resistant to bacteriosis. Requires very short rest period. Flowers self-fertile. Fruit averages larger than Hiley, is a freestone and ripens 4 to 5 days earlier than Hiley. The flesh has fair to good quality, medium firmness and good texture. It colors a deep lemon yellow overlaid with a blush of red on one side. The relative low demand for winter cold makes DIXGOLD very desirable for southern peach growing regions, and other sections where Hiley does well.

Our trees are propagated from wood of the original tree.

HILEY BELLE (Hiley) (11) A medium sized white fleshed freestone peach with beautiful red blush and tough skin. The flesh is juicy and tender. For many years the South's greatest early commercial peach.

SLAPPY (Improved) (11a) We are propagating a selected strain of Slappy that we consider superior to the original Slappy variety. The peach seems to average larger, much higher colored, and the tree seems very vigorous, otherwise it is a typical Slappy in every way. The Slappy is a yellow freestone peach of very good quality, ripening about the same time as Hiley Belle. It is especially suitable for nearby markets where quality and appearance count.

VALIANT (11b)

One of the so-called V varieties introduced by the Vineland Experimental Station, Vineland, Ontario, Canada. The Valiant is a seedling of Elberta and as it comes into fruiting over a wide area it is proving its right to a place in our peach planting program. It is possibly the largest of the V varieties, globular in shape and very attractively colored with bright red over a rich yellow. It has exceptional quality and holds up well in shipping to not too distant markets. It ripens just after the Vedette and about with the Hale Haven, being very similar in shape to the Hale Haven, the distinguishing factor being the shape of the apex. The tree and fruit is more subject to fungus diseases than the Vedette and we do not recommend the Valiant for far southern planting where hot, humid atmospheric conditions exist. It is a close rival of the Hale Haven in the central and northern districts and is preferred by some growers. It seems to be very hardy and productive. We can surely recommend the Valiant as one of the better peaches to precede the Elberta season.

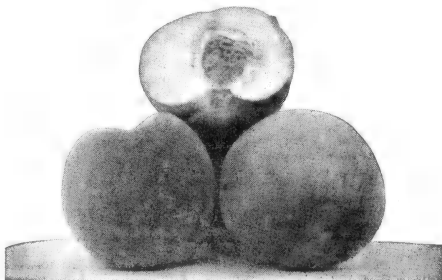
GOLDEN EAST (N.J. 87) (11c) A large, oval, firm, melting, highly colored, yellow fleshed peach ripening with Hiley or about 15 days before Elberta. Usually a freestone. A promising variety for sites south of central New Jersey where favorable elevations, soil and climate prevail. The tree is upright, spreading and vigorous. The dormant buds are medium in hardness. Worthy of trial in all sections.

ECLIPSE (11d) A self-pollinated seedling of Belle. A dark red, yellow-fleshed freestone peach of firm texture and good flavor, ripening with Hiley. Size equal to Hiley, tree more vigorous. Fruit oval, flesh fine grained; excellent shipper; hangs to the tree well. Recommended as a variety to replace Hiley.

CHAMPION (11e) Large, round, quite regulated with red on sunny side; flesh yellowish-white, mottled with red; firm texture and good flavor, ripening with Hiley. One of the best in quality and a general favorite of great hardiness. A freestone.

VETERAN (11f) A cross between Vaughan and Early Elberta; of Canadian origin. The fruit is large, round, yellow fleshed, freestone and superior to Elberta in quality. Ripens a few days after Valiant.

KALHAVEN (12) Originated in Michigan and is a cross between J. H. Hale and Kalamazoo. The trees are hardy, vigorous and fast growing, appearing to be resistant to the common peach diseases. The fruits are medium size, very attractive in appearance and are freestone. In shape they are ovate to round and carry a brilliant blush overlaid on a creamy yellow. They are high in edible quality, firm and of fine texture.



Actual Photograph of Valiant peaches picked from trees in test block of Bountiful Ridge Nurseries summer 1939.



No Finer Peach Trees Ever Grew Than Our Stock This Year



THE VELETTE PEACH: High quality, disease resistance, adaptation over wide producing area, hardiness, shipping ability and beautiful coloring combine to make the Velette one of the very good peaches to follow Jubilee. See description on page 6.

Sullivan's Early Elberta (12 α)

A new bud sport of the famous Elberta, ripening a full seven days ahead of its parent.

The variety found as a bud sport in the orchard of Mr. P. J. Sullivan at Zebulon, Ga. The tree and fruit characteristics were found to be identical with Elberta. Sullivan's Early Elberta is being planted extensively throughout Georgia and adjoining states. Our trees are propagated from the original strain.

EARLY ELBERTA (12b)

A Great Commercial Peach Ripening Just Before Regular Elberta.

Where Quality—Size—Productiveness and Beauty Are Desired, Plant Our Old Original Strain of Early Elberta. There is a difference.

A great commercial peach in the Central and Northern peach producing areas where the markets are not too distant and quality is a deciding factor. One of the most beautiful of the Elberta type peaches. A very large, attractively colored, yellow flushed, freestone peach ripening with Belle of Georgia or from 3 to 8 days before the regular Elberta. The highest quality peach of all the Elberta types grown commercially. The trees are hardy, thrifty and bear consistently. The deep lemon yellow colored skin, blushed with bright red makes it very attractive and the peach retains a beautiful golden yellow color after being canned. IF YOUR MARKET DEMANDS QUALITY AND BEAUTY PLANT THE EARLY ELBERTA. Our trees are propagated from the old original strain of Early Elberta.

PRIMROSE (12e) A seedling of Belle crossed with Elberta. A large yellow fleshed freestone of good quality, ripening with Belle of Georgia. Recommended as a yellow fleshed variety to replace Belle and precede Elberta in home orchards and it is proving worthy of planting on a commercial basis for nearby markets.

SUMMERCREST (N. J. 94) (12d)

A large, oval freestone peach of fine quality, ripening with Georgia Belle. The flesh is a deep golden yellow, melting and sweet. Tree is exceptionally vigorous, requiring light soil and very little nitrogen. Summercrest is hardy as J. H. Hale and adapted to regions having a climate similar to central and southern New Jersey.

BELLE OF GEORGIA (12e)

The White Peach That Has Stood the Test of Time and Stands Today as the Leader of All White Peaches of Its Season Adapted to Large Commercial Plantings in All Peach Producing Areas.

Fruit large, bright attractive red almost covering the peach with white background. Flesh white, highly flavored and very firm and known universally as one of the best shipping white peaches in cultivation. Tree very vigorous, hardy and productive. Are you planting to supply the demand for a good white peach? Plant Belle of Georgia. A freestone.

Peaches to Plant

Quality - Appearance - Productive

WE PRESENT ONE OF THE GREATEST SUCCESSIONS OF HIGH QUALITY PEACHES THE PLANTER HAS EVER HAD THE OPPORTUNITY OF BUYING. PLANTING THESE VARIETIES MEANS GREATER SUCCESS IN PEACH GROWING.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| ** Early-Red-Fire | ** Sunhigh |
| ** Fisher Peach | ** Early Elberta |
| ** Redhaven | ** Belle Georgia |
| ** Golden Jubilee | ** Elberta |
| ** Cumberland | ** J. H. Hale |
| ***Colora | ** Gage Elberta |
| ** Pairs Beauty | ** Brackett |
| ** Vedette | ** Shippers Late Red |
| ** Halcaven | ** Gemmers Late Elberta |
| ** Valiant | ** Lizzie |

VARIETIES LISTED IN ORDER OF RIPENING

- ** Indicates—Commercial varieties, with average hardiness, for distant markets as well as nearby markets.
- ** Indicates—Hardy varieties as well as good commercial varieties.
- *** Indicates—Extremely hardy commercial varieties of superior merit.

ELBERTA (13)

The Famous Elberta Peach Continues To Be America's Leading Commercial Peach!

The Peach With A Pedigree—and The Worlds Greatest Money Making Peach.

Year after Year This Great Peach Brings A Smile of Satisfaction to the Growers Countenance.

Years of Propagation Have Produced Many Inferior Strains of This Famous Peach and Are Responsible For Much Unjust Criticism of Quality and Type.

Plant Bountiful Ridge Selected True Strain Elberta For Greater Profits and Consumer Satisfaction.

Without question the greatest commercial peach ever introduced. It has proven its ability to adapt itself to varied climatic and soil conditions throughout the U. S. and Canada, whether the climate is hot or cold, whether the soil is light sand or heavy clay, Elberta can be depended on to give you fine results. There is no prettier peach when grown under ideal conditions.

The tree is hardy, disease resistant, very thrifty and very productive under most conditions. The fruit is large to very large, a freestone, skin a deep golden yellow and highly colored. The skin is tough and the flesh, while tender and juicy, is of such texture that the ELBERTA IS FAMOUS FOR ITS ABILITY TO CARRY TO DISTANT MARKETS. The quality is classed as good, and the slight bitter flavor is preferred by many. It is estimated that 50% of all peaches planted are Elberta. As improved types and varieties are introduced this ratio is lowered but after all is said ELBERTA STILL REMAINS THE WORLD'S LEADING COMMERCIAL PEACH. We are propagating our Elberta trees from selected orchards of great bearing records and to the old original type Elberta.

J. H. HALE (13a) A description will hardly do justice to this fine variety. In size it is one-third to one-half larger than the Elberta and is more highly colored. The skin is deep crimson, smooth, tight, and without fuzz. Flesh is golden yellow, firm, and has a most delicious flavor. The pit separates easily from the flesh. It is exceptionally valuable as a commercial peach, owing to its unusual keeping qualities. Will ship nearly as well as an apple. Fruit ripens a few days before the Elberta, but it will hang on the tree longer. Your planting is incomplete without it. **Note**—The J. H. Hale does not have an entirely perfect bloom, and to get the best results it should be planted with some other variety.

AFTERGLOW (N.J. 84) (13b) Usually ripens 3 to 5 days after Elberta therefore often meets good strong markets. Fruits are large, round, oval in shape and almost completely overspread with red. The flesh is yellow stained with red about the pit and is free. The trees are vigorous and rapid growers, the fruit buds appear more hardy than J. H. Hale where observed. Recommended for trial in most districts.



SHIPPER'S LATE RED (14)

Fast Becoming A Favorite Wherever Planted.

Hard To Equal As A Large, Productive, Handsome Peach To Follow Elberta.

A large, very high colored attractive red, yellow fleshed freestone and good quality peach, of distinct Hale type. Ripens just after Elberta and J. H. Hale. A good shipping peach, extremely productive, very hardy and its beauty and size enables it to bring top prices on the markets. This splendid variety should be planted more extensively as we know of no variety we can recommend more highly for a peach to follow the Elberta.

Much confusion exists regarding the various strains of this variety. We are growing the true type as determined by comparison with fruit in U. S. D. A. test orchards, which is known as the Hale type.

GAGE ELBERTA (14a)

A Disease Resistant Bud Sport of The Famous Elberta Peach, Which We Can Recommend Highly.

This splendid peach originated in the orchards of Mr. John Gage near Texico, Illinois. Recommended for resistance to bacterium pruni. The tree grows thrifty as the Elberta and looks much like the old time Elberta. Gage Elberta blooms from two to four days after Elberta and apparently has a very strong blossom setting a crop of fruit under unfavorable conditions. The fruit is so near the Elberta that only an expert can distinguish the difference. It ripens two to three days later than Elberta.

This variety is proving well adapted to Southern conditions in the trial planting at Columbia and Clemson, South Carolina and is to be preferred over the Elberta in many respects.

Very favorable reports are coming to us from Va., Dela., Penna., N. J., Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois on the Gage Elberta and some large orchardists are planting it in preference to the Elberta in large quantities.

THE BRACKETT PEACH (14b)

This is a comparatively new variety in some sections, but has been tried and proven one of the most profitable peaches in the South. Its season is about five days after Elberta, with a beautiful orange-yellow skin tinged with carmine. Flesh is a deep yellow and much higher flavored than Elberta. This peach sizes up well under heavy crops and is equal to Elberta as a shipper. A perfect freestone.

MEDIUM LATE VARIETIES

HOPE FARM (15) Introduced by us in 1925 originating on Hope Farm, Bergen County, New Jersey. A large, white-fleshed freestone peach of superior quality. Follows Elberta about five days in ripening. Partially self-fertile. Extremely hardy in bud. Proving a favorite in Northern Districts.

WILMA (15a) A very large, late, yellow freestone peach. Somewhat round in shape, nicely colored and good quality. It ripens from ten days to two weeks after Elberta and is the true type of Wilma peach. Tree hardy, thrifty and productive.

GEMMERS LATE ELBERTA (15b). For description see page 4.

CRAWFORD'S LATE (16) Large roundish-oval, yellow with broad red cheeks; flesh yellow with red at pit; melting, vinous and very good.

ROBERTA (16a) A variety that is becoming justly popular. Very similar to Elberta in all respects except its season, which is a week to ten days later. Our original buds of this variety came from the orchards of Mr. Roberts, Moorestown, N. J. An excellent variety to follow Elberta season.

IRON MOUNTAIN (17) Free, white, medium to large size, egg-shaped; color pure white, with slight blush; good quality; good keeper; very regular bearer.

LIZZIE (17a)

SIZE—FIRMNESS—FINE COLOR—EXCELLENT
QUALITY COMBINE TO MAKE THIS PEACH A
FAVORITE TO FOLLOW ELBERTA SEASON

The origin of this peach has not been fully determined, yet it has been very successfully grown by commercial orchardists of New Jersey, Connecticut and in several southern states. It is a distinct Elberta type peach, very large, freestone, having a fine yellow flesh and the peach ripens slowly after being taken off the tree. It ripens from 8 to 12 days after Elberta, colors well with a handsome red over a deep yellow undertone. The tree is thrifty, hardy, heavy bearer of regular crops. Some growers consider it the best of our present list of late peaches to follow Elberta.

SALBERTA (18) A large late yellow freestone peach of distinct Elberta type with good color and quality. Very similar to Roberta only ripens a week later. Can be recommended as a late Elberta type peach.

HEATH CLING (Cling) (18a) Very large, creamy-white with delicate red blush; flesh white, slightly red at the pit; tender, juicy, and sweet; a valuable sort for canning and one that commands fancy prices in all markets.

VERY LATE VARIETIES

SALWAY (Free) (19) Large, roundish, deep cheeks; flesh yellow, firm and juicy and sugary; trees are strong growers and bear plentiful crops. A late market sort.

KRUMMEL'S OCTOBER (20) A magnificent peach; the most prolific and best late yellow freestone, which ripens after Salway, or six weeks after Elberta. Medium large, almost round, deep yellow with a dark carmine blush; very firm, fine texture.

TREES BEAR SECOND YEAR

Raleigh, N. C., January 10, 1941

Gentlemen:

In January or February, 1939, I bought from you several Apple trees which were at that time 2 years old, and I thought you would be interested to know that among them was one Yellow Transparent which produced 2 nice size apples. There were five blooms, two of which dropped off early, three apples got to be as big as walnuts, one dropped off and the other two matured, and I want to tell you they were delicious. All other trees are progressing beautifully.

W. P. McGehee

COMPLIMENTS OUR STOCK

Troy, Alabama, December 10, 1941

Dear Sirs:

The trees ordered from you on the third came today and while I am not keen to compliment one, I cannot resist the urge to write and thank you for the manner in which you handled this my initial order. I have been buying and planting trees for the past thirty years but never have I received stock at all comparable to this that you have sent me.

The trees are splendid in every respect, and with the care that I'll give them, I am sure that we shall be blessed with much fine fruit.

Robert S. Gallerstedt



BOUNTIFUL RIDGE HALE HAVEN TREES 32 MONTHS AFTER PLANTING HAVE AVERAGE SPREAD OF 12 ft. and HEIGHT OF 10 ft. and produced 1 1/4 Bu. PEACHES ON SOME TREES THEIR THIRD GROWING SEASON. THIS IS A LIVING EXAMPLE OF THE ADAPTABILITY OF BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN YEARLING TREES AND THE HALE HAVEN VARIETY.

WHY IT PAYS TO PLANT BOUNTIFUL

Our Own Bud Wood and Testing Orchard



GOOD HARDY STOCK AND GOOD CARE—SATISFACTION.

Oct. 23, 1941

Dear Mr. Kemp:

Enclosed find a photo of the Bountiful Ridge trees which I purchased two years ago and planted on November 22, 1939. To show their relative size I had my five foot two daughter Caroline included.

Since these were only $3\frac{1}{2}$ - 5" 8-9/16 trees when planted I believe you will agree that they have made a fine growth. However, I am not writing you because of that but for another reason, to wit: Here is concrete evidence of results to be obtained by fall planting in this latitude. I took your advice to plant in the fall with some misgiving. I did plant, however, and killed the trees as instructed, then waited to see how many would freeze out. Imagine my despair when the following Jan. (1940) was the coldest in the history of the local weather bureau. Many many days below zero and several at twelve below. Almost all peach buds were frozen. And yet every last tree came through the winter unscathed.

Sincerely,
S. C. Britton,
Dayton, Ohio

proved fruits. This branch of our service takes us into most every fruit producing section, traveling thousands of miles each year, calling upon hundreds of fruit and berry growers as well as State Experimental Stations and various experimental stations of the U. S. D. A. From these visits we gather information and the findings of the most competent growers and horticulturists in the U.S. We can observe new fruits, varied and new practices in the Horticulture world and classify them on their true merits.

We are endeavoring to make our nursery and our test orchards proving grounds for many of our findings, often giving our patrons the benefits of this research work years in advance of other sources. Rest assured New Varieties and new practices will be passed on to you only after through study and proven practical value.

Dec. 2, 1940

Dear Sir:

The order of trees I got from you was fine. I had them all set out by the last of November. This makes me an orchard of 5000 trees. Am sending pictures of some of my trees at 2 yrs. of age. These trees were planted in an old pasture in strips 16 ft. each way, also cultivated them for two years. At two yrs. of age they were 5 ft. in height, had a spread of 6 to 8 ft. Out of the order I got from you there wasn't six bruised trees. Will certainly speak a kind word for you wherever I can.

Very respectfully,
Charles Bitzer,
Elm Grove, W. Va.

We point with pride to the enviable record Bountiful Ridge grown trees and plants have established in fruiting true to variety. This is one of the Nurseryman's greatest problems and few if any Nurserymen have made a closer study of variety characteristics of the different species of fruits than we here at Bountiful Ridge. Our long production experience and constant study of different types, has given us knowledge of varieties that can be gained in no other way. Few realize how essential this practical experience is where a Nursery such as Bountiful Ridge is producing Hundreds of Thousands of fruit trees and Millions of berry plants each year. Our every thought and purpose is to eliminate mistakes in Bountiful Ridge Grown Trees and Plants. In addition to our own exacting care and inspections we call in:—

THE BEST KNOWN AUTHORITIES IN THE WORLD ON IDENTIFYING FRUIT VARIETIES BY LEAF AND GROWTH CHARACTERISTICS:—

to go over our growing stock each year. Dr. Shaw, Dr. French, Dr. Roberts of the Mass. Agri. College and Dr. Upshall of the Vineland, Ontario, Canada Station are cooperating in these yearly inspections of our stock. This would seem enough, but we wish to go further in our untiring efforts to give you the exact variety you buy from Bountiful Ridge:—

WE HAVE ESTABLISHED OUR OWN BUD WOOD AND TESTING ORCHARD OF PEACH VARIETIES

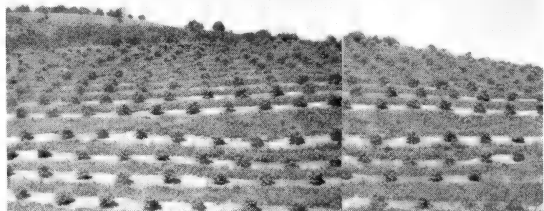
We now have nearly 100 varieties planted in this orchard. Every tree definitely charted and definite data kept on the trees behavior as well as blossom and fruit types, bloom and ripening periods, relative resistance to winter temperatures and spring frosts, their resistance to the more common peach insect and fungus diseases and general behavior.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS OF BLOSSOMS AND FRUITS OF EACH VARIETY ARE MADE IN COLORS. INFERIOR TYPES OF ANY VARIETY HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED. THE BEST SURVIVES AS PROPAGATING TREES—SUPERIOR STRAINS OF VARIETIES WHICH MEANS—HEAVIER YIELDS—MORE DISEASE RESISTANCE—MORE RAPID DEVELOPMENT TO FRUITING AGE AND BETTER GENERAL SATISFACTION TO EVERY PLANTER.

These varieties coming under our direct observation enables us to gather a wealth of information about them that could be gained in no other way, information which is yours for the asking, and information which can mean the difference between profit and loss to you on many varieties. REMEMBER, YOU CAN GET DEPENDABLE INFORMATION HERE AT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE. WE SHALL ALWAYS TRY AND ADVISE YOU TO YOUR BEST INTEREST ON FRUIT AND BERRY PLANTINGS. READ THESE PAGES CAREFULLY—THEY PRESENT BRIEFLY WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO DO HERE AT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE.

DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH

Our department of research under the direction of Homer S. Kemp and Dr. George W. Colborn, Jr., reaches into every phase of Tree and Plant production as well as Orchard Practices, finding and evaluating new and improved varieties, and information which can mean the difference between profit and loss to you on many varieties. REMEMBER, YOU CAN GET DEPENDABLE INFORMATION HERE AT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE. WE SHALL ALWAYS TRY AND ADVISE YOU TO YOUR BEST INTEREST ON FRUIT AND BERRY PLANTINGS. READ THESE PAGES CAREFULLY—THEY PRESENT BRIEFLY WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO DO HERE AT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE.



A PART OF MR. BITZER'S 5000 TREE PEACH ORCHARD. SECOND GROWING SEASON. NOTE EXAMPLE OF STRIP FARMING. READ HIS LETTER.

We Devote our Full Time to Producing and Selling the Trees and Plants We Offer You.

RIDGE GROWN TREES AND PLANTS

Made to Order Fruit Trees

CUSTOM GRAFTING ON GENUINE VIRGINIA CRAB STOCK AND OTHER APPROVED STOCKS OF YOUR SELECTION

Recent years has proven that many of our better commercial varieties of apple have weak bodies that causes the loss of the trees under abnormal low temperatures and weather conditions. Several fruit research men have recommended made to order fruit trees on certain varieties under certain conditions. This service we are offering our customers is in response to these recommendations.

The Bountiful Ridge Nurseries is ready to grow you trees the way you want them grown—the varieties you want grown—when you want them grown—and offer you personalized service you cannot secure from any other nursery. We invite your correspondence.

Location and Production Methods

The Delmarva Peninsula is fast becoming known as the greatest nursery center of the East because of its very favorable climatic conditions and varied soils. We often have temperatures ranging down to 10 degrees below zero during the winter months and our frost starts in early October to properly cure out our growing stock; our killing frost usually coming the last week in October or the first week in November. Statistics show we have an average yearly temperature of 56 degrees as compared with 58 degrees Fahrenheit at Atlanta, Ga., and 53 degrees Fahrenheit at Columbus, O., and 50 degrees Fahrenheit at Hartford, Conn. However, our summer growing seasons are so favorable that it enables us to produce maximum growth with a minimum of fertilization. Our soil varies from a rich chocolate loam, where our deeper rooted plants and trees are grown to the lighter sandy soils, where our small berry plants and asparagus roots are grown. Our water table is very close to the surface and we are seldom affected by severe drouths. With this combination of soil and climatic conditions, we know of no other sections that can produce nursery stock with so uniform a growth from year to year.

WITH OVER 75 YEARS NURSERY PRODUCTION EXPERIENCE IN THE KEMP FAMILY, WE ARE TODAY COMBINING THIS PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE WITH IMPROVED PRODUCTION METHODS AND MODERN MACHINERY, AND OUR FAVORABLE SOIL AND CLIMATIC CONDITIONS TO PRODUCE THE BEST STOCK IT IS POSSIBLE TO GROW.

Few nurseries can point to such a winning combination as we have here at Bountiful Ridge. These combined factors enables us to produce stock that will adapt itself to various soil and climatic conditions wherever it is planted, and gives to the planter producing fields that are living examples of the superiority of Bountiful Ridge trees and plants. All nursery stock is of perishable nature and is vitally effected by the manner in which it is handled, by the producing nursery, the transporting carrier and the planter, as well as soil, moisture and general climatic conditions. Growing and producing fields in every section of the United States attest the fact:

PROPERLY GROWN BOUNTIFUL RIDGE STOCK PLUS YOUR COOPERATION, BRINGS YOU MAXIMUM RESULTS FROM YOUR PLANTINGS YEAR AFTER YEAR.

"WHEN BETTER TREES AND PLANTS ARE GROWN, BOUNTIFUL RIDGE WILL GROW THEM."

Spraying Nursery Stock

Although our nursery is many miles from any commercial orchard, yet we practice complete spraying of all stock, from the tender shoot to the matured tree or plant. The orchardist more than ever before in history, is confronted with new hazards from disease and insects which were unknown a few years ago, and in order to do our part to bring him clean, healthy disease free stock, we employ timely spray and dusting programs to cover the various seasonal conditions and use special formulas designed for nursery stock. Again during the past several years, we have purchased the most practical up-to-date spraying and dusting equipment known to science. All this is done because we feel that it is an obligation we owe to our customers to deliver them nursery stock which is healthy. This is another Bountiful Ridge service we are proud to render.

Personalized Advisory Service

Hundreds of growers all over the nation take advantage of our free advisory service which is conducted for our customers in connection with the Research Department.

Our library of subjects include: planting, cultural directions, spraying, pruning, soil testing, cover crops with relation to soil building, pollenization, fertilization, adaptability and fruit identification.

The information given out on these subjects is the results obtained from our own observation and experience as well as U. S. D. A. and State Experiment investigators.

Individual problems, many times need special treatment which we are always glad to render with the hope it will prove helpful in every way. We invite your correspondence.

Triple Inspection Service

Mr. Geo. W. Kemp, General Manager, Homer S. and Edgar H. Kemp, Assistant Managers all live on our main Nursery Farm. They personally supervise all Nursery operations. They are constantly inspecting the growing Nursery stock, always on the alert for possible fungus and insect infections. They supervise all bud wood cutting to eliminate possible distribution of infectious diseases. Our personal supervision extends to the digging, grading and packing periods to note possible root infections. Our State maintains competent full time field inspectors for the strawberry plant industry of our section going over growing fields from 3 to 5 times each year for possible infections of Crimp, Root Nematode, Red Steeple Root Rot and other plant diseases. All Strawberry plant shipments carry special Strawberry plant certificate. Our Raspberry plants are inspected three times during growing and digging periods. A competent Federal inspector is maintained at our Nursery during shipping periods to inspect all stock going outside of the infested Japanese Beetle area.

"NOTHING IS LEFT UNDONE HERE AT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE TO PROTECT THE FUTURE LIFE AND SUCCESS OF OUR TREES AND PLANTS SHIPPED TO OUR CUSTOMERS."



Mr. Homer Kemp, Asst. Mgr. Standing in Our 1941 Block of Peach Trees. More Than 600,000 Fine Trees Await The Planters Call. No Finer Stock Can Be Grown Anywhere. Photograph Dec. 10, 1941.

There are No "Side-Lines" at Bountiful Ridge - We Should and Can Serve You Better.

His Majesty "The Apple"

"Reigns as the King of Fruits"

OUR VARIETY LISTINGS LEAD THE
"MARCH of PROGRESS to BETTER FRUITS"

Today, More Than Ever Before, the Progressive Planter Realizes the Paramount Importance of Variety Selection—Tree Selection and Judicious Planting as an Investment, for Future Production and Future Profits.

ARE YOU PLANTING THE BEST?

**Modernize Your Orchards: Remove Those Slacker Trees and Varieties
Let Us Help You to Plan and Plant For Future Production and Profit
and Consumer Demand.**

1941 VIVIDLY DEMONSTRATED THE VALUE OF VARIETY SELECTION

The Day Is Past When The Planter Can Afford to Buy "Just A Tree or Plant"!

LET US HELP YOU TO PLAN AND PLANT FOR FUTURE PRODUCTION AND PROFIT!

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS OF NEW OUTSTANDING VARIETIES

WRIXPARENT

(U. S. PLANT PATENT No. 388)

America's Earliest Apple—Ripening 2 Weeks Before Yellow Transparent!

EARLY APPLES HIT THE "COME BACK TRAIL" IN 1941

In spite of extreme drought conditions in 1941 WRIXPARENT sized up well and averaged OVER \$2.00 PER BUSHEL FOR THE ENTIRE CROP OF No. 1 FRUITS.

Plant To Maintain Your Early Apple Production. Lead the Season With Wrixparent and Lodi.

BRIEF FACTS ABOUT THE WRIXPARENT

1. **EARLINESS**—Ripens 10 to 15 days before Yellow Transparent.
2. **ANNUAL BEARER**—Normal to heavy crops each year.
3. **LARGE SIZE**—Apples under normal conditions pack out $2\frac{1}{2}$ " and $2\frac{3}{4}$ " size and up.
4. **QUALITY**—Unexcelled as an early cooking apple.
5. **SHIPPING ABILITY**—Does not show bruises, will carry to distant markets, and will keep for weeks.
6. **TREE IS VIGOROUS, SEMI - SPREADING GROWTH HABITS, BLIGHT RESISTANT, COMES INTO BEARING EARLY.**

Found as a chance seedling in the Yellow Transparent orchard of Mr. Wrixham McIlvain near Magnolia, Delaware about 1920.

Mr. McIlvain after several years observation determined the variety to be superior in every way to the Transparent and grafted over his Transparent orchard to this variety. This 2nd generation orchard now 18 years of age has been producing heavy crops for 14 years. A 3rd generation orchard was planted in 1935 and began bearing at 4 years of age. The tree is more spreading than Transparent, vigorous and hardy in wood not being subject to blight and other fungus diseases. The fruit averages large in size being a little more flat in shape than Transparent and packing out commercial sizes of $2\frac{1}{2}$ " and $2\frac{3}{4}$ " at picking time. The Wrixparent ripens from 10 to 15 days before the Yellow Transparent and ripens its fruit evenly so that the entire crop may be harvested in two pickings if desired. It is an attractive light green color without markings; the flesh is white, crisp, sprightly, very fine in texture and does not bruise readily or turn dark after bruising. Sub-acid in flavor and unsurpassed as a cooking apple. The fruit keeps well and can be held for 10 to 15 days after picking without storage. The Wrixparent is an annual bearer and continues to bear large fruits on the older trees.

"WRIXPARENT AND ITS COMPETITORS"



Photograph showing relative size of Wrixparent over its two nearest competitors. Left, Transparent; center, Wrixparent; right, Lodi. Note size. All picked the same day, June 19th, 1941.

A color reproduction of the WRIXPARENT from natural Color Photograph on the outside cover page of this catalogue. The picture was taken June 18, 1939, at Magnolia, Delaware.

This Is A New Bountiful Ridge Introduction and Cannot Be Purchased From Any Other Nursery.

WARNING—Wrixparent and Colora Red York are patented varieties and cannot be propagated for any purpose by anyone, other than Bountiful Ridge Nursery.

We can only supply the Wrixparent in one year old trees in the various grades during Spring of 1942. We will have two year old trees in all sizes for delivery during the fall planting season of 1942 and spring of 1943.

PRICES OF ALL APPLE VARIETIES ARE ON PAGE 15.



BLAXTAYMAN

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

APPLE

The Glorified Staymans

NO OTHER STAYMANS TYPE IS
QUITE SO BEAUTIFUL

THE BLAXTAYMAN SURPASSES ALL OTHER IMPROVED STRAINS OF THE STAYMANS BY
ITS APPEALING, BRILLIANT, CHERRY RED COLOR
SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE FOR COLOR ILLUSTRATION

1941 Brings Added Praise For The Blaxtayman From Satisfied Growers!

ITS FRUITING RECORD HAS ESTABLISHED THE BLAXTAYMAN GENERALLY AS ONE OF AMERICA'S FOREMOST COMMERCIAL APPLES. A REAL LEADER AMONG NEW FRUITS.

Each year as new plantings of Blaxtayman come into fruiting and older plantings continue to bear heavy crops of brilliant red apples surpassing the fondest expectations of the planters you can hear orchardist proclaiming this great apple. Many Blaxtayman trees are producing apples at 3 years of age after planting in the orchard and at six years are producing heavy crops.

The BLAXTAYMAN was introduced to the Eastern Fruit Growers, spring of 1930. In the BLAXTAYMAN we have every characteristic of the famous staymans apple with the exception that **THE FRUIT COLORS A BEAUTIFUL SOLID RED**. The fruit is equally as large or larger than the regular Staymans. The trees are equally as thrifty as the regular Staymans. The apple has a **SLIGHTLY TOUGHER SKIN WHICH TENDS TO MAKE IT KEEP BETTER IN STORAGE AND CARRY BETTER TO THE MARKETS**. THE APPLE HAS THE SAME SHAPE AS THE OLD STAYMANS. THE FLESH IS FINER TEXTURE AND MORE MILD IN FLAVOR WHEN GROWN AT LOWER ELEVATIONS THAN THE OLD STAYMANS. Because of its Earlier Coloring and Solid Red Color the grower can pick the fruit earlier if desired. The BLAXTAYMAN will not get a dark and unattractive color if allowed to remain on the tree but instead the apples become more brilliant and beautiful.



Mr. Emory F. Thomas of Martinsburg, W. Va. is rightfully proud of his 3 yr. old Blaxtayman trees secured from Bountiful Ridge. Note size of tree and heavy crop of fruit. Mr. Thomas states: All my new plantings in Staymans type apples is "Blaxtayman". I find them superior in every way to the old Staymans.

The season of 1941 demonstrated the value of selecting the right strain of the RED SPORT VARIETIES. From a survey made by our field man in over 150 orchards in New York, New Jersey, Penna., Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia comparing production records, grade packing percentages and market returns the proper RED STRAINS took a big lead in general satisfaction and profits returned to the grower. A definite lack of moisture and heavy infestations of leaf hopper and red mite compelled many growers of the old standard varieties to dispose of their crop through low priced market outlets. Even under these conditions the RED STRAINS came through, in most all cases having fine color, and giving the grower maximum market prices with minimum losses from drop apples. WE URGE THAT YOU SELECT AND PLANT THE IMPROVED RED STRAINS OF OUR OLDER VARIETIES AND NEWER VARIETIES THAT HAVE COLOR AND QUALITY.

RICHARED

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

The DELICIOUS Supreme

• ITS SUPERB QUALITY—ITS BEAUTIFUL BRIGHT, SOLID RED COLOR TYPIFIES ITS NAME "RICHARED"

THE FAMOUS DELICIOUS APPLE AT ITS BEST IN THE "RICHARED DELICIOUS"

IT HAS SUCCESSFULLY TRAVELED THE EXPERIMENTAL ROAD
YEAR AFTER YEAR THE RICHARED DELICIOUS IS GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AND TRULY
PROVING TO BE "THE DELICIOUS SUPREME"

Introduced to the Eastern Fruit growers in 1928 the RICHARED today is generally recognized as the best of the improved types of the DELICIOUS apple, wherever it is producing it has the approval of the grower. There are many so called red mutations of the Delicious apple being offered today but **EVERY PLANTER SHOULD KNOW DEFINITELY WHAT TYPE RED DELICIOUS HE IS PLANTING. THE RICHARED DELICIOUS IS NOW FRUITING FROM COAST TO COAST AND IS A TRADE MARKED VARIETY THAT CANNOT BE SECURED FROM EVERY NURSERY. CAN YOU AFFORD TO GAMBLE THE FUTURE OF YOUR ORCHARD BY PLANTING JUST A RED DELICIOUS? KNOW WHAT YOU ARE PLANTING BY BUYING RICHARED DELICIOUS FROM BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES.**

The RICHARED DELICIOUS is a blood red mutation of the Famous Delicious Apple. Facts about the RICHARED. You have a tree of the same hardy characteristics as the old Delicious, producing an apple with that same appetizing delicious flavor, producing an apple that colors a full bright red, without a trace of stripe, on every part of the tree, the apple attaining this color weeks before we usually pick the regular Delicious, thus enabling everyone who grows it to eliminate the loss from drop apples, to pick earlier, to market earlier, if he desires to do so, to seek a foreign market with a high quality apple that has superior carrying qualities when picked early and to keep it longer in storage for our late markets if desired. The higher prices received for the fruit of the improved strains of the Delicious apple prove that the grower can "CASH IN ON AMERICA'S MOST POPULAR APPLE WITH THE RICHARED DELICIOUS" and you should plant this year for the future markets when quality and beauty of fruit will prevail.



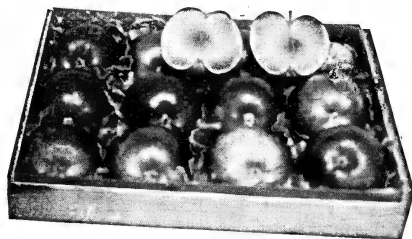
Famous For Adaptability, Rapid Growth and Productivity

BOUNTIFUL STRAIN IMPROVED WINESAP

A Glorified Bud Selected Strain of the Famous Winesap Now Comes to the Planter With the same Beautiful Color—Same Quality—Same Keeping Ability

13 CONSECUTIVE HEAVY CROPS FROM ORIGINAL TREE

36 bu. in 1940—70% $2\frac{1}{2}$ " and up size A record never before equalled by the old Winesap type apple.



$3\frac{1}{2}$ " APPLES

Bountiful Strain "IMPROVED WINESAP"

"Seek and ye shall find" is the motto at Bountiful Ridge in their search for New and Better fruits. For years fruit growers from many sections have clamored for a LARGE WINESAP APPLE. Many types have come to our observation and when traced down were found wanting until Mr. Harry W. Miller, President of the Consolidated Orchard Co., Paw Paw, W. Va., told us of this type they had producing in their well known

Martins Mountain orchard and which when investigated proved to be more than he claimed and without question the finest type of Winesap apple ever to come under our observation.

The original tree stands in a block of the Regular Staymans Winesap and has not failed to produce a heavy crop now for 13 consecutive years, producing 36 bu. in 1941, the fruits being as large or larger some years than the regular Staymans on adjoining trees.

The fruit has every characteristic of the Old Winesap in shape, color, quality and growth habits and at harvest time Mr. Miller has been able to pack most of the apples in the $2\frac{1}{2}$ " up size, the balance going into the $2\frac{1}{4}$ " grade. The tree is a typical Winesap tree in growth having the exact leaf marking of the Old Winesap. The Miller Bros. are better known as the "Pioneer Orchardists of West Virginia" and are producing more apples than any other individual or family group in the State today. We are proud that approximately 70% of their producing orchards are trees we grew for them. They are known almost nationally as authorities on fruit production and varieties. It is fitting indeed that an improved type of the Famous and Nationally known Winesap apple should originate in their orchards. We know this will receive planting interest in this great apple. We have a fine lot both one and two year trees of this IMPROVED WINESAP this year and WE ARE SELLING THESE TREES AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE PLANTER.

Prices of Improved Winesap same as other standard varieties. Prices on page 15.

PLANT BOUNTIFUL STRAIN IMPROVED WINESAP FOR FUTURE PRODUCTION.

The "COLORA" Red York

Granted Plant Patent No. 168 March 10, 1936

The "COLORA" Red York Marks A New Era For the Great York Imperial Apple

EARLIER COLORING - EARLIER PICKING
100% COLOR - GREATER PROFITS TO THE GROWER

Trees Grown and For Sale Exclusively by
Bountiful Ridge Nurseries

The tree of the COLORA RED YORK has the same rugged characteristics as the old York Imperial. The "COLORA RED YORK" should and will revolutionize the production of the York Imperial type apple, giving to the growers fruit that will color 100% over the entire tree under most any condition. The "COLORA RED YORK" can be picked from one to two weeks earlier than the regular York Imperial if desired and the entire crop can be picked at one picking if desired with every apple passing U. S. No. 1 for color and enabling the grower to pack out a Fancy Grade of Apples. The variety has been well tested and even though we have observed other variations from the old fashioned York we do not know of any today that will give the grower the same attractive York type apple that the COLORA RED YORK will produce. The Original tree stands in the orchard of Mr. Lloyd Balderston, Colora, Maryland, among other York Imperial trees at about 300 ft. elevation.

PLANT



Patented, Grown and
Sold Exclusively by
Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.

NEIPLING'S

EARLY RED STAYMANS

NEW RED SPORT OF THE BLAXTAYMAN

Colors 100% all over the apple 10 days before the Blaxtayman and more than 3 weeks before the regular Staymans. Growers can pick entire crop at one picking if desired.

Relieves the large grower of Staymans of his picking problem.

Should give wider production range of this famous apple.

Cold storage tests show it will keep through to following May and come out with less scald, more flavor and more snap than other type Staymans.

Originated with Mr. E. S. Neipling, Waterford, N. J., being observed among the Elm trees he planted Blaxtayman in 1920. Mr. Neipling now has second and third generation trees bearing as top grafted trees and he has attracted fruit growers and horticulturists with various displays of these handsome fruits picked long before the regular Staymans season. The tree has every characteristic of the old Staymans or Blaxtayman. THE FRUITS COLOR A BRILLIANT, ATTRACTIVE RED OVER THE ENTIRE TREE, BEING IDENTICAL IN SHAPE TO THE REGULAR STAYMANS; ALSO IN TEXTURE. We have observed this new sport for several years, until now hesitating to introduce it, because the Blaxtayman was proving so satisfactory. However, ripening early and having its brilliant, bright red color we recommend it for trial in all staymans producing areas and in more northerly apple sections where they have been unable to successfully grow the Staymans apple in the past.

WE ARE SOLD OUT OF TREES FOR DELIVERY THIS SPRING BUT WILL HAVE FULL SUPPLY FOR DELIVERY FALL 1942 and SPRING 1943. WE OFFER THIS FINE APPLE AT THE SAME PRICE PER TREE AS OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES LISTED ON PAGE 15.



General List of Apple Varieties

and Prices of Apple Trees

WE HAVE A VARIETY FOR EVERY LOCATION, SEASON AND PURPOSE

**Our Listings of New Varieties and Selected Types of Older Varieties Point the Way to Greater Production - Greater Consumer Satisfaction
Greater Profits to the Grower**

THRIFTY—HARDY—DEPENDABLE PLANTING STOCK LEADS TO SUCCESS

In figuring prices you may combine all varieties of apple to get advantage of large quantity rate.

APPLE (prices are per tree)	1-9	10-49	50-299	
2 yr., 5-6 ft., 11/16" up.....	\$.80	\$.65	\$.45	Write for Prices
2 yr., 4-5 ft., 9-11/16".....	.70	.60	.40	on Larger
2 yr. 3-4 ft., 7-9/16".....	.60	.50	.35	Quantities
	1-9	10-49	50-299	
1 yr., 5-6 ft.....	\$.75	\$.60	\$.40	Write for Prices
1 yr., 4-5 ft.....	.65	.55	.35	on Larger
1 yr., 3-4 ft.....	.45	.35	.25	Quantities

All prices are net f.o.b. Princess Anne, Md.

NOTE: WHEN BUYING IN LARGE QUANTITIES SEND US YOUR DEFINITE PLANTING LIST WITH GRADES AND VARIETIES FOR SPECIAL DELIVERED QUOTATIONS.

NOTE—Unless otherwise stated can supply varieties in both One and Two Year Trees.

Our Trees Are Inspected For Trueness-To-Name

**THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK WHEN YOU
PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN STOCK**

**The World's Most Eminent Authorities on
Tree Identification Say Bountiful Ridge Trees
Are "True-to-Name".**

Amherst, Massachusetts
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Aug. 8, 1941
This is to state that we have examined for trueness-to-name all the saleable apple, pear, cherry, and plum stock of Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, near Princess Anne, Maryland, and as they now stand in the nursery row all varieties are, to the best of our knowledge and belief true-to-name.

A. P. French, Prof. of Pomology
O. C. Roberts, Prof. of Pomology

NOTE

The ripening order of varieties is designated by bracketed number after the name. Varieties overlapping in ripening season are indicated by sub-letter. Example: McIntosh and Kendall are same season and are designated as by numbers 10a and 10b. We are endeavoring to give the ripening order and not the picking order as this will vary greatly according to the grower and where they are marketed. Many of our green apples are picked early for cooking purposes. Other highly colored red apples are marketed long before actual ripening time and again soil, fertilization and climatic conditions will cause a variation in ripening season. We trust this listing will be helpful to you. We have endeavored to make it as authentic as possible.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT (2A)

**HOLDS A LONG RECORD AS
AN EARLY MONEY-MAKER.
OUR MOST WIDELY PLANTED
EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLE.**

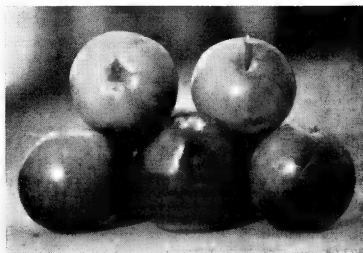
Tree grows upright, hardy, early bearer. Fruit good size, skin clear, white to pale yellow in color. Flavor very good. Is an excellent cooking apple known to the housewife everywhere. Ripens early July. Used widely for pollination purposes.

THE NEW "CLOSE" APPLE (2B)

**A PRODUCT OF THE U. S. D. A. BUREAU OF PLANT
INDUSTRY DEVELOPED BY PROF. C. P. CLOSE**

This variety tested as U. S. D. A. No. 57, ripens with or slightly ahead of the Yellow Transparent. It appears to adapt itself over a wide growing area. The fruit is medium to large size averaging 2½"; fair to good quality, suitable for both dessert and cooking. The fruit develops a bright, attractive color when full ripe but when grown for the large commercial markets would have to be picked with ¼ to ½ color. It seems to stand high summer temperatures well. The tree is vigorous, productive, annual bearer and comes into fruiting while the trees are young. This variety has outstanding promise as an **EARLY RED APPLE** ADAPTED TO BOTH HOME AND COMMERCIAL ORCHARD PLANTINGS.

Can only offer 1 yr. trees for spring 1942 shipment.



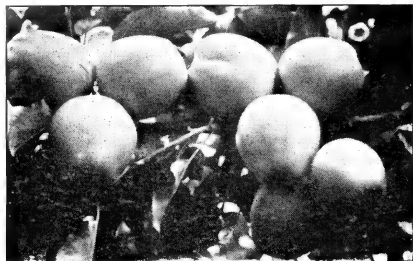
The CLOSE Apple

WRIXPARENT (1) See description and prices on page 12.

CRIMSON BEAUTY (2) Originated in Maine. Very hardy, strong grower and very productive; extremely early bearer, ripens very early. A handsome red apple. Flesh sub-acid, pleasant to eat out-of-hand. 1 yr. trees only.



Are Highest In Quality—Earliest To Bear—Greatest In Value



THE LODI APPLE—Photograph of Lodi apple on tree in experimental orchard of University of Md. summer of 1938. Note size and uniform shape.

LODI (3)

A new Transparent cross.

Called by some "Big Transparent"

Proving outstanding and a market leader.

A product of the New York Experimental Station

The Lodi after being tested over quite a large area is now proving one of our most worthy Early Apples. It is of Transparent type only much larger and more firm. The tree is more spreading and vigorous and bears more regular than Transparent. It should be interplanted for cross polonization. It ripens a few days later than Transparent but is large and can be picked with Transparent if desired. We ask no additional price for Lodi.

ANOKA (3a) One of Prof. Hansen's hybrids and noteworthy for its beautiful red striped fruit and early bearing, often producing apples the second year after planting. This apple comes to us highly recommended. Fruit good quality; ripening shortly after the Transparent. It is worthy of trial. It should be more adapted to the central and northern districts than to the eastern seaboard fruit sections. We can supply 1 yr. trees only.

WILLIAM'S EARLY RED (3b) Among the earliest to ripen and the largest of all early apples, a better name for it is "Big Red Apple". Flesh is white, juicy and slightly tart, tender and crisp. A very good one, like Transparent, bears heavily on young trees.

EARLY HARVEST (4)

Medium to large; pale yellow; beautiful; fine flavor. Tree moderate, erect grower, good bearer. 1 yr. trees only.

EARLY McINTOSH (4A)

LEADS THE PARADE OF THE McINTOSH TYPES
HAS SIZE—BEAUTY—QUALITY

WELL ADAPTED TO COMMERCIAL MARKETS
ONE OF THE BEST OF OUR EARLY APPLES

A McIntosh Hybrid being almost red in color, very crisp and juicy, with the same high quality as the well-known McIntosh. A thrifty grower and a regular bearer. Your opportunity to have the McIntosh type as a very early apple. Cash in on the popularity of the McIntosh by growing Early McIntosh for your markets.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBERG (4b)

Vigorous growth; large; striped; tender, juicy, sub-acid; good; regular and abundant bearer. One of the hardest kinds known.

STARR (4c) One of the finest early apples grown in New Jersey. Can be picked over a long period of time; large and of a fine yellowish color; a great bearer and valuable market variety; comes into fruiting very young.

MONMOUTH BEAUTY (5)

LARGE SIZE—BEAUTY—COOKING MERITS
MAKE IT A FAVORITE FOR MANY GROWERS

Introduced by us in 1925 and is one of our finest summer apples. Tree very hardy, fruit large; well colored, excellent for cooking or eating. It excels all others during its season. Requires cross pollination for best results.

MELBA (5a) A real McIntosh in quality and appearance, only more flat in shape, ripening just after early McIntosh. Of Canadian origin. Tree vigorous and productive. 1 yr. trees only.

RED GRAVENSTINE (5b) This favorite of many years as a summer apple of fine quality and shipping ability is now offered in a Red Strain. Large, well colored with slightly yellow flesh, fine quality. Tree vigorous and productive. Ripens somewhat irregular and should be picked several times.

MILTON (6) Typical McIntosh, coloring full red; very good quality, about equal to McIntosh, being same textured apple. Tree hardy and vigorous. Ripens three to four weeks before McIntosh or just before Wealthy.

RED WARRIOR (6A)

Meets every demand for a mid-summer apple. It's beautiful all-over bright red color, large size, excellent quality and shipping ability should make it a leader for its season.

The tree is normally vigorous, grows naturally well formed similar to McIntosh, and bears regularly. The fruit is large to very large, many apples being four inches or better, but normally averaging better than three inches. The skin is smooth and colored a brilliant red from stem to calyx without stripe. The flesh is white and fine texture and does not bruise easily. Its ripening season is about with Wealthy or a little earlier. It is sub-acid in flavor and is an excellent cooking apple. The apple is shaped nearly like a Staymans, being a little longer from calyx to stem. Sold out for spring 1942.

WEALTHY (7) This beautiful, moderate sized, brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habits, it can be profitable as a filler.

SUMMER RAMBO (7a) Large, flat, streaked red and yellow, very tender, juicy and fine flavored. Tree an upright grower, hardy and productive.

GLENTON (8)

A WORTHY COMMERCIAL VARIETY
WITH A FUTURE

BEAUTY—QUALITY AND SEASON RECOMMEND IT
SHOULD BE MORE WIDELY PLANTED

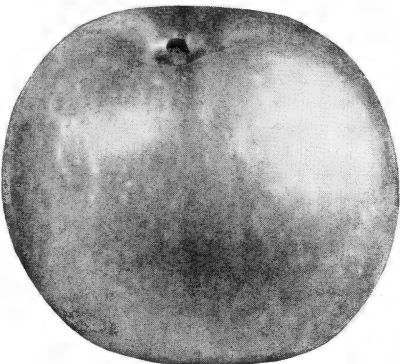
A seedling of the Northern Spy originating at the Canadian Experimental Station. A new apple ripening with and just after Wealthy. The trees are vigorous, nicely shaped and annual bearers. The apples are medium to large, highly colored with attractive red and good quality for either cooking or eating. We first observed the Glenton in the Ohio Experimental Orchards at Wooster. The beauty, quality and season of the apple were such that we felt it held real commercial possibilities. It should prove valuable as a good quality red apple to precede the McIntosh season.



George W. Kemp, General Manager of our firm in a block of extra fine one year BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN APPLE TREES OF UNEXCELLED QUALITY. Trees such as these await your call to service at Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. Grown with exacting care, propagated from the finest heavy producing strains, these trees must and will give QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RESULTS. Photograph taken Dec. 10, 1941.

The Famous McIntosh Apple Proves Supreme In The Northern Fruit Growing Areas

Thru scientific cross breeding and careful selection of bud mutations we now offer a McIntosh type apple covering the entire harvesting period and other improved strains and types of the regular McIntosh that should have your immediate consideration. They can be grown over a wider area than the regular McIntosh and mean greater profits to the planters. Follow our offerings closely.



THE FAMOUS McINTOSH RED APPLE

LOBO (9) Same season as the McIntosh, larger apple, and colors a more full red than regular McIntosh. Extra good quality. Tree equal to McIntosh. Comes recommended highly to replace the regular McIntosh for the Middle Atlantic and Southern growers.

IMP. ALL RED McINTOSH (10) (BOUNTIFUL STRAIN)

**ADDED BEAUTY TO A FAMOUS APPLE
EARLIER COLORING—SOLID RED—FANCY FRUITS**
A special selected strain of the famous McIntosh apple, coloring a solid red without a trace of stripe. Without question this is the finest type of McIntosh that has come to our attention and will say that if you are not getting sufficient color on your present plantings of McIntosh you should make your new plantings of this Improved Type this year. We can supply these in both one and two year old trees.

McINTOSH (10A)

**LEADS ALL OTHER VARIETIES IN PRODUCTION
AND PROFITS IN NORTHERN APPLE AREAS**

A choice variety of the Famuese type. The tree is long lived, bears young and annually. Fruit above medium to large, highly perfumed, almost covered with brilliant crimson, flesh snow white, crisp, very tender slightly aromatic, sub-acid; high quality. A very beautiful apple. Ranks as one of the greatest general purpose, home and commercial varieties ever introduced.

KENDALL (10b) Of all the McIntosh seedlings originated at the Geneva Station, Kendall, the last one to be introduced, is by far the most attractive. It is handsomely covered over the entire surface with dark red covered with a rich bloom. It has attracted more attention from fruit growers than any other new apple. Its season is about that of McIntosh, but it keeps a little longer. The apples are large, trim in outline, and possess the whitish, fine-grained flesh of McIntosh. The flavor is much the same but more sprightly than that of McIntosh. The apples hang better than McIntosh.

LAWFAM (10c) A product of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Canada. The Lawfam is the result of an actual cross between the Lawver and Famuese. The tree has proven very hardy. It is a very heavy yielder and the fruit is very uniform and regular in shape. The apples are very highly colored and hang well to the tree. Apparently the Lawfam have overcome the greatest weakness of the McIntosh apple in that it hangs well to the tree. The fruit of the Lawfam is particularly crisp and juicy, being mild in flavor.

CORTLAND (10D)

Noted for its Vigoroussness and Productiveness. A McIntosh Type for Central Apple Areas. Popular for Interplanting and Pollenization.

Cortland is an improved McIntosh type. The fruits of the two varieties are similar, but those of Cortland are more oblate, average larger, and are more uniform in size; they have more color and the red is lighter and brighter and the strippling and splashes are laid on differently; the taste of Cortland can hardly be distinguished from that of McIntosh; the flesh is firmer but just as juicy; the apples do not drop so readily and ship better.

Ohio Nonpareil (Red Bellflower) (10e)

We relist this old variety in response to many requests from Ohio fruit growers. High dessert quality and fine appearance is responsible for its popularity. The tree is medium in size and spreading in type. Fruit medium to large, round oblate in shape. Skin is yellow overspread with red-mottled and striped with bright red. Flesh yellow firm, crisp, tender, juicy and aromatic. Sub-acid in flavor. This fine old apple is hard to equal where quality is the factor.

JOAN (10f) A cross between Anisim and Jonathan. Large size, smooth form with solid bright red color makes Joan highly attractive. The flesh is white, medium grain, juicy, mild sub-acid, quality fair. A fine baking and cooking apple. Joan is recommended because of its beautiful fruit and regular annual production. Ripeous with or a little earlier than Jonathan. For home orchard and local market. 1 yr. trees only.

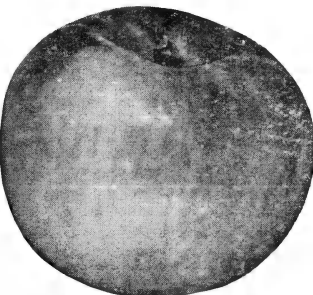
SMOKE HOUSE (11) Comes into bearing moderately young. It has a thin skin of yellow, striped with rather a dull red, and is very attractive.

Improved All Red Jonathan (11A) (BOUNTIFUL STRAIN)

**HIGHER COLOR ADDS TO POPULARITY OF THIS
FAVORITE OF THE CENTRAL AND NORTHERN
APPLE DISTRICTS**

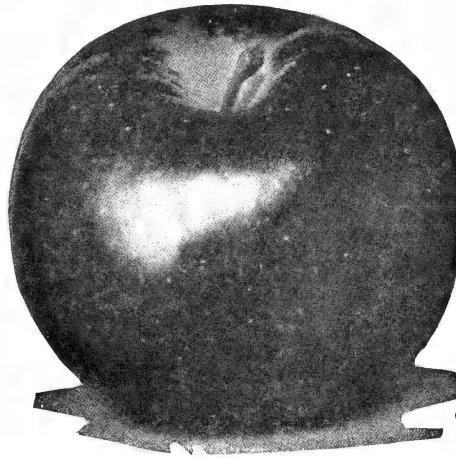
A special bud selected strain of the famous Jonathan apple. We hunted a good while before we found what we considered the right type of improved Jonathan apple to offer our customers. We have a fine lot at this time to sell and if you are not getting enough color on your Jonathan plant this improved strain and you will be well satisfied with the results. Can supply in both one and two year old trees. Not as well adapted to pollenization purposes as the regular Jonathan.

1941 Proves A Banner Year For Cortland



THE CORTLAND APPLE

The CORTLAND apple becomes more and more popular on the large commercial markets each year. Its great beauty, unique quality, and unparalleled producing record for young trees and its adaptation over wide fruit growing areas will undoubtedly make the CORTLAND one of our most popular a profitable fall apples. No planting in the Central and Northern fruit sections is complete without a liberal planting of CORTLAND.



The **JONATHAN APPLE**, grown in apple districts from coast to coast has stood the test of time and ranks today as one of the best and most dependable general purpose apples. A general favorite of its season on both our domestic and foreign markets.

JONATHAN (11B)

ONE OF OUR REALLY GREAT
COMMERCIAL APPLES

PRODUCTIVENESS, QUALITY PLACES IT FIRST
AMONG APPLES OF ITS SEASON

ADAPTED TO HOME, DOMESTIC AND
FOREIGN MARKETS

The Jonathan is justly one of our greatest commercial apples. It is hard to equal for hardiness and productiveness. The apples smooth and attractively colored being medium in size. The flesh is firm, crisp, tender, juicy, good quality. An excellent cooking or eating apple. Used extensively as a filler and pollenizing variety. It is especially adapted to the Central and Northern fruit districts. No commercial orchard of the North is complete without the Jonathan for a late fall apple.

GRIMES GOLDEN (11c) An apple of the highest quality. It is one of the fancy dessert apples and ranks with Delicious and Jonathan on the market. Medium to large; bright yellow with pink cheek; flesh fine grained, juicy, with a very pleasing spicy flavor. The tree is hardy, grows upright, and is quite disease resistant. Highly recommended and widely planted to pollenize self-sterile varieties.

TWENTY OUNCE (12) Fruit exceptionally large, juicy and crisp, sub-acid, color green with slight blush and red stripe. Tree thrifty and very productive, generally recognized as our best summer baking apple.

OPALESCENT (12a) Very large, brilliant dark red all over. Tree bears young and very prolific. Average quality. Sold out.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING (12b)

Tree vigorous grower, quite hardy. Fruit large to very large; green, becoming yellowish-green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm; flavor good, sub-acid; very smooth and attractive.

TOLMAN SWEET (12c) Medium, pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous, hardy and productive.

YELLOW DELICIOUS (13)

(BOUNTIFUL STRAIN)

ITS UNIQUE QUALITY—EARLY AND CONSISTANT
HEAVY BEARING HABITS AND BEAUTIFUL
GOLDEN COLOR GIVES THIS APPLE ADDED
POPULARITY EACH YEAR.
ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO
ROAD STAND MARKETS

This apple has received almost national publicity during the last few years and is famous for its unique quality, embracing a combination of flavors which is hard to equal. This, combined with the fine firm textured flesh of the apple and the beautiful, golden yellow skin at once attracts the eye of the consuming public. The tree, while not a large growing type, is thrifty and extremely productive, coming into fruiting and giving an abundant crop while very young. We are offering this splendid apple to our customers at the same price as all other varieties listed in our General Catalog. This apple should be picked at just the right period and placed in cold storage for late winter use.

MACOUN (13a) Very highly colored, having no stripe. Same quality as McIntosh, same textured fruit, hangs to the tree better than McIntosh, and ripens two to three weeks after Cortland. Tree about equal to McIntosh, a regular bearer, and strongly recommended to lengthen the McIntosh season and give the Middle Atlantic and Southern growers a McIntosh type fruit they can grow successfully.

RICHARD DELICIOUS (13b)

See full description page 13.

LOWRY (13c) Origin is obscure. A comparatively new variety which is rapidly becoming a popular commercial apple wherever grown. Very juicy, slightly sub-acid, a mahogany red color, medium size, regular in shape and a sure cropper. The tree is a strong grower and annual in bearing. Fruit ripens with or slightly before Red Delicious. Recommended for commercial planting where Delicious does well. 1 yr. trees only.

DELICIOUS (14)

(BOUNTIFUL STRAIN)

THE MOST POPULAR APPLE OF ALL TIME,
PRODUCING IN EVERY FRUIT SECTION
OF THE WORLD.

ITS EXQUISITE FLAVOR AND AROMA IS KNOWN
TO EVERY CONSUMER

Taking first rank both for commercial and home orchards. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red; flesh fine grained, crisp, and melting; juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. A splendid keeper and shipper. Tree one of the hardiest, a vigorous grower. The Delicious trees need cross pollination to produce regular crops.

MEDINA (14a) The apple resembles those of and is very attractive, having a golden ground color overlaid with a beautiful solid red. Recommended by N. Y. Fruit Testing Association as an apple to prolong the Delicious season. Our supply is limited.

ORLEANS (14b) A product of the New York Experiment Station of the Delicious type. Same season as Delicious only a little better keeper in common storage. The flavor, however, is more sprightly, resembling that of the Stayman's. Stock very limited.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING (15)

Fruit large and handsome, smooth, dark green over-spread with yellow. Flesh tender, rich, rather acid, but highly flavored and excellent; tree vigorous, spreading.

NORTHERN SPY (15a) Large, roundish-conical, often flattened. Slightly ribbed; handsomely striped with red; flavor rich, aromatic, mild sub-acid, fine. Keeps through winter and late into spring.

RED NORTHERN SPY (15b) Red Spy is typical Northern Spy apple except in color. The Red Spy colors a solid bright red without either stripes or splashes. If you desire more color in your Spy apples plant the Red Northern Spy.

SECOR (15c) A cross between Salome and Jonathan. Quality is outstanding and hard to equal as a dessert apple. The flesh is firm, crisp, juicy; sprightly sub-acid with a spiciness that lends a distinct flavor. The fruit oblate-conic in form, nearly covered with a cherry red and carries a stripe which makes it very attractive. Ripens about six weeks later than Jonathan. Free of Jonathan spot in storage and keeps very well. Tree is very hardy and heavy annual bearer. 1 yr. trees only.



TURLEY (16) The Turley is a winesap seedling originating in the experimental orchard of Mr. Burton at Mitchell, Indiana. This beautiful apple is gaining in popularity as it comes into fruiting more generally and has many points to recommend it as a profitable commercial variety. The trees resemble those of the old Staymans, are vigorous and productive. The apples average large to very large. The skin is smooth and colors a bright attractive red almost over the entire apple. The flesh is firm, similar to Staymans. The quality is good but cannot be classed as a high dessert apple being superior to Rome Beauty. The value of the apple lies in its handsome appearance, large size, the fact that it is a Staymans type and will not crack at the stem and that it is a good cooking and baking apple. As an early winter variety it should have the consideration of the planters.

MONOCACY (16a) Originated near Frederick, Md., and named from the Monocacy river. A large, highly colored dessert apple, having a distinct flavor very similar to Delicious. Very firm, fine texture, juicy and keeps well into spring months; really at its best thru February and March. Tree is vigorous, spreading, annual bearer and fruits much easier to grow than the Delicious. Small core, calyx and stem shallow and well closed. A beautiful fruit combining good tree characteristics, excellent quality, long keeping. Growers in Western Md. and W. Va. who have it in bearing like it very much and from our observations we recommend it for trial in all sections where the Delicious is being grown. Trees limited, only have 1 year size.

Albemarle or Newton Pippin (16a)

Large smooth skinned, beautifully colored yellow apple that usually brings the highest market price. Can only be grown successfully in certain sections of the country, principally in Virginia and New York in the east. Tree long lived and productive. Our trees propagated direct from orchards in Virginia.

COLORA RED YORK (17) See full description on page 14.

YORK IMPERIAL (17a) This is a fine, hardy, large, red winter apple. It succeeds over a wide range of country. Comes into bearing at four years from planting, bears regularly and heavily. The foliage and fruit are remarkably free from scab. The fruit is of medium size, skin yellow and almost wholly covered with two shades of red.

BLAXTAYMAN (18) See full description on page 13.

STAYMANS WINESAP (18a)

Without question the most profitable apple ever grown in the fruit producing areas of the Central States. Tree vigorous, hardy, spreading. An early bearer and very productive. Fruit medium to large size, round approaching conic; skin smooth, slightly striped, coloring to dull red; flesh yellow, firm, tender, juicy, rich, sub-acid, aromatic; quality the very best. A splendid late keeping variety.

GALLIA BEAUTY (18B)

The Growers' Choice Wherever It Is Producing

It leads all other Red Rome Beauty type apples. It can rightfully be called "One of America's Most Beautiful Apples". Demand the Gallia Beauty when planting the Red Rome type apple.

The Gallia Beauty originated in Ohio and is a typical Rome type tree, being thrifty, hardy and productive. The fruit of the Gallia Beauty colors a brilliant bright red, without stripe and seems to be of higher quality than the regular Rome Beauty, and keeps exceptionally well in storage. The Gallia Beauty will size up equal to the regular Rome but many of the other inferior so-called Red Rome types will not size up satisfactory and again we urge you to plant only the Genuine Gallia Beauty. We offer you the best and charge you no more.

ROME BEAUTY (18c) Keeps in good condition till May and June. Large, round, mottled, and striped in different shades of red; flavor and quality away above the average; appearance and size are its valuable points; always sells and always brings good prices.

WINTER BANANA (19) Fine, vigorous healthy foliage, early bearer. Fruit medium to large, smooth and handsome golden yellow, usually shaded with red blush; flesh fine grained, rich, sub-acid, aromatic; highest quality.

BALDWIN (19A)

SETS THE PACE ON OUR NORTHERN APPLE MARKETS.

THE ORCHARDIST OF TODAY SHOULD PLANT TO SUPPLY THESE MARKET DEMANDS.

No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better or is more attractive in color, size and shape than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple and for cooking. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright and productive. Keeps until April. Inferior strains and improper fertilization programs are largely responsible for winter injury to Baldwin orchards in recent years. Plant the TRUE BALDWIN OF OLD DAYS AND ALWAYS USE A WELL BALANCED FERTILIZER ON YOUR TREES, PRACTICE LATE FALL FERTILIZER APPLICATIONS AND YOU CAN CONTINUE TO GROW BALDWIN WITH EVERY ASSURANCE OF SUCCESS.

RED CANADA (Steele's Red) (20) This apple probably originated in New England where it has been extensively planted. In recent years the variety has gained much favor in central North West, particularly in Michigan and Wis. The tree is medium to large, vigorous and upright in growth. The fruit medium to large, uniform in size and shape. Coloring a beautiful deep red, striped with deeper red on a background of yellow. Flesh is yellow, firm, crisp, aromatic and juicy, pleasing sub-acid in flavor. There seems to be improved types of Red Canada and we have selected our propagating wood from producing trees of superior merit in Central Michigan.

PARAGON (21) One of the best of the long-keeping winter varieties. Does well on almost any soil; thrifty grower and fruits young; bears regular; is of the Winesap type, good quality; coloring a deep dull red almost all over; flesh slightly yellow.

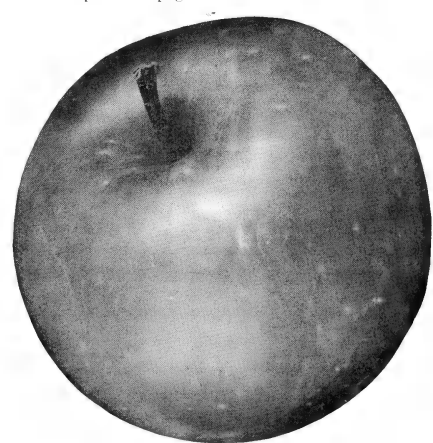
MAMMOTH BLACK TWIGG (21a)

Excels Winesap in nearly every important point; better grower, hardier, and the fruit is much larger; color even a darker red; flesh firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. A long keeper.

WINESAP (21b) Winesap is one of the most widely distributed and best known American apples. It can be thriving on both the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard. The trees are thrifty, hardy, young and regular bearers where given proper cross pollination. The apple is of medium size, dark red color, firm and juicy. Ranks as one of the best dessert apples and without question is one of the highest quality late winter apples now in cultivation which demands the highest prices on our domestic and foreign markets.

Bountiful Strain Imp. Winesap (21c)

See description on page 14.



THE BALDWIN APPLE

Ranks with the best in the New England apple districts and has a place all its own in our large commercial markets. Size, flavor and keeping ability make it profitable.



Our Apple Trees Lead The Way To Future Success And Greater Profits

CRAB APPLES

Prices Same as All Standard Apple Trees

HYSLOP Season September to October; tree vigorous where hardy. Fruit medium; yellow ground with heavy shadings of deep crimson and splashes of maroon with heavy blue bloom. Flesh fine, firm, yellow, astringent. Bears abundantly in clusters which makes tree exceedingly ornamental.

TRANSCENDENT Season September; Fruit medium to large; color brownish-yellow with blush of carmine; flesh firm and crisp, yellowish, fine-grained, very juicy, acid. Tree is a vigorous grower. Hardy.

DOLGA A handsome Red Crab apple of medium size. The fruit jellies easily and makes rich, ruby red jelly. Tree hardy, vigorous, productive.

TWELVE YEARS OF SATISFACTION

Fredericktown, October 15, 1941

Gentlemen:

Of the three thousand trees I got from you this spring we have only lost four. Was very hot weather. They made a nice growth and are the making of a fine orchard, as have all the trees I have bought of you in the last twelve years. Harry M. Cleaver

Bountiful Extra Large All-Purpose Trees

Ideal For Orchard Replants - Quick Pollination - Home Plantings
Heavy Rooted Early Bearing Specimen Trees

We offer the grower this year what we term our ALL PURPOSE TREES which are especially grown to produce large, vigorous root systems with heavy caliper trunks and branched tops. These trees are not less than six feet in height and from two to four years in age.

We recommend these trees for REPLANTING IN EXISTING ORCHARDS WHERE QUICK RESULTS ARE DESIRED, also on our apple FOR INARCH WORK to lend support and give vitality to trees which have been blown over or injured through low winter temperatures and quick additional feeder roots are desirable. BOUNTIFUL RIDGE ALL-PURPOSE trees will be found invaluable for planting in orchards where quick cross pollination is desired. MANY OF THE VARIETIES OFFERED ARE NOW SET WITH BLOOM BUDS. Such varieties as YELLOW TRANSPARENT, JONATHAN, YELLOW DELICIOUS, CORTLAND, AND MANY OTHER RECOGNIZED VARIETIES FOR POLLENIZATION PURPOSES CAN BE GOTTEN IN OUR ALL-PURPOSE TREES WHICH WILL RAPIDLY CORRECT A POLLENATING PROBLEM.

These trees are ideal for the small planter who desires quick results from a home orchard and where there is only room for a few trees to be planted. WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND THESE BOUNTIFUL RIDGE ALL-PURPOSE TREES FOR ANY PURPOSE WHERE A HEAVY CALIPER, LARGE TOP, AND EXTRA HEAVY ROOTED TREE IS DESIRED.

We list the following apple varieties in the large ALL-PURPOSE TREES, which are listed in the order of ripening:

Early McIntosh	Cortland	R. I. Greening	Macoun	Blaxtayan	Gallia
Glenfion	McIntosh	Twenty Ounce	Red Northern Spy	Staymans Winesap	Rome Beauty
All Red McIntosh	Kendall				

WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING SUPERB GENERAL PURPOSE PEACH TREES AT THE SAME PRICE.

Listed in order of ripening. Every tree a specimen, will bloom second year after planting.

Mayflower	Fisher	Fair Beauty	Belle of Georgia	Elberta	Krummels	October
Mikado	Cumberland	Colona	Golden East	Brackett		
Early-Red-Fre	Golden Jubilee	Halchaven	Early Elberta	Afterglow		

BEARING AGE PEARS

Our list of general purpose pear varieties are selected for quick results. In ordering, one or more varieties should be selected to effect proper cross pollination for increased crops.

Clapps Favorite	Douglas	Ovid	Flemish Beauty	Sheldon	Keiffer
-----------------	---------	------	----------------	---------	---------

NOTE—Order Only Varieties Listed.

OUR LOW PRICES ON THESE SUPERB TREES WILL APPEAL TO EVERY PLANTER

Each	3 to 10 trees	10 to 50 trees	50 to 200 trees	200 or more trees
\$1.25	\$1.00 each	\$.90 each	\$.75 each	\$.50 each

We reserve the right to send the next largest size we have in stock on orders received after April 20th for these large trees. Refund for price difference will be made when shipped.

VIRGINIA CRAB—HIBERNAL CRAB—FRENCH CRAB TREES

FOR BUDDING—GRAFTING—TOP-WORKING AND INARCH WORK

A close study of apple varieties reveals that some have weak bodies which are subject to collar rot, winter injury, etc. and that they can be largely corrected if the trees are double worked on other intermediate stocks. These types have been generally approved for this work as well as using some of our best known common apple varieties. Caution should always be exercised in determining, if possible, that your varieties and types are compatible with each other. Much is to be learned about this yet and research work continues relentlessly to have complete data on this available for the grower. We ask that you consult your experimental station or write to us for information. The Virginia and Hibernial Crab trees we offer ARE ALL GROWN SO THEY ARE LARGELY ON THEIR OWN ROOTS; THE FRENCH CRAB ARE ENTIRELY ON THEIR OWN ROOTS.

VIRGINIA CRAB: This type, selected from thousands of various wild crab types, is distinct in its growth habits and resistance to low temperatures and the more common root diseases. It is very vigorous having wide angle limbs and unusually strong wide open crotches. Possibly compatible to more apple varieties than the Hibernial Crab, and in more general use. WE CAN SUPPLY THESE IN BOTH ONE AND TWO YEAR TREES AT SAME PRICE AS OTHER APPLE VARIETIES.

HIBERNAL CRAB: Another carefully selected type of Crab proving very hardy and resistant to disease. Not quite as vigorous as Virginia Crab but will work some times when Virginia will not. Hibernial Crab also has very strong, wide open angle limbs and crotches. Prices same as other apple varieties. Sold out for spring 1942. Will have 1 yr. trees for fall, 1942 delivery.

FRENCH CRAB: This is merely the common apple seedling that has been used in propagating apple trees for generations, and has proven more congenial to our entire apple variety listings than any other seedling available. It generally succeeds as a root stock wherever it is planted and apple trees can be grown. The results are generally uniform. We can supply these with two year old strong roots and one year tops in the following sizes and prices:

	10 to 50	50 to 200	200 or more
2-3 ft.	\$.15 each	\$.10 each	\$.08 each
3-4 ft. ....	.12 each	.12 each	.10 each
4-5 ft. ....	.20 each	.15 each	.12 each



CHERRY TREES

SWEET CHERRY TREES

NOTE: Sweet cherries bear heavier and more regularly where properly cross pollinated and we recommend where possible that you plant two or more varieties of sweet cherry near each other when planting.

SWEET CHERRY (All Varieties)

Prices given are per tree.

	1-9	10-49	Write for Prices on Larger Quantities
2 yr., 11/16" up, 5-6'....	\$1.00	\$.80	
2 yr., 9-11/16", 4-5'.....	.80	.65	
2 yr., 7-9/16", 3-4'.....	.70	.65	
1 yr., 5-6'.....	1.00	.80	
1 yr., 4-5'.....	.70	.60	
1 yr., 3-4'.....	.60	.50	

Write for special prices if you are interested in 50 trees or more. We will give you the advantage of any market changes if you do this.

SENECA Our earliest good sweet cherry, ripening two weeks before Black Tartarian. The Cherries resemble those of Black Tartarian—large, round-cordate, purplish black, with juicy melting flesh and a rich sweet flavor; the pit is free and the skin does not crack. The tree is vigorous, productive, and has upright spreading habit of growth. Introduced by N. Y. Agriculture Experiment Station.

BING This valuable black cherry succeeds everywhere. Flesh very solid, flavor of the highest quality, a fine shipping and market variety. July.

BLACK TARTARIAN Very large; bright purplish black; tender; juicy, very rich. Tree a remarkably vigorous and erect grower, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. June.

GOVERNOR WOOD Large, heart-shaped light red, juicy, sweet and rich. Tree vigorous, productive; forms a round head. An old variety still a favorite in many regions.

LAMBERT One of the largest of all Cherries. It is purple-red, firm and rich. Every year sees an enormous crop, and the tree not only grows well, but is proof against insect and fungus attacks.

NAPOLÉON BIGGAREAU (Royal Ann) A beautiful cherry of large size; pale yellow with bright red cheeks; flesh firm, juicy and sweet; one of the best for market.

YELLOW SPANISH Large, light yellow with red tinge. Tree very vigorous and hardy; an old favorite sometimes known as Oxheart.

SCHMIDTS BIGGAREAU The fruit is of very large size, of deep mahogany color. Flesh dark, tender, very juicy, with a fine rich flavor. Fruit grows in clusters. Is an excellent shipper. July.

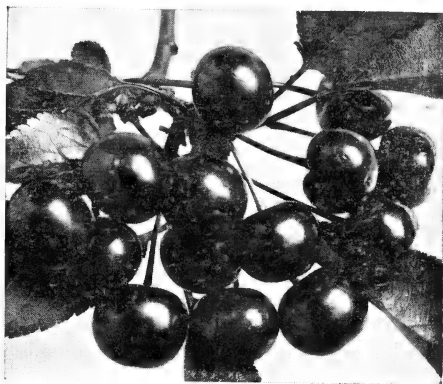
WINDSOR Tree upright, vigorous and a rapid grower, fruit large, roundish, oblong, very firm and juicy, flesh pinkish and sometimes streaked; quality very good; a productive bearer; has attracted attention owing to its large size and dark color; almost black. July.

POLLY ANNE A large grey heart sweet cherry known to this section as oxheart. Very delicious and regular bearer. Tree thrifty and productive. Especially adapted to home use and near-by markets.

Sweet September Cherry

There is no previous record in the history of Horticulture of a fall-bearing cherry until accidentally discovered by an amateur Horticulturist in Northwestern Ohio. This sweet cherry tree, for some unknown reason, ripens in September instead of June. The tree blossoms at the same time as other standard varieties and is apparently harder in the bud than average sweet cherries. The fruits are an attractive medium dark red similar to the Windsor, deliciously sweet, excellent for eating fresh or canning. It ripens in Ohio from about September first until snow flies, which makes it valuable for roadside markets, as the fruit can be sold over a long period of time.

	Each	10 rate	25 rate up
3-4 ft.	\$1.50	\$1.45	\$1.40
4-6 ft.	2.00	1.90	1.55



A CLUSTER OF BOUNTIFUL STRAIN IMPROVED MONTMORENCY CHERRY 2/3 ACTUAL SIZE

SOUR CHERRY TREES

Try our Bountiful Ridge Grown Sour Cherry for best success. Write for special delivered prices on large quantities.

SOUR CHERRIES (All Varieties)

	1-9	10-49	Write for Prices on Larger Quantities
2 yr., 11/16" up, 4-6'.....	\$.90	\$.75	
2 yr., 9-11/16", 3-4'.....	.75	.60	
2 yr., 7-9/16", 2-3'.....	.60	.40	
2 yr., 5-7/16", 18-24".....	.40	.35	

Prices and grades same on 1 year Sour Cherry as on 2 year.

IMPROVED MONTMORENCY BOUNTIFUL STRAIN

ADD TO SOUR CHERRY PROFITS BY PLANTING THIS GREAT NEW TYPE MONTMORENCY

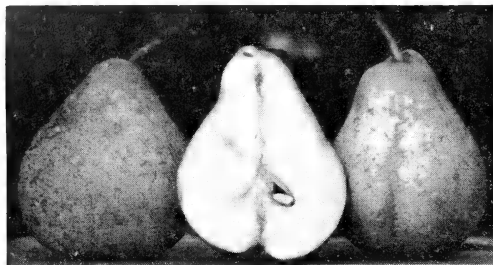
It was discovered in the orchards of Clyde S. Mumma, Dayton, Ohio in a general planting of Montmorency trees and when we first saw the tree it was about 10 years of age and loaded down with fruit, having a heavier crop than other trees adjoining it. All trees had had the same attention and Mr. Mumma says it had always borne this large type Montmorency. The tree is vigorous but not any larger than other trees. The fruits have the same rich red color as other Montmorency cherries but seems to be slightly more mild in flavor. Its immense size immediately attracted our attention. We grew several hundred trees of this type for Mr. Mumma's own planting and after further observations now pass it on to our customers at no additional cost to them. Nature again contributes an IMPROVED TYPE TO ONE OF OUR GREATEST SOUR CHERRIES. Please state when ordering whether you wish the Regular Montmorency or the BOUNTIFUL STRAIN IMPROVED MONTMORENCY. We can supply them in both one and two year trees.

ENGLISH MORELLO Easily grown, generally productive, heavy crop. Fruit dark red, quality good; rich, acid flavor; late. Hardy for extremely cold latitudes. August.

EARLY RICHMOND One of the most valuable and popular cherries, unsurpassed for cooking purposes. It is the good old variety that yields such marvelous crops in the gardens. The most hardy of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest winters.

BRASSINGTON Tree upright, dense, very productive. Fruit averages 3/4 to 1 in. in diameter, attractive, round, light red color, juicy, sub-acid, pleasant flavor; a faint reddish tinge permeates the yellow flesh. Fruit characters are intermediate between sweet and sour cherries.

LARGE MONTMORENCY There is a greater demand on the market for this Cherry than any other. The trees are the cleanest and best growers and are less subject to disease, less affected by wet weather, and are the best bearers of the best fruit of all other sour varieties. No matter how unfavorable the season may be, Montmorency can be depended upon for a full crop. The Montmorency is a good shipper, very attractive looking, and always brings good prices.



The New Waite Pear. A Real Winner for the Central and Southern Sections

WAITE PEAR

A NEW PEAR WITH COMMERCIAL POSSIBILITIES.

10 Times More Blight Resistant Than Keiffer. Bartlett Shape and Size, Fine Quality, Almost Seedless.

A product of the U. S. D. A. Bureau of plant industry developed by Mr. M. B. Waite. The Waite pear previously tested as No. 66131 is outstanding in blight resistance, never developing under severe test conditions more than 10% as much blight as the Keiffer. The fruit resembles that of Bartlett and is about same size, ripening about same season as Keiffer. The flesh is smooth in texture and is almost free of grit cells. It is more acid than Bartlett but is excellent for cooking and canning and fairly good for dessert purposes. The tree is rather slender, willowy grower and of moderate vigor.

The WAITE pear requires cross pollination for consistent crops. The fruits are very attractive, having good finish, slight bluish. Nearly all fruits observed this year were almost seedless, showing extremely small core.

GORHAM Resembles Bartlett in size, color, shape, only ripens 2 weeks later. The flavor is sweet with very marked and pleasing aroma. The flesh is white, tender, buttery and juicy. The trees are vigorous and productive and very resistant to blight. 5c extra per tree.

OVID The fruit is large and resembles Bartlett. The flesh is fine grained, tender, nearly white, very sweet and good in quality. The tree is a strong grower and definitely blight resistant. The Ovid gives promise of being one of our best late ripening and keeping pears.

SECKEL Small rich, yellowish-brown; one of the best flavored pears known; very productive. September and October.

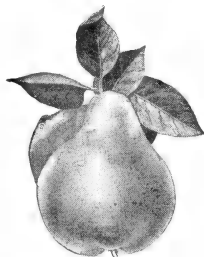
NOTE—Most Pear varieties are self-unfruitful and should therefore be interplanted with other varieties to produce consistent crops. It should be noted however that Seckel and Bartlett will not cross pollinate each other and where these two varieties are being planted another variety should be added. Duchess and Flemish Beauty are the most self-fruitful of those we list and are therefore good pollinating varieties. We shall be glad to give detailed information upon request.

Quince Trees

Quince prices, all varieties:
2 yr., 4-5 ft., 1 to 9, \$1.00 each;
10 to 49, 80c each.
3 yr., 3-4 ft., 1 to 9, 80c each;
10 to 49, 65c each.

ORANGE Roundish bright golden yellow, very large, fine grained, fine quality. Best for cooking. Firm, will stand shipping.

CHAMPION Fruit very large, fair and handsome. Bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple without hard spot and cores; flavor delicate; quince taste.



CHAMPION QUINCE

PEAR TREES

Prices (All Varieties)	1-9	10-49	50-299
2 yr., 11/16" up, 5-6'.....	\$.90	\$.75	\$.60
2 yr., 9-11/16", 4-5'.....	.75	.60	.50
2 yr., 7-9/16", 3-4'.....	.60	.50	.40
1 yr., 4-5'.....	.75	.60	.50
1 yr., 3-4'.....	.50	.45	.40
1 yr., 2-3'.....	.45	.40	.35

BARTLETT

THE GREATEST COMMERCIAL PEAR

It Stands Today Unchallenged As a Home and Market Pear Throughout the Northern District.

Large size, golden yellow when ripe, with a beautiful bluish next to the sun. Buttery, very juicy, and highly flavored; tree a strong grower, bears early and abundantly; very popular. August and September.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE A large, fine pear, resembling the Bartlett; pale lemon-yellow with brown dots and a fine texture; melting, buttery juicy, with a delicate flavor; tree hardy and productive. August and September.

BUERRE BOSC Greatly esteemed. A large, yellow pear; flesh white, rich and delicious; has long stem which allows it to sway in heavy winds without dropping. Tree slow grower, but most productive; keeps until Christmas.

ANJOU (Buerre d'Anjou) A large, fine pear, buttery and melting, with sprightly flavor; tree a fine grower and very productive. One of the best. October to January.

DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME Very large, greenish-yellow, sometimes russeted; makes a beautiful tree. A heavy bearer, buttery, melting and sweet. A dependable cropper, and good market sort. October and November.

FLEMISH BEAUTY Large, juicy, melting and rich, a strong grower and good bearer; very hardy but prefers sunny situation. September and October.

MANNING ELIZABETH Among the best pears for home use or markets. The fruits are of handsome appearance and of distinctive flavor. The tree is hardy, vigorous, productive, resistant to blight and bears early and annually. 1 yr. trees only.

WORDEN-SECKEL This beautiful and delicious pear attracted wide attention when introduced recently. In quality it is rated very high. In size it is much larger than Seckel. It is shaped like Bartlett, but is not as large. October.

DOUGLAS One of the hardest, most blight resistant and productive pears now being grown. Trees often bear heavy at 3 years of age. Fruit is large, handsomely colored with red bluish, and smooth finish. Flesh is not as grainy as Keiffer and considered better quality by many. Suitable for home or market use.

KEIFFER The old reliable pear grown in all sections of the U. S. and Canada. The tree is practically immune to blight, very thrifty and bears constant heavy crops. The fruit is large to very large, golden yellow, often blushed, juicy and one of the best pears we have for shipping to distant and foreign markets.

DWARF PEARS

The cultivation of Dwarf Pears is very profitable. The trees are low-headed and the fruit is easily handled and comes to bearing usually the second or third year. We recommend the following varieties to be good growers and bearers and to give the best satisfaction as dwarfs:

Seckel	Clapp's Favorite	Bartlett
Keiffer	Duchess	

(For description of these varieties see Stand. Pear).

Prices Dwarf Pear

	1-9	10-49
2 yr. well branched 5/8", 3' up.....	\$.90	\$.75
2 yr. well branched 1/2" to 5/8", 2 1/2' up.....	.75	.60



PLUM TREES

Plant More Plums As An Added Profit Maker

Growers During 1941 Season Found Good Markets and High Prices

Statistics Show We Are Not Growing Enough Plums to Supply The Market Demand in The East.
Plant This Year.

The Plum, like the Pear and other finer fruits succeeds best in heavy soil with some clay, and being almost free from disease, they can be grown very profitably. The finer kinds are excellent dessert fruits, of rich and luscious flavor; for cooking and canning they are unsurpassed.

PLUMS (All Varieties)

	1-9	10-49	
2 yr., 5-6' 11/16".....	\$.90	\$.75	Write
2 yr., 4-5' 9-11/16".....	.75	.60	for
2 yr., 3-4' 7-9/16".....	.60	.50	Prices
1 yr., 4-5'.....	.75	.60	on
1 yr., 2-3'.....	.55	.45	Larger
1 yr., 2-3'.....	.50	.40	Quantities

All plum trees budded on Myrobalan Plum root which produces longer life, more healthy and vigorous trees and better crops.

STANLEY A cross between Agen and Grand Duke. The fruit is of the prune type, excellent for cooking or eating out of hand. The tree is healthy, vigorous and produces full crops annually. Fruit large in size, dark blue with heavy bloom; flesh, greenish-yellow, juicy, fine-grained, tender firm, sweet, pleasant; quality good to very good. Freestone. Mid-season. Stanley is one of the New York Experiment Station's prize plums.

BRADSHAW Due to very large size, fine dark violet-red color, good shipping and keeping ability the Bradshaw has continued to grow in popularity. The flesh is yellowish green, juicy and pleasing to the taste. The tree is very vigorous, erect and productive.

FELLEMBURG OR ITALIAN PRUNE

Our most popular Commercial plum. It succeeds under most all climatic and soil conditions. The fruit is dark purple with a dark blue bloom, medium to large size, oval, pointed and tapering. The flesh is juicy and delicious and it is very fine for drying and canning. It is fast replacing the German prune in commercial plum orchards. We are glad to say we have a fine lot of one year trees of this splendid variety to offer this year. This plum and the Early Italian prune we are selling make a very profitable combination.

GERMAN PRUNE A valuable Plum of fair quality for dessert, but most esteemed for drying and preserving. Large, long, and pleasant, separating from the stone. Moderate to vigorous in growth. September.

IMPERIAL GAGE Large, oval, yellowish-green with marbled green stripes, heavy white bloom, flesh greenish, juicy, melting, rich and best quality; tree upright and vigorous. September.

LOMBARD Medium, roundish-oval, violet red, juicy and pleasant; adheres to stone; valuable market sort, hardy, and adapted to light soils; a reasonably sure cropper.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON Fruit oval; tree a good grower and enormously productive; fruit of medium size produced in thick clusters or groups, dark purple color, esteemed for preserving.

BLUE REX DAMSON Originated in eastern Indiana and is said to be the finest of all Damsons yet introduced. The tree seems to be hardy, is fast growing and productive. The fruit is about the same size as Shropshire but ripens ten days earlier, is high in quality and of better appearance than the old type Damsons. We recommend it for trial. 1 year trees only.

Note.—Plums seem to be generally self-fertile but produce better when other varieties are intermixed. Japanese varieties have been found to be somewhat self-fertile. Abundance is considered one of the best general pollenizers.

DAMSON The old fashioned blue Damson. Known to every housewife for the fine jelly and preserves they make. Tree very hardy and prolific bearer.

JAPANESE PLUMS

METHLEY A recent introduction which is rapidly gaining popularity due to its fine quality and handsome appearance. The fruit is medium to large in size, reddish purple in color with red flesh. It is juicy, sweet and of distinctive flavor. The tree is vigorous and upright in growth habit. Does well on most types of soil and is a heavy annual bearer. Recommended for trial in all sections where plums do well. The fruit sold for fancy prices during 1941 season.

WICKSON Largest of all Oriental Plums. Tree upright in growth, bearing good crops under proper conditions. Fruit large, dark red over a yellow ground, splashed and mottled with darker red. Flesh amber yellow, juicy, firm, pleasant and sweet in flavor. Stock limited.

ABUNDANCE One of the best Japan Plums. Tree is very rapid grower, healthy, and comes into bearing quite young and yields abundantly; medium size, rich, bright cherry red with distinct bloom and highly perfumed; flesh light yellow, juicy and tender, and excellent quality. Tree vigorous and hardy.

BURBANK Medium to large, orange-yellow, dotted and marbled with red, flesh meaty, yellow, sweet and good; valuable for canning and a good market plum. Hardy and most prolific of the Japan varieties.



MR. WALTERS AND ELBERTA TREE

Photograph shows Mr. Geo. P. Walters, Martinsburg, W. Va. standing before an Elberta tree planted in his orchard in the spring of 1939. Mr. Walters states: "In all my experience as an orchardist I have never had better results and I am absolutely convinced it pays to plant the best. My trees have never been fertilized other than cover cropping in this particular block. They had a large crop of fine fruit during the 1941 season." (Note: Mr. Walters purchased our 1 year, 5 to 6 foot grade). Above photograph taken Sept. 2nd 1941.

HARDY — THRIFTY — DEPENDABLE PLANTING STOCK IS THE FIRST STEP TO SUCCESS. PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN PEACH TREES.



Watch Our Listings Carefully Each Year For New Fruits

EVERY HOME ORCHARD SHOULD HAVE A LIBERAL PLANTING OF NECTARINES AND APRICOTS. THEY ARE EASY TO GROW AND ADD A DELIGHTFUL VARIATION IN SUMMER FRUITS. AGAIN BOTH ARE GOOD FOR CANNING AND PRESERVING.

NECTARINES

THE DELIGHT OF THE FAMILY PLANTING

A smooth-skinned Plum-Peach. Tree grows like Peach.

Fruit looks like large Plum. The Flavor

both Peach and Plum

SURE CROP It was imported to this country from New Zealand and is one of the finest if not the finest of recent nectarines tried in this country. The tree is vigorous and productive. The fruit is large, roundish, white, and overlaid with very attractive red. The flesh is firm, tender, free from stone and very pleasing flavor. Late mid-season.

RUBIRED Nectarine The origin of this nectarine is unknown to us. We secured the budwood from a customer of ours in North Carolina. We were so impressed with the growers account of this nectarine and the fruits which we personally observed that we felt it should be propagated and offered to our patrons. The fruit is of large size, smooth skin, fine red color and excellent quality, with winy flavor which is particularly pleasing.

HUNTER One of the good, yellow fleshed Nectarines. Tree is hardy and vigorous. Fruits are large, somewhat round, and attractive yellow with red blush, and a freestone. Good quality.

QUETTA One of the more recently introduced Nectarines which is fast gaining favor with the small planter and those growing for market purposes. Very hardy, fruits large, color white splashed with attractive red. White fleshed, juicy and very sweet flavor.

Note: Nectarines sell well on most roadside and nearby markets and are splendid for canning, eating and cooking purposes.

PRICES OF APRICOTS AND NECTARINES (All Varieties)

	1 to 9	10 to 49
5-6 feet	\$.90	\$.75
4-5 feet .....	.75	.60
3-4 feet .....	.60	.50
2-3 feet .....	.50	.40

APRICOTS

Popular In All Fruit Sections Where

Peaches Do Well

MOHR'S APRICOT

Apparently a new apricot coming to us from Mr. Frank Mohr near Fogelsville, Penna., having many characteristics which recommend it for home and commercial planting. It is extremely hardy, bearing often when peaches fail; very productive. Fruit is large and a freestone. Flesh firm, solid and excellent quality. Colors a deep golden yellow, ripens early in season being ripe at Fogelsville early in July.

MOORPARK One of the largest; orange-yellow with numerous specks and dots; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy and rich. August.

EARLY GOLDEN A good variety; very large deep golden yellow, and fine in quality.

SUPERB Rated by many as the best of our older and widely planted varieties of apricots. The tree is large, very thrifty and hardy and is extremely productive. Very good quality. Fruit is beautiful yellow with slight blush; flesh firm and solid.

ROYAL One of the leading commercial Apricots. Tree large, vigorous, regular in bearing large crops which ripen uniformly. Fruit mid-season and large. Color pale yellow with orange cheek tinged with red. Flesh rich, yellow, firm, very good quality.

BUDD Possibly the best of all the Russian group of Apricots. Ripens very early, having a sweet, peach like flavor. Tree is vigorous and hardy. Fruits very early; skin golden yellow, tinged with red; flesh bright orange, juicy, sweet, semi-cling.

In figuring prices you may combine nectarines and apricots, to get advantage of large quantity rates.

N. C. MAN LIKES OUR STOCK

Brevard, N. C., March 26, 1941

Dear Sirs:

I have received my cherry trees and grape vines. Am very much pleased with them.

L. Frank McCall

GOOD STOCK—WELL PACKED—WONDERFUL SERVICE—RAPID GROWTH WITH BOUNTIFUL RIDGE STOCK

Gentlemen:

October 21, 1941

During the spring of 1941 I ordered from you more than one-hundred Early-Red-Free peaches which were received in exceptionally fine condition. Upon examining them I found them with the most perfect body and root system of any stock I have examined in my many years of horticultural experience.

We have experienced during the current seasons the worst drought that has occurred in this section in many years; however each and every tree made exceptionally fine growth and are highly pleasing.

At the time I ordered more than one-hundred peach trees from the largest companies in America, paying double the price I did for yours. The trees being very slender and very poor root system. Results: A number of trees died during the season due to their poor root system.

As an experienced orchardist it is a pleasure to recommend your stock to any future prospects.

Yours truly,

T. E. Turner,

Kilmarnock, Va.



MR. TURNER PROUDLY DISPLAYS SOME OF THE FRUITS ON HIS YOUNG TREES.



NUT TREES

Combine Profits, Pleasure and Beautiful Ornamental Shade by Planting Bountiful Ridge Grafted Walnut and Pecan Trees

All our Pecan trees are grafted so as to give uniform type pecans and bring them into bearing very young. We do not recommend seedling pecan trees at any price.

Write for special prices on lots of 40 trees or more.

SCHLEY PECAN Of all the varieties of this luscious and valuable nut family, the Schley and Stuart stand at the head of the list. The Schley is a thrifty, strong grower; nuts long, well filled, with a very thin paper-like shell. Trees 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

STUART PECAN Probably the best known and most valuable of all the Pecans. Extremely hardy and a strong grower. Nuts of good size and well filled. Shell very thin and easily opened. Trees 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

SUCCESS Nut large and oblong. Shell thin, parting freely from the kernel which is plump and of fine quality. Bears young and consistently. Widely used for polonization purposes in commercial plantings. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

YOU HAVE THE BEST IN BOUNTIFUL GRAFTED, QUICK BEARING BLACK WALNUT

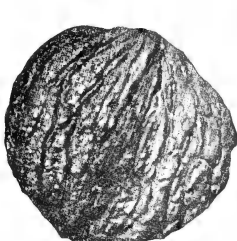
"THAR'S GOLD IN THEM THAR HILLS." When you have them planted in Bountiful Ridge GRAFTED SELECTED BLACK WALNUTS. Each year proves the wisdom of making liberal plantings of the better Black Walnuts for Nut and Wood Value.

BENGE BLACK WALNUT A special selected variety of Black Walnut having unusually merits; being very large and having few divisions in the nut. These trees are grafted on Black Walnut seedlings. 3 to 4 ft. trees, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10 trees.

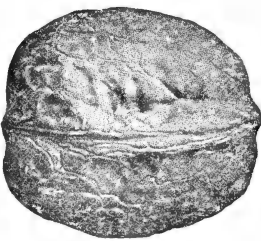
THOMAS BLACK WALNUT One of the largest and finest Black Walnuts yet found and of the best quality. Kernels large, light-colored; nearly all crack out in whole halves. Tree extremely vigorous and hardy. All trees we sell of this variety are grafted so they reproduce true-to-type. Prices: 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

STABLER BLACK WALNUT Rated as one of the best of the commercial black walnuts. Preferred by some to the Thomas although not quite so large. Comparative thin shell with few divisionals. Kernels large, good color and excellent quality. The tree is vigorous, hardy and very productive. All our Stabler trees are grafted on common black walnut root stock. Prices: 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

BLACK WALNUT The common Black Walnut is very productive in nuts which are liked by many. 4 to 5 feet, 70c each; 10 for \$6.00; 3 to 4 feet, 50c each; 10 for \$4.00.



BLACK WALNUT



ENGLISH WALNUT

ENGLISH WALNUT

English Walnut production is proving practical and desirable in the East Central areas. Plant Bountiful Ridge, Early Bearing, Grafted trees. They are grown to give results.

Tree valuable for its fruit and shade; all our trees are grafted; either the Franquette or Mayette varieties. The nuts are thin shelled with fully meated kernels of delicious flavor. Tree is hardy and productive. Nut groves are proving real investments and are a source of pleasure as well as income. Plant some of our selected grafted varieties for quick and satisfactory results. State variety desired. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10 trees; \$85.00 per 100.

JAPAN WALNUT Tree a strong grower, spreading, very productive and valuable as a shade tree. Nut has comparative thin shell, kernel flavor similar to white walnut. Used largely as a polonizer for English Walnuts. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each; \$9.00 for 10.

FILBERTS

One of the most popular of American grown Nuts. Adapted to wide growing area. Its low growing habits, vigor and productiveness make it desirable.

AMERICAN FILBERT (Hazel Nut) The family favorite, having attractive bush, yielding abundant crops of tasty round nuts. Bears young. Does not grow large tree. 2 to 3 foot plants, heavy, 60c each; 10 for \$5.00.

BARCELONIA FILBERT One of the newer varieties. Widely grown in the Northwest for market purposes. Larger than our native American Filbert. 2 to 3 feet, 75c each; \$7.00 for 10.

DuCHILLY FILBERT Another very prominent variety coming to us from the Northwest where it is widely grown for market purposes. Nuts very large. We recommend this variety very highly. 2 to 3 ft., 75c each; \$7.00 for 10.

FIG TREES

MAGNOLIA FIG. One of the hardiest species, doing well where the winters are not too severe. Fruit very large and of rich straw color. Fruit begins to ripen the last of June and continues to put on new fruit until frost.

BROWN TURKEY. Very large, dwarfed, and prolific. Fruit medium size to large, pear shaped, skin copper brown, flesh white shading to pink, quality good.

CELESTE. Most widely planted of all figs in the southeastern fig areas. It is hardy and can be grown where less hardy varieties fail. Fruit is medium in size, pear shaped, skin violet, flesh white to rose color, firm, juicy, sweet and of excellent quality; ripens early.

EVERBEARING TYPE. Characteristics similar to the Brown Turkey, otherwise it starts to bearing in the season and continues to bear fruit throughout the growing season into late Fall. This variety is very

attractive as to bush and is used much for ornamental purposes.

Prices all Fig Varieties:

2 to 3 feet, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10.

JAPANESE PERSIMMON

The Japanese persimmon is adapted to most regions in the south and can be raised successfully as far north as Pennsylvania. The trees are vigorous of growth and bear young, the fruit is well known in the markets and commands good prices. We offer two of the most popular varieties.

YEMON. Fruit is large to very large, bright yellow and generally seedless. Flavor is brisk and very good. Skin is smooth without any fringe of red.

TANE-NASHI. Large to very large, conical in shape. Light yellow changing to red as the fruit ripens. Flesh is astringent until fully ripe when it acquires a delightful flavor that is characteristic of the fruit.

Price: 3 to 4 feet, 75c each; \$6.50 for 10.

GRAPES

1941 REGISTERS A SUCCESSFUL SEASON

FOR THE EASTERN GRAPE GROWER

**Plant This Year to Maintain Grape Production
For The Future**

This season has demonstrated that grape production has again become one of our most profitable fruits to grow. Throughout the grape producing areas fruit brought fair prices and profits to the growers. We list here a grape for every purpose, whether it be for dessert, juice or wine. Plants will not be plentiful this year and we advise early buying to avoid disappointment; however we are fortunate to be able to offer our patrons these splendid vines at LOW PRICES.

IVES The vine is hardy, healthy, vigorous and fruitful. One of the most popular grapes in cultivation for making red wine and grape juice. The fruit colors long before ripe. The bunches are compact and well-formed. Very attractive. Jet black with heavy bloom.

MOORE'S EARLY (Black) Early black; similar to Concord in looks and quality and ripens about two weeks earlier. Has a peculiarly sweet flavor all its own. Vines are healthy, vigorous, hardy and heavy bearers.

NIAGARA Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black. Bunch and berries are large, greenish-white changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough; quality much like Concord.

AGAWAM Bunch large, berry large, reddish, brown, tender, vinous and of excellent flavor. Very vigorous and productive. Vine hardy and one of the best in its class.

DELAWARE One of the highest quality grapes in cultivation. Extremely hardy. Adapts itself readily to various soil conditions. Matures its crop early. Has very attractive appearance. Keeps and ships well and is immune to black rot. Clusters are well shouldered, compact. Berries are uniform light red in color and firm.

CONCORD The standard commercial grape. The old reliable Concord—the standard by which all the other black grapes are judged—a lifetime money-maker. Whatever other varieties are grown, no vineyard or arbor is complete without a liberal planting of Concord. Our Concord vines are well rooted and are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, producing huge quantities of deepest purple grapes of very finest flavor.

CATAWBA Bunches medium, shouldered; berries large, deep coppery-red, becoming purple when ripe; flesh somewhat pulpy; juicy, sweet, aromatic and rich.

WORDEN Seedling of the Concord, which it greatly resembles in appearance and flavor, but the berries are larger. The fruit is said to be better flavored and to ripen several days earlier. These qualities will give it the foremost range among native grapes.

CACO (Red) This new grape is of the highest quality, being so rich in sugar and excellent flavor it can be eaten two weeks before it is ripe. The grapes are very large, bunches good size, compact and good form. The vines are strong growers, hardy and prolific. Ripens one week before Concord.

FREDONIA Gives promise of being the earliest good black grape. The vine is vigorous, hardy, and productive, and ripens its fruit 2 weeks earlier than Worden. The clusters are medium size and compact. The berries are large and round; the skin is thick and tough; the flesh is juicy, solid but tender and very good quality.

SHERIDAN A promising late-keeping grape to extend the Concord season. Under similar conditions the plants are just as hardy, vigorous, healthy and more productive than Concord. The bunches are large and compact; the berries are large and very firm; the flavor is sweeter and richer than Concord. Ripens week later than Concord.

MOORE'S DIAMOND An early white grape and a favorite in many sections. Berries are medium size, good quality and excellent for grape juice. Very hardy and productive.

PORTLAND Holds first place among grapes as an early green variety. Vine very vigorous, hardy and healthy. Bunches and berries larger than any other green grape. Very fine quality.



The Sheridan Grape give promise of supplanting Concord in Central Grape areas.

Our Prices On Grape Vines

	Each	3	10	25	50
Concord, 2 yr., No. 1.....	\$.30	\$.80	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$5.00
Concord, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.25	.60	1.25	2.50	4.00
Moore's Early, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50
Moore's Early, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.70	1.40	2.75	4.50
Niagara, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50
Niagara, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.70	1.40	2.75	4.50
Worden, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50
Worden, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.70	1.40	2.75	4.50
Catawba, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50
Catawba, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.70	1.40	2.75	4.50
Caco, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.50	1.30	3.00	6.00	10.00
Caco, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.40	1.10	2.00	4.00	7.50
Portland, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.75	3.50	6.00
Portland, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.80	1.50	3.00	5.00
Fredonia, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.75	3.50	6.00
Fredonia, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.80	1.50	3.00	5.00
Sheridan, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.75	3.50	6.00
Sheridan, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.80	1.50	3.00	5.00
Agawam, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.75	3.50	6.00
Agawam, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.80	1.50	3.00	5.00
Delaware, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.75	3.50	6.00
Delaware, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.80	1.50	3.00	5.00
Golden Muscat, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.60	1.65	5.00	11.25	31.25
Moore's D., 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50
Moore's D., 1 yr., No. 1.....	.30	.70	1.40	2.75	4.50
Ives, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.35	.95	1.65	3.25	5.50

Write for prices on larger quantities giving varieties and size.

GOLDEN MUSCAT Possesses the rich golden color of Diamond and the fine muscat aroma of the European Muscat. For home use and roadside market it is one of the best. Vine vigorous and productive. Clusters large, berries large, juicy and tender. Golden Muscat is the handiest and best flavored grape grown in eastern America. Ripens after Concord.

Plant Bountiful Ridge Selected



BLUEBERRIES

The berries are truly "TOPS" as fresh fruit any way they are served. By following our cultural directions they can be grown in all sections of the country, North—East—South—West.

THE BLUEBERRY PLANT IS A THING OF BEAUTY IN ANY ORNAMENTAL PLANTING. Its varied bark colors, its unique foliage rivaling the Dogwood during the Fall season in beautiful colors.

WHAT OTHER PLANT CAN YOU SELECT THAT OFFERS YOU SO MUCH?

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PRICES PUT OUR SELECTED BEARING SIZE BLUEBERRY PLANTS WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY PLANTER

The Aristocrat of the bush berry Family.
Beautiful — Delicious — Profitable.

The large cultivated Blueberry seemingly has unlimited possibilities as a fresh fruit or a canned berry. They have a place in every farm and home garden lot. We list below the best of our present day varieties.

Blueberries require an acid soil containing an abundance of peat or other partially rotted vegetable matter. They need a moderate supply of soil-moisture, and good drainage.

Where natural Blueberry soil is not available ideal conditions can be created by mixing with the surface soil a liberal quantity of peat moss or partially rotted leaves or sawdust or chip dirt from an old woodpile. Two varieties should be ordered to give proper pollination.

Complete cultural directions mailed upon request.

Note: Varieties listed in order of ripening. First fruit picked in south New Jersey usually about June 15th to 20th.

CABOT One of the earliest of the blueberries. Very vigorous and develops naturally to well formed plants. A favorite of the commercial grower because of its earliness, its dependable and heavy bearing habits and the large size of its well formed berries.

RANCOCAS The bush of slender, vigorous, upright habit rarely surpasses five feet in height. The winter twigs are a dark red. The berries are somewhat larger than those of Rubel and begin to ripen several days earlier.

STANLEY A recent development fast being recognized in New Jersey Blueberry sections as one of the outstanding Blueberries. Vigorous plants, large berries, very productive. Supply limited.

PIONEER Named by Dr. Coville of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The bushes are stocky, seldom exceeding 4 feet in height with a tendency to be broad rather than high. Its stems are stout and stiff and the winter color of the young growth is a delightful red. Pioneer produces heavy crops of berries close set in the cluster. They are larger than Rubel; of medium blue color and fine flavor.

CONCORD The bush is of upright habit and at maturity exceeds six feet in height. The young growth is bright red in winter. The berries are large, frequently reaching three-quarters of an inch in diameter. They usually ripen a few days earlier than Rubel and are fine in flavor and appearance.

RUBEL Well developed bushes stand six feet or more high, vigorous and beautiful. The stems are slender, but sturdy. The winter color of the young wood is a rich red. The large berries are of a fine blue color. Planted extensively for commercial fruit production.

JERSEY The bush is of vigorous habit and grows very large. The winter color of the young growth is a light red over a golden brown. The berries are the largest of any here listed, of a very light blue color and ripen about the same time as Rubel.

OUR NEW PRICES

ON LARGE BEARING SIZE BLUEBERRY PLANTS

Our shipping season of Blueberry plants is continuous from October 20th to June 1st.

Prices listed are per plant

	Each	3-9	10-29	30-99	100 or more
2 yr., 4-12".....	\$.75	\$.65	\$.50	\$.45	\$.40
12-18 in.	1.00	.85	.70	.65	.60
18-24 in.	1.50	1.30	1.15	1.00	.85

We suggest from six to eight plants for a family of 5 people. Ask for and follow our free cultural directions. Plant our Blueberries this year for pleasure and profit.

Note: Be sure and buy your Blueberry plants by graded height and age rather than by age alone. The plants we offer above are bearing age.



A typical cluster of the large Cultivated Blueberry. Many berries on this cluster measured 5/8 in. Numerous clusters such as these on each plant at fruiting time presents a thrilling and pleasing sight.

BLUEBERRIES BRING TOP PRICES FOR 1941 SEASON

The cultivated blueberry continues to gain popularity each year wherever sold. This past season the market remained firm at 35c to 40c per pint basket. Plan to cash in on blueberries. Plant this spring—write for further information.



The New Boysenberry

NOW TAKES ITS PLACE AS ONE OF OUR GREATEST VINE BERRIES FOR NEARBY MARKETS. EACH SUCCEEDING YEAR FINDS IT GAINING IN POPULARITY. GROWERS NORTH AND SOUTH STATE IT IS FAST ELIMINATING OTHER SIMILAR BERRIES. HEAVY PRODUCTION — IMMENSE SIZE — EXQUISITE FLAVOR AND HIGH MARKET VALUE COMBINE TO MAKE IT A GENERAL FAVORITE.

Start Your Boysenberry Patch This Year With Bountiful Ridge Selected Plants.

SAID TO BE THE LARGEST AND FINEST VINE BERRY EVER INTRODUCED. The BOYSENBERRY is a new variety produced by crossing blackberries, raspberries and Loganberries. The flavor is a very pleasing blend of these varieties. It has few and soft seeds. The plant is very vigorous and hardy, coming through in good condition, without injury, at low temperatures. THE BERRIES ARE EXTREMELY LARGE, MANY OF THE BERRIES GETTING MORE THAN 2 INCHES LONG AND OVER 1 INCH IN DIAMETER.

Unlike many kinds of large fruit, the BOYSENBERRY consistently produces heavy crops. IT COMES INTO GOOD BEARING THE NEXT YEAR AFTER PLANTING AND ONE PLANTING LASTS FOR MANY YEARS. It is a vigorous grower and should not be planted closer than six feet apart and succeeds better when trained on wires similar to grapes. THE FRUITING SEASON IS LONGER THAN MOST VINE BERRIES, LASTING ABOUT TWO MONTHS. IT IS NOT UNUSUAL TO PICK 20 BASKETS OF BERRIES TO THE PLANT THE SECOND YEAR AFTER PLANTING. The plant seems to be especially resistant to drought conditions. WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU GIVE THIS WONDERFUL BERRY A TRIAL, FEELING THAT IT WILL PROVE A VALUABLE ADDITION TO YOUR PRESENT LIST OF SMALL FRUITS.

Refer to back cover page for color illustration.
Write for special prices on large quantities.

PRICES ON BOYSENBERRY

Shipping season continues from Nov. 1st to May 20th.

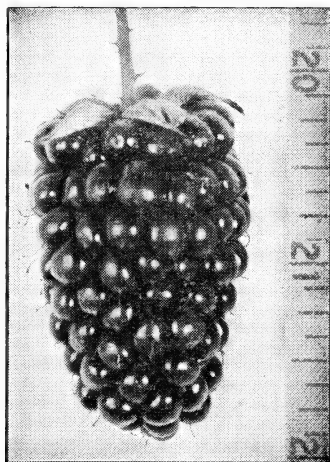
1 year heavy rooted strong plants for shipment only after Nov. 1st.

2, 40c; 5, 80c; 10, \$1.20; 25, \$2.20; 50, \$3.70; 100, \$6.50; 200, \$12.00; 300, \$16.20; 500, \$21.30; 1000, \$40.00.

Large 2 Year Bearing Size Boysenberry Plants

These large transplanted plants are strongly recommended for fall planting in the Central and Northern districts or wherever quick results are desired. We have a liberal supply of them this year.

Each, 35c; 2, 60c; 5, \$1.25; 10, \$2.00; 25, \$4.00; 50, \$6.00; 100, \$10.00; 200, \$17.50; 300, \$21.00; 500, \$31.25; 1000, \$52.50.



NOTE: The Boysenberry is proving very hardy, but we recommend plants being mulched where winter temperatures fall below zero.

Write for free cultural directions and follow our instructions.

RHUBARB

EARLY PRODUCTION—LONG MARKET SEASON
—FAIR PRICES—GOOD NET PROFITS RECOMMENDS RHUBARB TO EVERY MARKET GROWER.

MYATT'S LINNAEUS

The market growers choice.

Our stock seed plants are carefully selected and protected against cross pollination from inferior strains to assure you of getting large, colored rhubarb from the plants we sell.

Those who have never grown this variety, which is of superior quality, will hardly recognize the old "Pie Plant." It is an early, tender variety, without being in the least tough or stringy, with a mild sub-acid flavor and can be cut well into the summer. It leads in prices on our large commercial markets. We offer one year whole roots which are ideal crowns to give quick lasting results.

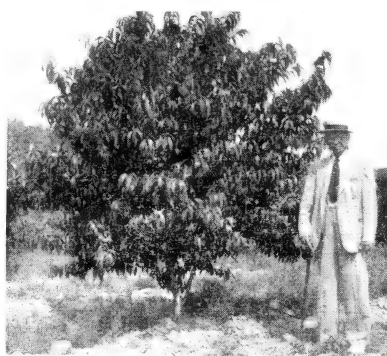
Strong 1 yr. whole roots, 1 to 1½ in. caliper, Each 12c; 10, 75c; 25, \$1.50; 50, \$2.50; 100, \$4.25; 500, \$17.50; 1000 for \$30.00.

McDONALD RED

This fine New RED TYPE RHUBARB originating in Canada is generally recognized as one of the best of all RED RHUBARBS now offered. It is suitable for field growing or Forcing. The plants are healthy, strong growers, producing long deep red to pink ribs of very fine flavor. It can only be reproduced by divisions and plant prices are necessarily high but if a definite RED RHUBARB IS WANTED WE RECOMMEND THE McDONALD.

Prices from divisions:

Each	5	10	25	50	100	500
\$.25	\$1.00	\$1.75	\$3.50	\$6.00	\$11.00	\$50.00



2000 TREE ORCHARD OF BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PEACH TREES CONTINUES TO SET THE PACE IN DEVELOPING INTO A PRIZE COMMERCIAL ORCHARD.

Mr Emory Thomas, of Martinsburg, W. Va., is proud of this young orchard and those who will recall the picture of his trees we carried in last year's catalogue can note the rapid development of his trees even in a dry year such as 1941. This is a fine example of what can be done with Bountiful Ridge Trees and we have some of the best trees to pass on to the planter this year that we have ever grown. PLANT THIS YEAR AND LAY THE FOUNDATION FOR FUTURE PRODUCTION AND INCOME. Photograph taken in September 1941.

BLACKBERRIES

New Market Outlets Today Give Blackberries a Dominating Place In Profits From Small Berries.
WIDE GROWING RANGE—EASE OF PRODUCTION—HEAVY ANNUAL CROPS AND HIGH MARKET PRICES IN RECENT YEARS ARE REASONS EVERY MARKET GROWER SHOULD PLANT BLACKBERRIES AND DEWBERRIES THIS YEAR.

Bountiful Ridge heavy rooted cutting Blackberry plants will give quick results.

Our complete cultural directions on blackberries and dewberries will help you to succeed. Send for them.

Blackberries are among the best known and most valued of our berries. No fruit of any kind is more wholesome. A liberal use of berries and other good fruits will save doctor bills. Blackberries should be planted in rows 6 to 7 feet apart, 3 to 4 feet in the row. Keep the ground light, rich and clean, and pinch the cane's tips back when they have reached three feet in height.

ELDORADO Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality and unexcelled productiveness are the main characteristics of this splendid new sort. Most widely planted upright growing commercial blackberry of today.

BLOWERS Vine is vigorous and hardy; berries are very large; black, borne in clusters; ripens well together; sweet, melting and pleasant to the taste.

ALFRED One of the finest of all early Blackberries. Very productive, superior in quality, berries very large, and practically free from seed, very juicy. Plant is a thrifty grower being extremely hardy; bears young. Suitable for home or market use.

Blackberries	10	25	50	100	300	500	1000
BLOWERS	\$8	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$4.35	\$10.80	\$14.20	\$26.75
ELDORADO .....	.80	1.50	2.50	4.35	10.80	14.20	26.75
ALFRED .....	.80	1.55	2.60	4.60	11.55	15.60	29.50

All the above Blackberries are 1 yr., No. 1 rooted cuttings



DEWBERRIES

LUCRETIA Perfectly hardy and remarkably productive; said to be the best of this class of fruit; ripens early, is often 1½ inches long by 1 inch in diameter; sweet, luscious and melting. This variety is highly recommended.

AUSTIN'S DEWBERRY Fruit very large. Enormous bearer. The most productive market variety we have ever grown, and is 8 to 10 days ahead of any other. Strong and vigorous grower.

Prices: 1 yr., No. 1 plants—10, 70c; 25, \$1.25; 50, \$2.10; 100, \$3.50; 300, \$8.25; 500, \$10.35; 1000, \$18.00.

ASPARAGUS

EACH YEAR FINDS INCREASED DEMAND FOR ASPARAGUS FROM CANNERS AND HOUSEWIVES MAKING IT A DEPENDABLE SOURCE OF EARLY MONEY.

Increased sales and wider distribution of Bountiful Ridge Asparagus plants each year indicate the general and universal satisfaction our plants give the planter. **START YOUR COMMERCIAL FIELD OR HOME GARDEN BED THIS YEAR WITH BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PLANTS.**

We advise that you plant the rust-resistant varieties known as Washington, for they have proven the most profitable. They are the best for either home or commercial planting. A well cared for asparagus bed of a few thousand plants can always be depended on to bring you a good return and give you money when you need it during the early spring months. Send for our complete asparagus cultural directions.

Prices All Varieties

	25	50	250	500	1000
2 yr., No. 1	\$.85	\$1.15	\$3.45	\$5.35	\$9.00
1 yr., No. 1 .....	.65	.90	2.70	4.40	7.25

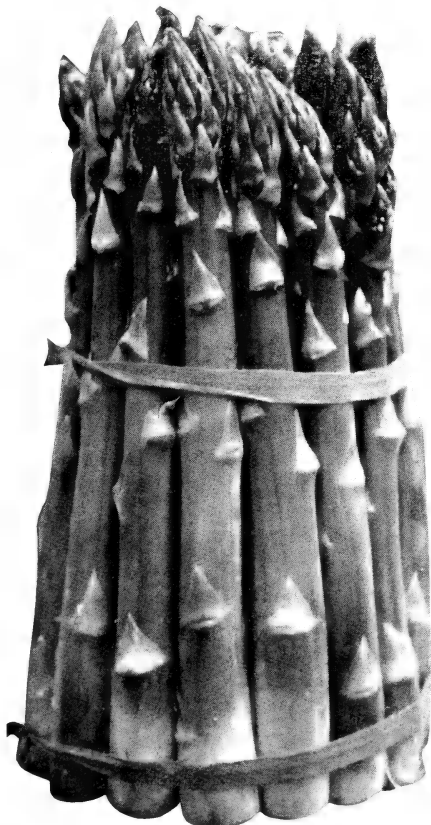
Write for prices on 3000 plants or more. Please give definite quantity wanted when requesting prices.

MARTHA WASHINGTON Very rust resistant. The stalks are large, dark green, with a heavy purple overtone. The tips are tight and firm and do not open until well out of ground.

MARY WASHINGTON This is considered one of the best of the Washington kinds of Asparagus. It starts early and produces a heavy crop of very large, tender asparagus. Green in color and very good quality.

GIANT MARY WASHINGTON

This strain of Washington asparagus seems to produce and will continue to produce heavier and over a longer period in the spring cutting season than any other type of Washington Asparagus.



A Full Market Size Bunch of our Giant Mary Washington Asparagus.

PLANT SMALL FRUITS FOR A

Raspberries, Strawberries, Blackberries, Boysenberries, Blueberries,

RASPBERRIES

CUMBERLAND (Black)

THE CUMBERLAND CONTINUES TO BE THE UNIVERSAL BLACK RASPBERRY. Its popularity with the growers is unchallenged.

Cumberland has come down through the years and on its record stands as America's leading black raspberry. It is the choice of the commercial growers in the central and northern regions. One of the largest of the Black Caps; plants are healthy, vigorous growers, throwing up stout, well branched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries. The fruit is large and holds up well during the picking season; very firm and rated as one of the most delicious of the black caps.

NEW MORRISON (BLACK RASPBERRY)

Gives promise of surpassing all other Black Raspberries. Large size, very disease resistant, firm, heavy consistent bearer.

Originated in Northern Ohio, pronounced the most promising late Black Raspberry being tested at the N. Y. Station. Mr. Morrison's original plants are over 12 years old and show no disease. Bore a fine crop of large berries in 1941 in spite of the severe drought. The berries are extremely large, many measuring over 3/4 inch in diameter and they do not crumble and has topped the Pittsburgh markets by \$1.00 to \$2.00 per bushel during the past two seasons. A little later than Cumberland, has fine dark glossy color and berries hold up well after picking, having exceptional good quality. A worthy new variety from all tests and observations. Prices are listed below.

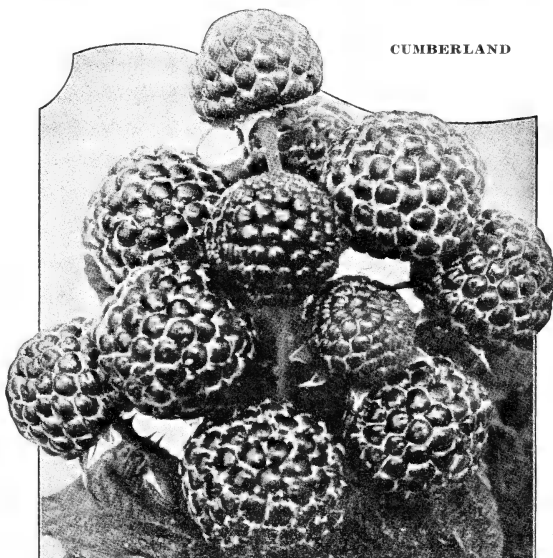
NEW LOGAN (Black)

One of the New Logan's outstanding characteristics is its resistance to mosaic and other raspberry diseases. It seems to outclass all other black raspberry varieties in this respect, and this is one of the primary reasons why it is gaining popularity. The berry ripens one week earlier than Cumberland. It is a heavier yielder and the glossy black berries are as large as that variety. It holds up well through drought, the last picking as fresh and free from seediness as the first.

A thrifty grower, and, although not as upright as Cumberland, our growers find this no objection if the summer shoots are topped higher than normal.

WEBSTER PURPLE RASPBERRY

We are indeed glad to offer this grand Purple Raspberry to our customers with a feeling that it will succeed for them and bring them profitable returns. We were compelled to discontinue offering the older varieties of the Purple Raspberries because of being so sub-



CUMBERLAND

ject to various Cane plant diseases and many of the Newer Purple varieties while more disease resistant were very poor quality. The Webster originated near Brant, N. Y., from a single plant. The fruits are very large and much superior to the old Columbia. In many ways the fruits resemble the New Sodus but are much less tart and have that fine Purple Raspberry flavor. The plants are of medium vigor producing its fruit well in the open. Note prices below.

SHUTTLEWORTH (Black)

We now offer the Shuttleworth as an improved type of the Plum Farmer making a welcome addition to our Black Raspberry listings. The Shuttleworth originated at Silver Creek, N. Y., on the berry farm of Mr. Shuttleworth who had been producing Plum Farmer for years. The plants are good thrifty growers, much more disease resistant than Plum Farmer. Fruit is large and attractive, excellent flavor and a heavier and more consistent bearer than Plum Farmer. It ripens earlier than Cumberland and in great Raspberry sections of Western N. Y. ranks second in acreage of Black Raspberries, being exceeded only by the Cumberland. Those who have grown Plum Farmer should especially welcome the Shuttleworth.

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE LOW PRICES ON ALL VARIETIES OF RASPBERRY PLANTS ALL PLANTS TRIPLE INSPECTED AND STRICTLY No. 1 GRADE OFFERED

All prices are net F.O.B. our Nursery. Special delivered prices quoted upon request.

	10	25	50	100	300	500	1000
CUMBERLAND, 1 yr., No. 1 tips.....	\$.75	\$1.40	\$2.30	\$4.00	\$9.75	\$12.80	\$23.75
NEW LOGAN, 1 yr., No. 1 tips.....	.80	1.45	2.40	4.15	10.15	13.40	24.95
SHUTTLEWORTH, 1 yr. No. 1 tips.....	.80	1.45	2.40	4.15	10.15	13.40	24.95
NEW MORRISON, 1 yr., No. 1 tips.....	1.25	2.50	4.00	7.00	18.00	25.00	47.50
Red Raspberry Plants							
LATHAM, 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.85	1.50	2.60	4.45	11.10	15.00	26.95
CHIEF, 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.85	1.50	2.60	4.45	11.10	15.00	26.95
NEWBURG, 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.90	1.55	2.65	4.60	11.45	15.65	28.20
TAYLOR (New Red) 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.90	1.60	2.70	4.70	11.85	16.25	29.40
MARCY (Nw Red) 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.95	1.65	2.90	5.10	12.95	18.15	33.00
Everbearing Red Raspberry Plants							
ST. REGIS (Red Raner) 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.85	1.50	2.60	4.45	11.10	15.00	26.95
INDIAN SUMMER, 1 yr., No. 1 succor plants.....	.90	1.60	2.75	4.85	12.20	16.90	30.60
Purple Raspberry Plants							
WEBSTER, 1 yr., No. 1 plants.....	.95	1.65	2.90	5.10	12.95	18.15	33.00

RELIABLE SOURCE OF INCOME

Grapes, Rhubarb, and Asparagus Prove Consistent Profit-Makers for Growers

LATHAM (Red)

Leads all Red Raspberries in Commercial Planting and Profits to the Grower

The new mosaic free hardy red raspberry. Without question Latham is the most profitable Red Raspberry for commercial planting. It is absolutely hardy. It can not be surpassed in productiveness, out-yielding even Cuthbert. Due to its rich brilliant red color it sells readily on market stands, and in addition is a delightful table berry and almost perfect for canning. The berries are large, round and unusually firm, exceptionally well suited for shipping to distant markets. It ripens evenly over a very long season.

We have some of the finest Latham plants we have ever grown this year.

NEWBURG (Red)

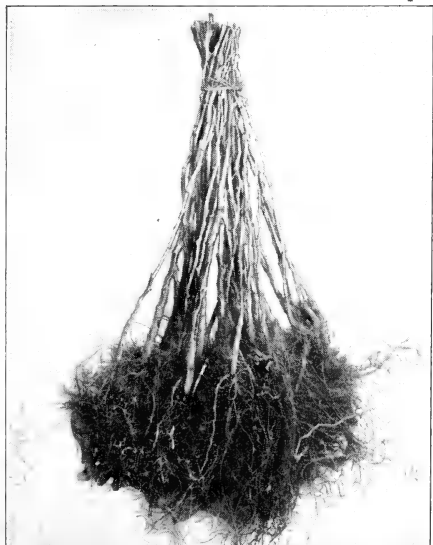
Gaining in Popularity Each Year Because of Fine Quality and Heavy Production

Newburg, a cross between Newman and Herbert, seems to be a most promising variety. The fruit is large, very firm, does not crumble, and is superior to Latham in quality. The color is a bright, attractive red. In keeping and shipping quality it has no superior. The plants are vigorous, hardy, and very productive, in fact, the weight of the fruit is so great that the canes are often bent to the ground. The fruit is borne out in the open where it may be readily picked. It is necessary to support them with wire along each side of the row.

CHIEF (Red)

Disease Resistance, High Quality, Consistent Heavy Production Makes Chief Our Leading Early Red Raspberry

Ripening ten days before Latham, being equally as productive as the Latham and of better quality than the Latham, it should be in every small fruit grower's planting. By using the Chief for an early red raspberry, Newburg for a mid-season and Latham for a late berry you have a combination that is bound to give you real profits. The Chief originating in the North is extremely hardy, very vigorous and especially resistant to mosaic. Our plants are unusually fine for the Chief this year and our prices are the same as for the Latham. Plant liberally of them.



A fair sample of our Well-Rooted Red Raspberry No. 1 plants. Plants such as these must give Results.



TAYLOR RED RASPBERRY

Introduced by N. Y. Experimental station fall season of 1935. This beautiful berry should have the consideration of every commercial raspberry grower.

The plants are vigorous, hardy, productive, tall growing and make new plants rapidly. The sturdy canes hold the berries well off the ground. The berries ripen shortly before Latham, are large, long conic, bright attractive red, thick fleshed, very firm, sub-acid and of excellent quality being superior to Latham. The berries do not cling to the bush and carry well to markets.

MARCY RED RASPBERRY

Considered the Best of the Recently Introduced Reds. Hardy, Strong Canes, Immense Berries, That Don't Crumble Are Making MARCY A Favorite.

Introduced by N. Y. Experimental station fall 1936. Said to be the largest of all Red Raspberries.

This variety seems to be adapting itself better to southern growing conditions than the Taylor, proving more disease resistant and is worthy of trial in all sections.

The berries are very large, long conic in shape, firm, thick fleshed, medium red, mild in flavor and of excellent quality. The plants are tall, vigorous, healthy, hardy and make many new plants. The sturdy canes usually do not need support, bear fruit out in the open which facilitates picking. The MARCY is worthy of planting for home use or commercial markets. Its immense size of berry, unusual vigor and productiveness should make this one of our great commercial berries of the future.

EVERBEARING RED RASPBERRIES

St. Regis Everbearing (Red Ranere)

The Old Standby of Everbearing Raspberries

The outstanding everbearing variety. It gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn. Fruiting on the old canes in generous quantities until late in August. By this time berries begin to ripen on the young canes and continue until late in autumn. Berries are a bright crimson of large size and of surprising quality; sugary with raspberry flavor. Without an equal and the dependable everbearing Raspberry.

The spring crop ripens before other varieties and in the South where it is grown extensively it yields a very heavy early crop and few berries in the fall. Noted for its disease resistance and ability to crop when planted in sandy soil. A fine market berry for all sections.

INDIAN SUMMER (Everbearing)

Proving more satisfactory each year as it fruits over wider areas. Many are planting Indian Summer as a one crop variety because of its vigor, large size, fine flavored berries and ripening before Chief.

Introduced by the N. Y. Experimental Station recently the Indian Summer seems to be meeting with general favor wherever planted. It is well adapted to home use and nearly commercial markets. The berries are much larger than any other so-called everbearing raspberry, roundish conic, slightly irregular, medium red, not too firm, crumble slightly and are excellent quality. The summer crop ripens very early, before Chief, the autumn crop from September on to frost. The plants are hardy, vigorous, about medium height, and bear heavy crops.

All Prices of Raspberry Plants on page 30



STRAWBERRIES

An Early Profit-Maker For Every Farm



IN THE YEARS OF LOW FARM INCOME STRAWBERRIES HAVE PROVEN THE GROWERS' MOST DEPENDABLE SOURCE OF INCOME. THEY REPRESENT A LOW INVESTMENT COST AND ARE KNOWN AS THE FARMERS' GREATEST EARLY MONEY CROP. THERE SHOULD BE A STRAWBERRY FIELD ON EVERY FARM.

Early Dug Bountiful Ridge Plants Placed In Cold Storage At Place of Planting Answers the Planter's Problem of Getting 100% Results From Their New Plantings.

Through the cooperation of various state officials, this practice has passed the Experimental stage and is now recognized as one of the practical methods for the large commercial grower to handle his spring planting of Strawberry Plants. Plants dug early with full vitality, properly packed and held under proper storage temperatures, have given better results than plants dug later from the same fields or from adjoining fields at planting point. Plants handled in this manner can be kept many weeks until your soil and moisture conditions are ideal for planting. Heavy rains at planting time need not worry you any longer. You know your plants are safe and being dug early there is no loss of energy—They will be waiting for you when your planting ground is ready.

During the past three years we have handled nearly one million plants each season in this manner, in the great berry sections of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. The average cost is about 5c per thousand for carrying these plants in storage—The cheapest insurance any planter can get.

Bountiful Ridge has led the way in this new method of handling plants and is an example of our alertness to the planter's needs. This practice should have the full consideration of every planter where storage facilities are available, and we will be glad to give detailed information upon request of how these plants should be handled in cold storage. This is an added Bountiful Ridge service, looking to greater satisfaction for the planter.

STRAWBERRY CULTURE

1. **Location, Soil and Preparation.** Adequate soil moisture is essential to growing good strawberries; therefore in choosing a location, carefully consider whether the type soil selected holds moisture well. Also take care that the contour of the land is such that frost pockets will not form late in the spring to freeze out the blossoms. Sites which are not affected by late frost are considered the best for strawberry culture. Plow and prepare the soil the same as for truck crops. Never plant in newly plowed sod land, however, as when the crab worms are always present in this type of soil and will do a lot of damage to the plants after being set. The soil should be high in humus for best results. Rye and crimson clover make splendid crops to turn under as a natural humus soil builder. However in using these, the land should be plowed far enough ahead so that the cover crop has plenty of time to decay before the plants are set.

2. **Time to Plant.** In the southern states from November to April is considered the best time for planting, March and April in the central states, and for the northern states, April and May the best time. We cannot too strongly urge early planting. Set the plants just as soon as the ground is workable in the spring. Should a cold snap follow, it will not damage the plants if they are properly set, and by setting early, the plants will grow better and be more productive in every way.

3. **Distance to Plant.** We recommend that strawberry plants be planted in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 feet apart, spacing the plants 15-30 inches apart in the row, depending on the variety. Everbearing varieties should be planted 12-16 inches apart. For planting in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and 18 inches apart in the rows, it requires 8,000 plants per acre, and in rows 4 feet apart and 18 inches apart in the row it requires 7,250 plants per acre.

4. **Care of Plants on Arrival.** Set plants immediately on arrival, if possible. However, if it is not convenient

to do so, the plants should be removed from the packages and placed in water to allow them to plump up before setting. If the plants become dried out in transit, they should be placed in water up to the crowns for at least 3 hours. When this is done the plants should be set as soon as possible after being taken from the water, but in no case should the tops of the plants be wet when being set if the sun is shining, because very often the tops will scald and damage the plants materially. If you are not able to plant immediately after the plants are watered, place the plants where they will be kept cool and cover the roots with moss; or dig a V-shaped trench, open the bundles, distribute the plants evenly in the trench, and cover them even with the surface of the ground and firm the soil. In this manner, they can be held until such a time as you are able to plant.

5. **Stock to Plant.** Our plants are strongly rooted with the finest type of fibrous roots that can be grown. We have developed our strawberry plant business until now we are shipping plants by the millions each season. Our shipping season opens October 1 and continues until May 10 each year. Special prices will be given for cooperative groups and club orders.

NOTICE: In order to facilitate the movement of our strawberry plant orders, **YOU WILL ALWAYS GET A SEPARATE ORDER ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR ANY STRAWBERRY PLANTS YOU ORDER AND YOUR STRAWBERRY PLANTS WILL BE SHIPPED INDEPENDENT OF OTHER STOCK ORDERED IN ALL CASES.** We do this because of the perishable nature of strawberry plants so do not feel alarmed if you get one part of your order and not the other at the same time. **OUR STRAWBERRY PLANTS WILL BE SHIPPED WHEN DIGGING CONDITIONS PERMIT AND ACCORDING TO YOUR DIRECTIONS AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE TO PLEASE THE STATE DEFINITELY WHEN YOU WISH YOUR PLANTS SHIPPED WHEN SENDING YOUR ORDER.**

Our Complete Detailed Culture Directions Will Be Sent Upon Request.

OUR STATE INSPECTORS ISSUE US SPECIAL STRAWBERRY PLANT CERTIFICATE CERTIFYING OUR PLANTS ARE FREE FROM INJURIOUS DISEASES.

A certificate like this goes on all Strawberry plant shipments from Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. With existing plant diseases you cannot afford to take chances.

PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS THIS YEAR.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

College Park, Md.

March 1, 1941

STATE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS Duplicate of Number 2

This is to certify, that the STRAWBERRY NURSERY PLANTS of THE BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES, Princess Anne, Md., have been inspected in accordance with the laws of Maryland, 1898, Chapter 289, Section 58, and the Rules and Regulations promulgated by the State Horticulture Department, 1939, governing the inspection, certification and transportation of Strawberry plants within the State, and that said plants are apparently free, so far as can be determined by inspection, from the RED STEELE ROOT ROT and other dangerously injurious plant diseases and insects pests.

This certificate is valid until September 30, 1942 unless sooner revoked.

Geo. S. LANKFORD, CHIEF INSPECTOR

E. H. JEHLE, STATE PATHOLOGIST

The New BLAKEMORE

U. S. D. A. Strain

The South and Central East's Greatest Early Commercial Berry Now Offered In
A Yellows Resistant Strain

NO STRAWBERRY GROWER CAN NOW AFFORD TO PLANT THE OLD TYPE BLAKEMORE AND THIS GREAT COMMERCIAL BERRY WILL CONTINUE TO BE ONE OF THE GREAT BERRIES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION.

In the south and central berry areas the Blakemore has proved to be one of the finest of all Early shipping berries. A cross between Premier and Missionary originated and introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Possibly no new variety has become so widely grown in so few years since introduction and proven so satisfactory as a commercial berry. The old type originally released showed a tendency to sport into inferior yellow foliaged strains. It is a very free plant maker and responds quickly to good treatment. It is an abundant bearer, the fruit averages large and retains its bright attractive red color even after being picked several days. Quality is superior to Missionary and Klondyke but not equal to Premier. It will ripen a few days earlier than Premier. The foliage is healthy and vigorous. The plants hold up well during a drought. The berries are firm and unexcelled as a long distance shipping berry and preferred by all Strawberry processing companies.

If your soil is only moderate in fertility PLANT BLAKEMORE and you are assured of a good set of plants for picking. Whether your soil is sandy or clay you can depend on Blakemore producing better beds and producing fruit where many other varieties will fail for you.



Bountiful Ridge Grown U.S.D.A. strain Blakemore Plants such as these must give results. We urge all Blakemore growers to plant only the U.S.D.A. Strain.

Over 8000 Quarts to Acre of U.S.D.A. Strain Blakemore

15,000 Plants Set Yield Over 1000 Crates Berries -
Dear Sirs: Crisfield, Md., June 6, 1940

I have already picked 918 24-qt. crates of Blakemore berries from the 15,000 plants bought of you last spring of the U.S.D.A. yellows free strain Blakemore. I am picking again today and will have well over 1000 crates from the field. They are out-yielding any other type Blakemore in this section.

Eugene Sterling

"It Pays to Plant Bountiful Ridge Grown U.S.D.A.
Strain Blakemore"

A WORD TO THE WISE ON THE PLANT SUPPLY FOR SPRING 1942

Farmers, Nurserymen and Horticulturists recognize the Summer of 1941 as one of the worst growing seasons for the production of Strawberry Plants we have had in the last decade. This abnormal dry season existed in practically every section of the U. S. and especially in the heavier berry and berry plant producing sections. Reduced fruiting beds and in many cases berry fields with low vitality means the Farmer should give his fruiting beds special care this year as prices for berries should be very high.

A careful survey of the Plant Nurseries, and we are no exception, in the East, Central and Northern areas show plant supply to be about 40% to 60% of normal quantity available. Our own supply is about 60% normal. This plant shortage is going to cause many disappointments to the late buyer and no doubt will result in some confusion as the planting season advances and WE RECOMMEND ALL PLANTERS TO TRY AND ANTICIPATE THEIR PLANTING NEED AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE AND COOPERATE WITH THE PLANT NURSERIES AS FAR AS POSSIBLE THIS YEAR. The digging and preparing of plants for shipment is all done by hand labor and an acute shortage of this class of labor is evident in the great plant producing areas. This puts an extra burden on the Nurseryman in trying to give service on orders placed with them and the planter can help materially by anticipating their needs as early as possible, and placing their plant orders EARLY.

Fairmore

A Fairfax-Blakemore Cross Produces A Great
Early Berry

Large Size — Good Quality — Firmness and Parentage
Recommends Fairmore for Extensive Trial by
Berry Growers of the Central and
Southern Areas.

The Fairmore is a cross between Fairfax and Blakemore, and both of these being Premier crosses we find much of the heavy producing habits and fine quality of the Premier predominating in the Fairmore. Tests so far reveal it will produce heavier per plant than the Blakemore and Missionary. The berries are large, very firm, and have brought a premium on the N. C. markets so far. The berry ripens early, about with Blakemore. When introduced it was not recommended for berry districts north of Norfolk, Va., but tests have proven it can be grown much farther North and having so much Premier parentage we recommend it be tried thoroughly in Southern Ohio, Penna., and Jersey berry sections.



Demonstration Plot of Bountiful Ridge Grown strawberry plants on the farm of Mont Smith, York County, Penna. Scene shows some of the many interested growers of that section inspecting the various varieties during the fruiting season of 1941. Test plots such as this is a part of our service to our customers in the great strawberry producing areas throughout the country. "PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PLANTS FOR BETTER RESULTS".

PREMIER LEADS ALL STRAWBERRIES IN NORTHERN PRODUCING AREAS

AN OLD FAVORITE AND POSSIBLY THE WORLD'S GREATEST STRAWBERRY
FROST-PROOF, PRODUCTIVE AND DEPENDABLE



Premier, America's Most Popular Berry.

DORSETT

THE BERRY SUPREME

One of The Best of The Recently Introduced Berries.
Proving the Ideal Commercial Berry, Combining
Vigorousness, Productiveness and Quality.

Released for introduction by the U. S. Department of Agriculture spring of 1933. The Dorsett surely makes a worthy companion for the Fairfax as each of them seem to have their advantages. The foliage of Dorsett resembles that of Blakemore to some extent, apparently not being as vigorous as Fairfax but equally as resistant to diseases. The foliage and fruiting stems are more erect than Premier and it is a free plant maker. The fruit is usually conic in shape. The color is bright red similar to Blakemore. The berries will average much larger than Blakemore although not quite so large as Fairfax. The flavor of Dorsett is not equal to Fairfax but superior to other Early berries and can be classed among the best. The Dorsett is not as firm as the Fairfax but is equal to Premier so should be a good commercial variety because of its productiveness, attractive color, and excellent quality for an early berry.

STARBRIGHT

(U. S. D. A. 2120)

FIRMNESS, BEAUTY, HIGH QUALITY, SIZE MAKES
STARBRIGHT ONE OF THE MOST OUTSTANDING
BERRIES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION

Starbright is a cross of Fairfax and Chesapeake and has been under test since 1933 and during the last two years has dominated all other berries ripening between Fairfax and Chesapeake. The plants are vigorous and healthy with strong crowns. Makes much better fruiting beds than Chesapeake. The berries are large, hold up well all through the fruiting season. Berries have bright glossy color, lighter color than Fairfax, are very firm and have very high quality. Where beauty and quality is a principal factor on your markets you should try Starbright. Recommended for planting from Virginia to southern New England and central western area.

No strawberry ever introduced has brought the returns to the grower that the Premier has, and it still stands unchallenged as a real money-maker. It has a record very hard to equal as an early market berry, and we cannot say too many good things about it. Consider these important facts about Premier and you can readily understand why we say this about it. Until the introduction of the Blakemore it had no equal as a variety that would adapt itself to most all soil and climatic conditions, whether the soil was sandy, clay loam or rocky, whether it was planted in North Carolina, Mass., or Ill., you always had an abundance of new plants that were thrifty and disease free. The land did not have to be rich. Of course, it will do better on good soils, but even on comparatively poor soil Premier always makes a showing for you. It can be considered almost frost-proof. It has never failed in a crop in this section since it was introduced. The berries average large and hold well under heavy crops and unfavorable seasonable conditions; it ripens over a comparatively long period, from two to three weeks; the berries have an attractive bright red color and unusual quality that is only surpassed by Chesapeake and possibly Red Gold. It is moderately firm and will carry well to markets up to three hundred miles and further if handled properly. It is the best of the tried and proven early varieties. As an assurance of next year's income, plant an acre or more of Bountiful Ridge grown PREMIER this spring.

HOWARD 17. Conceded by all eminent horticulturists to be the same as Premier.

FAIRFAX

ARISTOCRATIC RIVAL OF THE DORSETT

They Are Truly Magnificent—Examples of Productiveness and Wonderful Quality

Released for introduction by the U. S. Department of Agriculture spring of 1933 we predicted the Fairfax to be a great success and it has fulfilled our prediction. It has proved all that has been claimed for it and no grower of strawberries can afford to be without them. The foliage and fruit stems extend well above the ground which tends to give clean fruit and make the fruit more uniform. The Fairfax ripens about the same time as Premier, and its fruiting season extends over a long period. The quality of the Fairfax is equal to the best of our older varieties. The berries are large to very large, of a bright red color at picking time. Like the Bellmar it turns dark after being picked for several days but retains its flavor and firmness. The Fairfax should be planted for both home and commercial use.



One of the many fine strawberry fields in the great strawberry sections of Columbia and Dutchess County, N. Y., grown from Bountiful Ridge plants. Good plants properly grown, dug and handled, plus careful cultivation is the keynote of success. Beds such as these should and will produce heavy crops of fine large fruit.

“WHY TAKE CHANCES ON YOUR NEXT CROP?
BUY AND PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN
PLANTS”.

PATHFINDER

**VERY RESISTANT TO ROOT DISEASES
HAS COMMERCIAL POSSIBILITIES**

Originating at N. J. Experimental Station as the result of a cross between Premier and Aberdeen and formerly known as N. J. No. 35. Ripens about 3 days after Premier. The berries are regular, roundish conic in shape, medium to large in size, bright red in color, brisk sub-acid flavor with a quality rating of good. The plants are very vigorous and productive and thrive on heavier springy types of soil with plenty of moisture. Should be tried out in all berry growing sections but indications are that it will do best from central Jersey north or anywhere Premier can be grown successfully.

NANCY LEE A seedling of our own with unknown parentage. It has many of the characteristics of the Premier and Aroma. We have tested it thoroughly in the Nursery and its main points of merit are its unusual thriftiness and resistance to all diseases; its ability to crop under most trying conditions; its resistance to frost injury; its productiveness, and its superior quality to all other Early berries we have tested. It starts ripening a week before Premier and continues to give an abundance of Berries for nearly a month. The berries average large to very large, most of them having a double cap. It is shaped like the Premier and produces its berries near the ground like Premier.

ABERDEEN A comparatively new variety. The plants show unusual thriftiness, making abundance of new plants. The Aberdeen is unusually productive, equalling or surpassing the Premier. The berries will average larger than Premier, being somewhat pointed in shape, and most every berry is perfect in shape. Its ripening period extends from two to three weeks.

CATSKILL

IT HAS PROVED ITS RIGHT AS A LEADER OF MID-SEASON VARIETIES

A vigorous grower; somewhat frost resistant, extremely productive, equalling Dorsett and Premier; berries very large, firm and of good quality.

The Catskill is a product of the New York Experiment Station, being a cross between Marshall and Premier. It has found under test for the past six years and is now recognized as one of the best mid-season berries in cultivation. The foliage is healthy in this latitude. It is a good plant maker and has proved to be extremely productive. The berries are large as Big Joe and Chesapeake and of good quality although not rated quite up to Premier and Fairfax. We strongly recommend Catskill for this and more Northerly sections.

BIG JOE OUR MOST POPULAR MID-SEASON BERRY

A Beautiful Berry—A Money-Maker

No other mid-season berry has stood the test of varied soil and climatic conditions to which the Big Joe has been subjected to for the past twenty years and come through with the fine record it has for general hardiness, productiveness and being a profitable berry to grow. It will withstand as much rough treatment as any variety we know and still come through. It is a very large, attractive, dark bright red berry that will sell on any market. It can always be depended on to make a good set of plants and come through with a crop, a combination which makes it one of the most popular and profitable berries to grow.

**WILL ALWAYS RECOMMEND BOUNTIFUL
RIDGE STOCK**

Alexandria, Va., April 24, 1941

My dear Mr. Kemp:
Thank you very much for the grand order which you sent. The strawberries arrived Saturday and of course are about the finest I have ever seen. There seems to be no set back by transplanting.

We shall always be happy to recommend Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.
Mrs. Vilma K. Woodward

AROMA One of the best for its season, following closely on the Big Joe. The plant is very thrifty, and readily adapts itself wherever it is planted. The fruit is medium to late, dark bright red, the color carrying through the berry. It is firm and a good shipper. It is a good plant maker and very productive, the blossoms being very resistant to frost injury.

SEN. DUNLAP (Dr. Burrell). An old-time universal favorite of the Warfield type berry. Conceded to be the same as the Dr. Burrell. Makes abundance of thrifty plants even under adverse soil and climatic conditions. Very productive of medium-size berries of average quality.

DR. BURRELL Same as Senator Dunlap. For description see Senator Dunlap.

DRESDEN

RELEASED BY GEO. M. SLATE. THE ORIGINATOR OF THE CATSKILL AND TESTS SHOW IT TO HAVE MANY POINTS TO RECOMMEND IT FOR NORTHERN DISTRICTS.

Reports coming from Conn. where Dresden originated claim yields as high as 16,000 quarts to the acre. This is hard to believe but being a fine large berry of good quality and good plants we surely recommend it for trial in the northern berry areas. Mr. Slate who introduced the Catskill knows berries and it looks as though he has a rival for the Catskill in the Dresden. Berries ripen just before Catskill, are mostly conic to wedge shaped, rich strawberry color, moderately firm and fair to good quality. Plant some Dresden for trial this year.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS ARRIVED IN FINE CONDITION

Vanceburg, Ky., April 27, 1940

Kind Sirs:
I received the strawberry plants in good condition. Many thanks.
Edward Hanck

**ONE OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MID-
SEASON BERRIES OF RECENT
INTRODUCTION**



CATSKILL

These are Typical CATSKILL Berries, large size, Big Green Caps, Rich red Color and fine quality. The Catskill is challenging the Premier in many of the central and northern berry districts, outyielding nearly all other Mid-Season berries and commanding high prices. **BOUNTIFUL SELECTED STRAIN CATSKILL WILL BE MONEY MAKERS FOR YOU.**

CHESAPEAKE

QUALITY - BEAUTY - PRODUCTIVE

A THREE POINT WINNER

Given Good Care No Other Late Berry Will Equal It

It will not stand abuse, seeming to do best in dark, loamy soil and heavier soils where there is plenty of moisture. It will thrive on well tilled new land. Like the Premier, it is about frost-proof and bears abundantly, the plants having large, healthy foliage. The berries are large and attractive, being superior in quality. The berry is very firm, so you can ship it to distant markets.

WILLIAM BELT This variety is the standard of excellence for quality. Berries average large in size, being somewhat irregular in shape, having an attractive cap, and the berries themselves are a bright, glossy red, which makes them very handsome. On any market where quality and appearance predominate among the buyers the Wm. Belt will prove a good money-maker for the grower.

CULVER A product of the New York Experiment Station. We consider it the best of the late berries which they have released. It is a good plant maker; not so susceptible to leaf spot. The berries are very large, bright red color and excellent quality, and seemed quite firm here with us in our test block.

LUPTON A WORTHY RIVAL OF CHESAPEAKE

A fancy late shipping berry similar to Chesapeake in size and appearance but does not have the quality the Chesapeake has. We recommend it where you cannot get satisfactory beds of Chesapeake, because the Lupton will do equally well on most soils, making an abundance of plants and being a vigorous grower, and you can always depend on a good crop of Lupton berries.

PEARL A very late variety recommended to replace Gandy which it resembles very closely in both fruit and plant. More dependable for a crop than Gandy. The berries are large, bright red in color. Brisk acid in flavor and carry well to markets. Proving a favorite late berry in many northern districts.

REDSTAR (U.S.D.A. 2124)

Large, Bright Red Color, Excellent Quality, Very Late, Firmness, Qualifies the Redstar to Challenge All Other Very Late Varieties!

A Fairfax - Chesapeake cross under test since 1933 ripening later than Chesapeake and with or after Gandy and Orem. All test show it superior to Gandy in quality, beauty, productiveness. Berries do not turn dark and is strongly recommended for planting from Virginia north. Makes plants freely. Plants are very vigorous, have large crowns and heavy foliage, requiring normal moisture for best results. We have long needed a good very late berry and tests so far place REDSTAR at the top of all other very late varieties and challenging the popularity of the Chesapeake even tho a few days later, because of the free plant making habits. Truly a great companion of the Starbright.

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

BIG, LUSCIOUS BERRIES THRU LATE SUMMER AND FALL PAY BIG PROFITS
TO THE COMMERCIAL AND HOME GARDEN GROWER

THE GIANT **MASTODON** STILL REIGNS AS KING OF ALL
EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Harvest a crop three months after planting the plants and continue to pick the berries 'till frost comes. A few thousand Mastodon plants planted on good soil and cared for means an independent income. They require good, fertile soil, and if given this and good cultivation they will delight you with a fine crop of large, beautiful luscious berries. Our stock of Mastodon plants are genuine and selected for productiveness.

This variety is supreme among all ever-bearing varieties even as the Premier is supreme among the early spring bearing varieties. It outyielded some of our best June bearing sorts during their season and continues to bear throughout summer and fall berries of amazing size and superior quality, being very firm and attractive. For best results newly set plants should be de-budded up to July 1st. They will then bear very successfully by hill culture methods as well as matted bed row system. Where hill culture is practiced, set the plants 15 inches apart in the row and have rows from 2 to 2½ feet apart. This produces strong, robust hills that produce very heavily.

GEM A NEW AND
OUTSTANDING EVERBEARER

The most promising of all everbearing varieties recently introduced. Coming from the Middle West, it has adapted itself to our conditions on the Eastern Shore very readily. We find it to be an excellent plant maker, very productive. Berries are large and are real beauties of excellent quality. This is the Mastodon's closest rival. We can recommend it for trial.



Bountiful Ridge Grown CATSKILL plants such as these will bring results. They have heavy crowns, long roots and are free from Cape Cod Nematode which infests so many Catskill plants being sold by some sources. We caution planters to know where their Catskill plants are coming from; a small saving in price of plants can prove very costly. "IT WILL PAY YOU TO PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE GROWN CATSKILL THIS YEAR."



A strawberry picking scene on the farm of Wm. Fitz, York County, Penna. Mr. Fitz has been using Bountiful Ridge plants for several years and finds them superior and giving maximum yields. Mr. Fitz commands the best markets for his berries. "IT PAYS TO PLANT BOUNTIFUL RIDGE PLANTS".



"THE STAMP OF QUALITY"



This seal on the label of your Strawberry plants indicates they are Bountiful Ridge Grown and is your guarantee of True-To-Name, Thrifty, Productive, Dependable plants. Bountiful Ridge Plants are grown with extreme care, dug carefully without exposure, properly cleaned and packed in fresh clean moss so as to carry to all planting sections in the best of condition and are FAMOUS FOR GROWTH AND PRODUCTIVENESS.

OUR NEW PRICES FOR ALL VARIETIES OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS

ALL PLANTS GUARANTEED TO BE OF FIRST QUALITY, TRUE-TO-NAME AND FREE FROM ALL INJURIOUS DISEASES. Note our Special Plant Certificate on Page 32.

Plant a field of Strawberries this Spring for a guaranteed income next Spring. Write to us if you are interested in making a large planting for special quotation. Prepaid rates quoted to any place on request. Submit quantity and variety, and we will give delivered price on your planting needs so that you may know the exact cost. Samples gladly submitted if interested in large quantities. All plants are field grown.

All Prices Net, No Discount For Cash With Order. Prices are F.O.B. Princess Anne, Md.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED ON 7000 PLANTS OR MORE.

GET THESE PRICES BEFORE BUYING FROM ANY OTHER SOURCE.

NOTE: 500 or more at the 1000 rate.

Early Varieties		25	50	100	200	300	400	1000	2000 per 1000	3000 per 1000	4000 per 1000	5000 per 1000
BLAKEMORE	.....	\$ .40	\$.50	\$.75	\$1.30	\$1.80	\$2.20	\$5.00	\$4.90	\$4.80	\$4.65	\$4.50
NANCY LEE	.....	.40	.50	.85	1.60	2.25	2.80	6.50	6.40	6.30	6.15	6.00
DORSETT	.....	.45	.65	1.20	1.90	2.55	3.20	7.75	7.65	7.55	7.40	7.25
FAIRMORE	.....	.40	.50	.85	1.50	2.10	2.60	6.00	5.90	5.80	5.65	5.50
PREMIER	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.80	2.55	3.20	7.50	7.40	7.30	7.15	7.00
HOWARD 17	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.80	2.55	3.20	7.50	7.40	7.30	7.15	7.00
FAIRFAX	.....	.45	.65	1.20	1.90	2.55	3.20	7.75	7.65	7.55	7.40	7.25
SENATOR DUNLAP	.....	.40	.50	.85	1.50	2.10	2.60	6.00				

Mid-Season Varieties

PATHFINDER	.....	.45	.65	1.20	1.90	2.55	3.20	7.75				
CATSKILL	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.75	2.40	3.00	7.25	7.15	7.05	6.90	6.75
ABERDEEN	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.75	2.40	3.00	7.25				
BIG JOE	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.75	2.40	3.00	7.25	7.15	7.05	6.90	6.75
DRESDEN	.....	.45	.60	1.00	1.80	2.55	3.20	7.50				
AROMA	.....	.40	.50	.85	1.50	2.10	2.60	6.00				

Late Varieties

STARBRIGHT	.....	.50	.90	1.50	2.70	3.60	4.40	10.00	9.80	9.60	9.30	9.00
CHESAPEAKE	.....	.50	.75	1.25	2.10	2.85	3.40	8.00	7.90	7.80	7.65	7.50
WM. BELT	.....	.45	.65	1.00	1.75	2.45	3.15	7.00				
LUPTON	.....	.45	.65	1.00	1.75	2.45	3.15	7.00				
CULVER	.....	.45	.65	1.00	1.80	2.55	3.20	7.50				
PEARL	.....	.45	.65	1.00	1.75	2.45	3.15	7.00				
REDSTAR	.....	.50	.90	1.50	2.70	3.60	4.40	10.00				

Everbearing Varieties

MASTODON	.....	.70	1.10	1.80	3.30	4.50	5.40	12.50	12.40	12.30	12.15	12.00
GEM	.....	.70	1.10	1.80	3.30	4.50	5.40	12.50	12.40	12.30	12.15	12.00

Parcel Post Rates	25 Plants	50 Plants	100 Plants	300 Plants	500 Plants	1000 Plants	More than 1000 Ship by Express
1st and 2nd zones, up to 150 miles.....	8c	9c	12c	\$.20	\$.26	*\$.46	
3rd zone, 150 to 300 miles.....	10c	12c	18c	*.34	*.46	*.86	
4th zone, 300 to 600 miles.....	12c	16c	*28c	*.60	*.84	*1.48	
5th zone, 600 to 1,000 miles.....	15c	*30c	*30c	*.87	*1.23	*2.19	
6th zone, 1,000 to 1,400 miles.....	18c	*36c	*50c	*1.14	*1.92	*2.90	
7th zone, 1,400 to 1,800 miles.....	22c	*32c	*62c	*1.42	*2.02	*3.52	

If you wish your plants shipped by Parcel Post, please add enough for postage according to the above rates, otherwise they will be shipped by Express C.O.D. for the amount of postage.

* Cheaper by Express for number of plants in these zones.

Kemp's Bountiful Sure Crop Yellow Dent Field Corn

BECOMING MORE AND MORE POPULAR AS IT IS PLANTED OVER A WIDER AREA.
THE REAL VALUE OF THIS CORN IS IN ITS ABILITY TO GIVE YOU A CROP
UNDER NORMAL TO ADVERSE CONDITIONS.

One Penna. Grower reports 100% greater yield than Lancaster Sure Crop. Another Penna. 4H Club boy took a State wide prize for yield, 1939.

ORIGIN. Mr. Geo. W. Kemp, General Manager of our nursery, has been selecting to a type of corn after making a definite cross of Reids Yellow Dent and the Mammoth Yellow Dent. His efforts were rewarded with almost 100% reproduction to type, at the same time giving a medium-sized stalk that produces to a maximum under all conditions. The ears are produced from three to five feet from the ground on the stalk and under good growing conditions will run largely to two well-developed ears to the stalk. We have never given this corn much fertilization, trying to instill in it the habit of producing a maximum crop on just average soil, and this we have succeeded in doing. It can be termed as a 100-day corn and will do equally as well on practically all types of soil. The ears average long, with small to medium-sized cob and very deep grain.

We sell only the shelled corn for seed. All ears are carefully selected and the end grains shelled off before shipment to you. It is tested for germination, which insures you of good stands. Rest assured the corn is right, or the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries would not offer it to you.

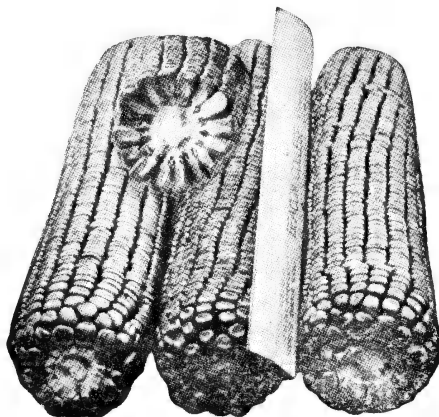
Peck, 75c; ½ bu., \$1.25; 1 bu., \$2.00; 3 bu., \$5.50.
Prices f.o.b. Princess Anne, Md.

BLACK WILSON SOY BEANS

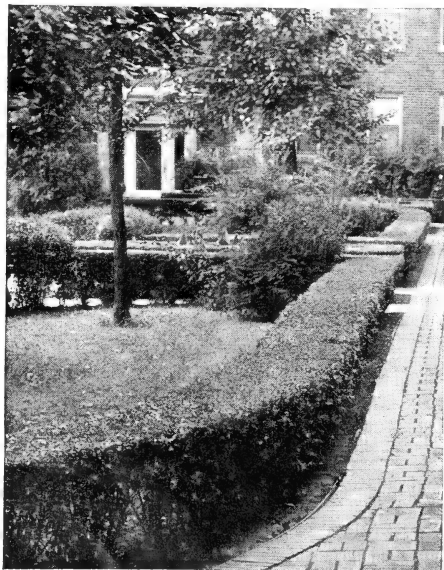
One of the Central and Northern District's Greatest
HAY and SOIL IMPROVEMENT CROPS

Widely planted in the Central and Northern areas for hay and soil improvement. Especially desirable for planting in orchards as green manure crop. Thrives on wide variety of soils and matures crop quickly. Will make good hay crop in 60 to 70 days after planting and mature beans in 100 to 120 days. Upright grower, average soils making 2½ to 3 ft. height. Stalks light, carrying good foliage. Some say it is better than Alfalfa for hay, especially dairy cattle feeding. Should be cut just as bean forms for hay. We have used the Black Wilson almost exclusively as a soil improvement crop here at Bountiful Ridge and seed offered is our own growing. GERMINATION TESTED SEED. Sow 1½ to 2 Bu. to acre for hay and green manure crop.

\$.65 peck; \$1.25 ½ bu.; \$2.00 per bu.; \$9.50 for 5 bu.
All prices net f.o.b. Princess Anne. Let us quote you on larger lots.



ORNAMENTAL HEDGES



REAL BEAUTY AND DISTINCTION AT LOW COST

THIS IS WHAT YOU CAN HAVE BY PLANTING JUDICIOUSLY OF THE HEDGE PLANTS WE OFFER YOU HERE.

THERE IS A PLANT FOR EVERY PURPOSE, SELECT THEM AND PLANT THEM AT THESE LOW PRICES.

NEW RED LEAF BARBERRY. Similar to Barberry Thunbergi but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous bronzy red. Becomes more brilliant throughout the summer. 12 to 15 in. transplants, 10 for \$2.50; 100 for \$20.00; 15 to 18 in. transplants, 10 for \$2.75; 100 for \$25.00; 18-24 in., 35c each.

JAPANESE BARBERRY. A pretty dwarf species. Handsome foliage of bright coppery red and orange in autumn and which remain on until late Fall. Lined with small scarlet berries which hang on until well into winter. 12 to 15 in. seedlings, 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50; 1000 for \$30.00; 12 to 15 in. transplants, 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.00; 18 to 24 in. transplants, 10 for \$2.50; 100 for \$20.00.

AMOUR RIVER PRIVET NORTH. A valuable ornamental shrub for hedges and borders; very hardy; foliage glossy green, all holds its color almost the entire year; will stand shearing to any extent. Well branched. 12 to 18 in., 10 for 60c; 100 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$40.00; 18 to 24 in., 10 for 75c; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$50.00.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. California Privet will give you living fences for less than you can build them of wire. Can be sheared into any shape or size 12 to 18 inches, 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100; \$35.00 per 1000; 18 to 24 in. 60c per 10; \$5.00 per 100; \$45.00 per 1000.

Nothing can quite take the place of Hedging for outlining formal beds and property lines.

PEONIES

OUR PEONY LISTINGS THIS YEAR RATE WITH THE BEST

You Have Here Beauty For Home And Commercial Planting; Size and Form of Blossom. Hardy, Profuse Blooming Types, Priced Economically for Fine, Disease Free, 3 to 5 Eye Divisions. Write for Free Cultural Directions.

GROUP NO. 1. Prices all varieties in this group, your selection:

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 10 for \$3.50

Adolphe Rousseau. Dark lustrous red. Double. Very large. Early mid-season.

Early June. Double. Rose Pink. Distinctive. Very Early.

Enchantresse. White. Double. Very Late. Splendid.

James Kelway. Double. Pale Pink. Early mid-season. All-purpose.

Jeannott. Double. Pale Rose-Pink. Exquisite. Late.

Lamartine. Double. Dark old-rose pink. Late.

Primivere. Anemone type. Canary yellow. Mid-season. Very desirable.

Solange. Double. Cream white. Late. Beautiful.

Tourangelle. Double. Pale cream white. Late.

GROUP NO. 2. Prices all varieties in this group, your choice:

35c each; 3 for \$1.00; 10 for \$3.00

Alsace Lorraine. Double. Pure white. Late Mid-season.

Avalanche. Double. Blush white. Late Mid-season.

Baroness Schroeder. Double. Flesh white. Late Mid-season.

Edulis Superba. Double. Rose pink. Extra early.

Felix Crousse. Double. Brilliant Crimson. Mid-season.

Festiva Maxima. Double. White. Early.

Fontenelle. Double. Brilliant Crimson. Early.

Georgiana Shaylor. Double. Rose pink. Late mid-season.

Lady Alexander Duff. Double. Blush Pink. Mid-season.

Benjamin Franklin. Double. Dark Crimson. Mid-season.

Madame Calet. Double. Very light old rose pink. Early.

Madame de Verneville. Double. White. Early.

Madame Emile Galle. Double. Rose pink. Late.

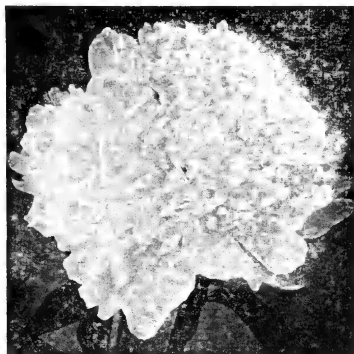
Messonnier. Double. Brilliant Crimson. Mid-season.

Mons Dupont. Double. White. Late Mid-season.

Octavie Demay. Double. Light old rose-pink. Early.

Sarah Bernhardt. Double. Dark pink. Late.

Umbellata Rosea. Double. Violet-rose. Very early.



FESTIVA MAXIMUM PEONY

DWARF CANNAS

All roots strong 2 and 3 eye divisions, 10c each; 90c for 10; \$7.00 per 100.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT. A sport of King Humbert but with green foliage and golden-yellow flowers. Occasionally there will be plants with bronze foliage and scarlet flowers.

KING HUMBERT. Truly the King of Cannas. Its foliage, which is of large size and a deep bronze, is striking. Flowers are borne in great profusion and are a rich coppery scarlet.

KING MIDAS. Finest yellow canna to date. Large heads of pure golden yellow. Vigorous grower.

THE PRESIDENT. Has no competitor as a red canna. The color is a rich glowing scarlet, flowers often 7 inches across on strong, erect stems well above the foliage. Foliage rich green.

FLORENCE VAUGHN. Medium height. Flowers yellow with red spots on petals and red throat. Green foliage.

MADAM CROZY. Dwarf habits. Flowers rich red with yellow edge, green foliage. Fine for border work.

GOLDEN GATE. Flowers open almost pure gold but soon become richly rayed with orange-crimson. Tall grower. Green foliage.

FIREBIRD. Medium height. Deep red flowers; bright green foliage.

CLIMBING VINES

PURPLE WISTERIA. Flowers light purple and blue in early spring, borne in large drooping clusters. Well adapted for arbor plantings. Price, 2-year grafted plants, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

WHITE WISTERIA. Resembles the purple variety, but with white flowers. Hardy and very desirable. Price, 2-year grafted plants, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Small Flowering Clematis). A great novelty from Japan. This variety of Clematis has proven to be one of the most desirable, useful and beautiful of hardy garden vines. Price, 2-year, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10; \$27.50 for 100.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI. (Large Flowering Clematis). It is a strong grower, and produces a mass of intense violet-purple flowers 4 to 6 inches in diameter from July until October. 2-year, 75c each; \$6.50 for 10.

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE (L. Halleana). A strong vigorous vine with pure white flowers, changing to yellow, foliage remains green well into winter; very fragrant and covered with flowers almost the entire season. 2-year strong plants, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10.

ENGLISH IVY, HEDERA HELIX. This popular ever green vine with medium sized dark green leaves is extensively used in this country for covering brick and stone walls and dwellings. 2-year, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.

BOSTON IVY. Foliage handsome in summer, changing to crimson-scarlet in autumn. Clings to walls and fences; fine for brick and stone. 2-year strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.

KUDZU VINE. Large foliage and dense shade, growing 50 feet in one season. Flowers plentiful in Aug-

ust; rosy-purple, pea-shaped—in small racemes. Good porch vine wherever it is able to withstand the cold winters. 2-year, 35c each; \$3.00 for 10.

SILVER LACE VINE. A quick growing climbing vine that can certainly be recommended for its thriftiness and beauty. The foliage is heavy, and it is literally covered with white, silvery blossoms from early August until fall. 60c each; \$5.50 for 10.



SILVER LACE VINE

FLOWERING SHRUBS

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME AT LOW COST WITH BOUNTIFUL RIDGE FLOWERING SHRUBS
A PROFUSION OF BLOOM—SPRING—SUMMER—FALL.

TALL GROWING AND DWARF TYPES, SUITABLE FOR SPECIMEN OR GROUP PLANTINGS.
ALL ARE LISTED AT MONEY SAVING PRICES.

ALL SHRUBS ARE WELL BRANCHED 2 YR. FIELD GROWN STOCK, BLOOMING SIZE

In many cases it would be better to plant Shrubs in groups of several to one side of the lawn instead of following the method of planting one in a certain place and spoiling the effect of the open lawn. In most cases, three, six, eight or twelve should be used in a particular grouping. Several such groupings make an excellent border or foundation planting.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). Double assorted colors; red, white, lavender and blue. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddlea)

One of our best everblooming shrubs. These new types are truly magnificent.

CHARMING. Magnificent long panicles of Rose Pink flowers cover this plant from early midsummer until frost, some panicles being 12 inches long. Very vigorous grower, good foliage and hardy in most sections. One of the best of the Buddleas of recent introduction. Heavy 2 yr., 2-3 ft. plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.

ILE DE FRANCE. The grandest of all purple types of Butterfly bush. Long tapering panicles borne in great profusion through the summer. Dark Blue with golden staymen presents a gorgeous sight. Plants more spreading than Charming and foliage darker green. A magnificent plant in any setting. Heavy, 2 yr. 2-3 ft. plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.

BEAUTYBUSH. General resemblance to both Weigela and Honey-suckle, beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers. Pale pink with orange veins in the throat. 18 to 24 inch, 70c each; 3 for \$1.75.

INDIAN CURRENT. Valuable for planting in shady places; foliage is very persistent. The fruit is purplish-red. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3; 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; \$1.25 for 3.

SNOWBERRY. An upright, low-growing shrub with pink flowers. Showy white berries in fall. 2 to 3 ft., 45c each; \$1.20 for 3.

SYMPHORICARPOS CHENAULTI (Improved Coralberry). This is a very beautiful hybrid originating at the Arnold Arboretum. Neat fine foliage on slender stems, bearing an abundance of white fruit with red spots. 18-24 in., 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

CREPE MYRTLE. Blooms throughout the summer great clusters of delicately fringed flowers. Perfectly hardy as far north as New Jersey. We have pink and red. 18 to 24 inch, 60c each; \$1.50 for 3.

DEUTZIA (Pride of Rochester). Produces white flowers tinged rose; vigorous grower, profuse bloomer, earliest to bloom. 18 to 24 inch, 30c each; 80c for 3; 2 to 3 feet., 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

DEUTZIA LEMOINE. Dwarf habit of growing. Literally covered with snow-white flowers. 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$1.35 for 3.

FORSYTHIA—GOLDEN BELL

Their Golden bell shaped flowers usher in SPRING.

FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA SPECTABILIS. Hardest of all Forsythias. Known as showy Border Forsythia. The most profuse bloomer of all Forsythias, bush being covered with bright golden yellow flowers from base to tips of branches. Erect grower, its long branches drooping slightly. 2-3 feet, 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

FORTUNE'S GOLDEN BELL (Forsythia Fortunei). Flowers bright yellow and appear before the leaves very early in the spring. 2 to 3 feet bushes, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

FORSYTHIA (Intermedia). Blooms early, frequently covered with golden flowers while the ground is still covered with snow. Not as tall as Fortunei. 2 to 3 foot plants, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

FORSYTHIA (Viridissima). Same habits as the Fortunei. Flowers deeper yellow and somewhat twisted. 2 to 3 foot plants, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

FLOWERING ALMOND, DOUBLE PINK (P. Jap. flo. plena rosea). A beautiful tree; covered in May with rose-colored blossoms like small roses; hardy. 18 to 24 inch, 60c each; \$1.50 for 3.

HONEY-SUCKLE, PINK TARTARIAN (L. Tartarica rosea). Pink flowers that make a lovely contrast with the foliage. Fine 2 to 3 foot bushes, 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

HONEY-SUCKLE, RED TARTARIAN (L. T. var. rubra). Blooms early in the spring; flowers a beautiful red. Fine 2 to 3 ft. plants, 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

EUROPEAN CRANBERRY BUSH. Handsome green foliage; large bunches of crimson berries throughout winter. The flowers are pure white. 2 to 3 foot, 60c each; \$1.65 for 3.

JAPAN QUINCE, SCARLET (C. Japonica, also Pyrus Japonica). Flowers a bright scarlet crimson, borne in great profusion in early spring; foliage bright glossy green. 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$1.25 for 3.



DEUTZIA

THE OLD FASHIONED LILACS AND HYBRID LILACS

Beauty, Color Contrast and Exquisite
Fragrance in Our Favorite Shrub.

CHARLES X (Hybrid). A hardy rugged grower with fine foliage. Large panicles of single reddish purple flowers, very fragrant. 18 to 24 inch plants, 70c each; 3 for \$1.90.

LUDWIG SPAETH (Hybrid). Very hardy, thrifty and heavy blooming type. Plants medium size. Flowers single, dark purple. Very beautiful and fragrant. 18 to 24 inch, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

MME. LEMOINE (Hybrid). One of the most appreciated white hybrid lilacs. Flowers are double and borne in large panicles, shading to a creamy white. Plant is vigorous and hardy. 18 to 24 inch, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

MRS. EDWARD HARDING (Hybrid). One of the rarest of our hybrid lilacs. Flowers almost pure red, very double and sweet scented. Plants are profuse bloomers and very vigorous. 2 yr. 18 inch plants, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.70.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN (Hybrid). One of our outstanding hybrid lilacs. Blossoms delicate bluish violet, single type. Plants bloom profusely and are hardy and vigorous. 2 yr., 18 inch plants, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.70.

LILAC, PRESIDENT GREY. Double, bright blue. 18 to 24 inch, 60c each; \$1.65 for 3.

LILAC, WHITE (S. Vulgaris Alba). Too well known to need description; its flowers are white and fragrant. Fine 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$1.35 for 3.

LILAC, PURPLE (S. Vulgaris). The well-known purple variety; always a standard sort. Fine 2 to 3 feet, 45c each; \$1.20 for 3.

LILAC, (Persian). A favorite among the purple lilac, having a rich color and unusually fragrant. 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$1.35 for 3.

HYDRANGEAS

Varied colors and types in this desirable shrub.

OAK LEAF HYDRANGEA. One of the best of the newer types of hydrangeas. Upright to drooping in growth, attractive foliage. Blossoms are compact, large panicles similar to hydrangeas on plant until September. Flowers changing in color from white to pink. A beautiful plant that you will enjoy. 2 to 3 ft. plants, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS STERILIS (Hills of Snow). Handsome foliage and snow white, ball-shaped clusters of flowers. Blooms the greater part of summer. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

HYDRANGEA (Paniculata Grandiflora). A shrub; flowers borne in huge panicles; light pink; changing to brown later in the fall; blooms in August and September. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

HYDRANGEA OTAKSA. Flowers generally blue, with a few exceptions, when they are a delicate pink. A Japanese variety. 2-year, No. 1 plants, 75c each; \$2.00 for 3.

PEARL BUSH (Exochorda Grandiflora). One of our grandest early white flowering shrubs; blossom and leaf buds breaking forth at same time the bush is completely covered with waxy-white flowers resembling mock orange. Plant is very hardy and erect grower. Blooming at same time as Forsythia its snow white flowers make a contrast combination. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER. Very popular low-growing bush, blooms all summer. Flower deep rose color. 12 to 18 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTE (S. Van Houttei). This is the most popular of all the Spireas. Its gracefully arching branches heaped as they are with the white blossoms in spring and its thriftiness under the most trying conditions are the reasons for its popularity. 18 to 24 inch, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10; \$15.00 for 100; \$125.00 for 1000; 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

SWEET SCENTED SHRUB or CALYCANTHUS. Desirable shrub. Wood is scented, the foliage rich, and flowers of a rare chocolate color, having a peculiar, delightful odor. The old fashioned shrub bush that used to be in every yard. 2 to 3 feet, 65c each; \$1.75 for 3.

MOCK ORANGE

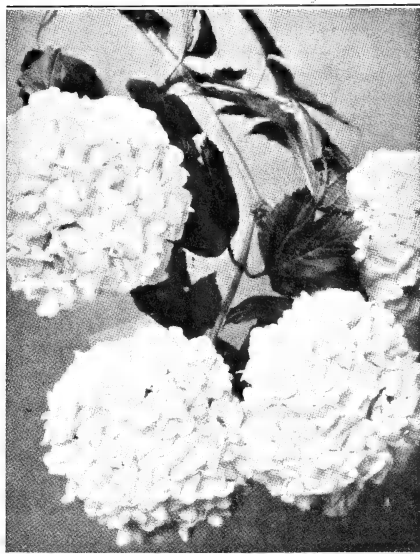
Delicate, exquisite beauty of flower and plant.

PHILADELPHUS, Grandiflora (Mock Orange). Large spreading bush, graceful drooping branches; flowers slightly fragrant. 2 to 3 feet, 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

PHILADELPHUS, Virginalis (New). Finest of the new Mock Oranges. Very large, white, fragrant flowers, blooms throughout the summer. 2 to 3 feet, 65c each; \$1.75 for 3.

PHILADELPHUS, Coronarius (Mock Orange). Pure white, very fragrant flowers; one of the first to bloom. 2 to 3 feet, 45c each; \$1.25 for 3.

TAMARIX AFRICANA. Upright habit, with airy, slender leaves and a profusion of dainty, soft pink flowers in May. 1½ to 2 feet, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.



SNOWBALL (VIBURNUM)

GARDENIA SCENTED SNOWBALL (Viburnum Burkwoodii)

Most Outstanding Shrub Introduction in Recent Years
New — Fragrant — Hardy

Waxy pinkish white flowers. Semi-evergreen. Brilliant autumn foliage.

Here is an improved Viburnum Carlesii as fragrant as Carlesii, but blooms one to two weeks earlier. Flower heads up to four inches wide and 100 to 150 individual flowers. Semi-evergreen—but still hardy and vigorous, growing 5 to 6 feet high. Brilliant fall coloring when growing in dry locations. Be the first to grow this new variety in your vicinity. 15 to 18 inch heavy, \$1.50 each; 3 for \$4.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75 each; 3 for \$4.75.

SNOWBALL COMMON. The old-fashioned Snowball; pure white flowers are produced in May and June. Fine 2 to 3 ft., 60c each; \$1.65 for 3.

JAPANESE SNOWBALL. Pure white blossoms, with heavy dark leaves; shows up remarkably well, when planted as a specimen or in a shrub group. 18 to 24 inch, 70c each; 3 for \$1.90.

WEIGELA

The most graceful and floriferous of shrubs, a plant of beauty wherever placed.

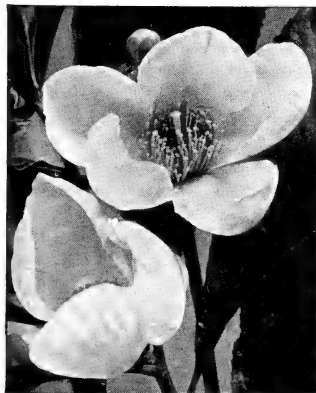
WEIGELA EVA RATHKE. Flowers a brilliant crimson; a beautiful clear, distinct shade. 18 to 24 inch bush, 50c each; \$1.35 for 3.

WEIGELA ROSEA. An elegant variety with fine rose-colored flowers appearing in June. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$1.00 for 3.

WEIGELA VAN HOUTTEI. A selected form of the Rosea, having deep rosy red blossoms borne in great profusion. Weeping and graceful habits of growth. A very beautiful type Weigela. 18-24 inch, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25.

The Rare "FRANKLINIA"

Beautiful blooms and blazing fall foliage bring beauty to any planting. Flowers start opening in Mid-August and continue to open until hard frosts. The flower buds appear like small balls covered with whitish-green satin; when as large as marbles they unfold; the guard petals emerge, satiny snow-white, elaborately frilled and pleated. The snowy frilly chalice, 3 inches in diameter and of piquant irregularity, holds a sumptuous mass of the rich orange golden stamen having a delicate balmy fragrance. The young leaves unfold a charming, delicate, bronze red; at maturity they are 5 to 6 inches long by about one-third as wide, a rich dark green with red veining. In Autumn the whole tree blazes a rich warm color. Produces a beautiful effect in any ornamental planting. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.25 each; 3 for \$3.25; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75 each; 3 for \$4.75; 2 to 3 feet, \$2.25 each.



THE FRANKLINIA



DOUBLE WEEPING CHERRY

WEEPING DOUBLE FLOWERING CHERRY

Grace and Beauty unequaled in our Double flowering weeping cherry.

Flowers are double, brilliant pink, borne in clusters with stems about 1 inch long. Blooms later than the Single Flowering type and about the same time as other double flowering cherry, being partly in leaf when blooms appear. A grand sight to behold when in full bloom. Well developed heads on 5 to 6 ft. stems, \$2.75 each; 3 for \$7.50.

Other Desirable Flowering and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs

THE BEAUTIFUL MAGNOLIAS

MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA. The great evergreen, large flowering magnolia of the South, and central areas. The most beautiful of all evergreen trees; its immense saucer like, white shading to cream and very fragrant flowers present a striking appearance contrasted with the large glossy green leaves. Natural Pyramidal growth and very handsome. Not hardy north of southern New York. 2 to 3 ft. size, \$1.35 each; 3 for \$3.50.

MAGNOLIA STELLATA (The Star Magnolia). A distinct and charming slow growing magnolia. Blooms before foliage appears. Flowers pure white, semi-double and fragrant. A profuse bloomer and very attractive. 2-3 ft. plants, \$2.50 each; 3 for \$7.00.

THE NEW WATER LILY MAGNOLIA

This variation of the Stellata type Magnolia was named Water Lily because the flower resembled a water lily and is very fragrant. Plant grows pyramidal in shape, bushy and compact. Medium rapid grower and bears flowers in great profusion, blooming approximately two weeks later than the Stellata. Flowers often measure 6 inches across, having from three to five layers of petals, being beautiful bluish pink fading to white. Truly a magnificent magnolia. 15-18 inch, \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.40.

MAGNOLIA SOLANGEANA. One of the best known of the deciduous Magnolias. Perfectly hardy and a very beautiful plant when in bloom. Blossoms are large purplish-pink, and white and usually appear on the plant just before the leaves come out. Should be transplanted in Early Spring for best results. 2-3 ft. plants, \$2.00 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each.

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB (P. Augustifolia). One of the most beautiful of the flowering crabs; tree medium size, covered in early spring with large, double, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. 3 to 4 feet, \$5c each; \$2.25 for 3; 2 to 3 feet, 70c each; \$1.00 for 3.

JUDAS TREE OR RED BUD (C. Canadensis). A medium-sized tree with large, irregular head and perfect heart-shaped leaves. The profusion of delicate red-dish-pink blossoms with which it is covered in early spring before the foliage appears make it one of the finest ornamental trees. 3 to 4 ft., 75c each; \$2.00 for 3.

Double Flowering Cherry

THE BEAUTY TREE OF AMERICA

A Grand Selection of Upright Tree

Form Types

Our Flowering Cherry Are Well Branched

Blooming Size Trees

KWANZAN. Large, double, pink blossoms borne in profusion. Tree vigorous and upright in growth. One of the best of the pinks.

AMANAGAWA. Large double blossoms, not so intense pink as Kwanzan; forms a beautiful tree and should be in your collection.

MT. FUJI. Without a doubt the very best white flowering cherry. We have never seen such clusters of snow-white double blossoms as this tree bears in the spring. Tree upright in growth but droops naturally when in bloom.

NADEN. Large pale pink flowers, being very double. Tree upright and spreading; presents a most beautiful sight when in bloom.

KOFUGEN. One of the most profuse blooming flowering cherry. Flowers are very large and very double, sometimes being almost pure red. Tree vigorous, spreading. Should be in every planting if you wish real beauty.

Prices all types upright Tree form, Double Flowering Cherry (all blooming size trees): 5 to 6 ft. branched, \$2.00 each; 4 to 5 ft. branched, \$1.65 each; 3 to 4 ft. branched, \$1.35 each; 2 to 3 ft. whips and branched, \$1.00 each.

THE GORGEOUS FLOWERING DOGWOODS

DOGWOOD, WHITE FLOWERING (Cornus Florida). Large white flowers appear in the spring before the leaves. Scarlet fruits are borne in the autumn and the leaves turn to a deep red. 3 to 4 ft., 75c each; \$2.00 for 3; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00 each; \$2.75 for 3.

DOGWOOD (Pink Flowering). A colored form of the native species Dogwood. Same habits of growth, period of bloom and general behavior; bright, deep rose-colored blossoms. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; \$4.00 for 3; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.25 each; \$6.00 for 3.

DOUBLE FLOWERING PEACH. During early spring, flowers almost completely envelop the limbs of this beautiful flowering tree. The flowers are very double, almost like a small rose and present a striking appearance. Trees are hardy anywhere peaches can be grown. Can be supplied in double red, double white, and double pink. 3-4 ft. sturdy trees, well branched, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

PAULS SCARLET THORN. The grandest and most floriferous of all the Hawthornes. The rich brilliant double scarlet flowers presents a striking appearance during the early spring. These combined with the healthy, vigorous habits of the tree, being very hardy, make it a general favorite. 5-6 feet trees, well branched, \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.50; 4-5 feet, \$1.50 each.

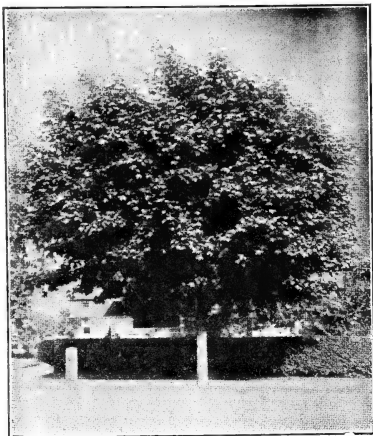
PURPLE AND RED LEAVED TREES

BLOOD LEAF MAPLE. We offer this rare and beautiful tree in grafted stock. A good dwarf tree with rich purplish-red leaves. All plants are selected to type. 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.50.

PRUNUS PISSARDI (Purple-Leaved). Leaves when young are a lustrous crimson, changing to dark purple, and retain this beautiful tint until they drop late in the autumn; no other purple-leaved tree retains its color like this. Flowers small, white, single, covering the tree. 5 to 6 feet, 75c each; \$2.00 for 3.

PURPLE LEAFED MAPLE. A selected variation of the Red Leaf Maple, with leaves slightly larger and heavier. The foliage gives a darker red appearance throughout the year than the Red Leaf Maple. Those desiring real contrast of color in ornamental plantings should try this plant. 18-24 inch plants, \$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.

We give special prices for street and park planting using twenty trees or more. Write to us, giving quantities and grades desired.



NORWAY MAPLE

SWEET GUM. Sometimes called the Star tree, because its leaves are shaped similarly to a star. Develops into a beautiful symmetrically shaped tree. The corky ridged bark of the branches and larger limbs, present a unique appearance. Leaves are bright green changing to a pleasing tone of crimson in the autumn. A shade tree you will appreciate. 5-6 feet, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.50; 6-8 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 for \$4.00; 8-10 feet, \$2.00 each.

CHINESE ELM. Tree upright, extreme end of branches drooping. Very dense, making good shade. Fast growing and resistant to drought and cold. 5 to 6 feet, 75c each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 for 10; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each.

ELM, AMERICAN WHITE (U. Americana). A magnificent tree growing 80 to 100 feet high with drooping, spreading branches. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 for 10.

BIRCH WHITE (Betula Alba European). Erect growing. Branches slightly drooping and attractive bark which is almost white. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10; 4 to 6 feet, 90c each; \$7.50 for 10.

WHITE BIRCH CLUMPS (European). Same as regular White Birch except grown in clumps of 3 or more stems from a main stem at ground level. Produces very beautiful effect and very desirable for screen planting. 5 to 6 ft., 3 or more stems, \$1.50 each.

MULBERRY, NEW AMERICAN. Large fruit; black; delicious flavor; very attractive lawn tree, large leaves. Rapid grower, hardy. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each.

MAPLE, NORWAY (A. Platanoides). A large, handsome tree, with broad, deep green foliage; has a very compact growth. A valuable tree for parks, lawns or streets. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; \$12.50 for 10; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each; \$17.50 for 10; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each; 12 to 14 feet, \$3.50 each.

MAPLE, SILVER-LEAVED or SOFT (A. Dasycarpum). A rapid growing tree of large size, irregular, rounded form; foliage bright green above and silver beneath; a favorite street and park tree. 6 to 8 feet, 75c each; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.35 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.65 each; \$15.00 for 10; 12 to 14 feet, \$2.25 each; 14 to 16 ft., \$3.00 each.

MAPLE, SUGAR or HARD (A. Saccharum). A well-known native tree valuable both for the production of sugar and wood; very desirable. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.35 each.

SCHWEDLER'S PURPLE LEAVED MAPLE. Probably our best, large growing purple leaved tree, of the sugar maple type. 6 to 8 ft., \$2.00 each; \$17.50 for 10.

ORIENTAL PLANE or EUROPEAN SYCAMORE (P. Orientalis). A rapid-growing, erect tree with bright green foliage; much more esteemed than the American variety as a shade tree, very desirable for parks, streets and lawns. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each; \$15.00 for 10.

POPLAR, LOMBARDY. Grows to immense height. Used for roadside planting or to break the monotony of low, round-top trees. Also beautiful as a screen or windbreak. 6 to 8 feet, 75c each; 4 to 6 feet, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10; \$40.00 for 100.

TULIP TREE (L. Tulipifera). A magnificent rapid-growing tree with light green, glossy, fiddle-shaped leaves and greenish-yellow, tulip-shaped flowers. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.60 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; 4-6 feet, 75c each.

Low-Priced Small Size Shade Trees

These well rooted straight trees mostly whips with few branches will grow and develop rapidly into fine shade trees and offer you a chance to have an abundance of shade about your home at an extremely low cost.

Order trees in quantities offered of each variety.

CORKSCREW WILLOW. A rare unusual tree. All the grace and beauty of the old Willow with the limbs and twigs twisted in a spiral or corkscrew fashion, giving tre a striking effect. 3-4 foot, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.75.

BABYLONIAN WEEPING WILLOW. The well known common weeping willow, known in all sections. 3-4 foot, 25c each; 3 for 60c; 6 for \$1.00.

LOMBARDY POPLAR. Ideal for screen and wind-break planting. The old favorite. 4-5 ft., light, 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

NORWAY MAPLE. Our most widely planted lawn and street shade tree, forming dense round top. 4-5 ft., 60c each; 3 for \$1.50; 5-6 ft., 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

CHINESE ELM. A hardy rapid growing, very popular type of the elm of recent introduction, proving the most satisfactory of all rapid growing trees. 4-5 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00; 10 for \$3.00; 3 to 4 feet light, 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.00.

SILVER LEAVED MAPLE. The old standby in rapid growing shade trees in many sections. 4-5 feet light, 30c each; 5 for \$1.25; 10 for \$2.00.

Weeping Ornamental Trees

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY (Morus Tartarica Pendula). A graceful hardy tree, forming a umbrella-shaped head, with willowy branches drooping to the ground, foliage small, lobed, and fresh, glossy green. First-class 2-year heads, 5 to 6 foot stems, \$2.75 each;

WEEPING WILLOW, WISCONSIN. The well-known common weeping willow; makes a large tree covered with drooping branches. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.35 each; \$12.50 for 10.

CUT LEAF WEEPING BIRCH. One of the most beautiful weeping trees now offered. Pyramidal in growth habit. Dark green leaves and shiny white bark. 6 to 8 foot trees, \$1.75 each; \$16.00 for 10; 5 to 6 foot, \$1.50 each; \$14.00 for 10.

N. H. CUSTOMER PLEASED

Surry, N. H., May 9, 1941

Dear Sirs:

We received the trees and bushes today. All O. K. Thanks. Ernest W. Ball

STOCK OF EXCELLENT QUALITY

Durham, N. C., August 17, 1941

Dear Sirs:

The trees were excellent quality. You have superb nursery stock. Mrs. W. P. Few

NICEST TREES HE EVER SAW

Gentlemen:

Lillington, N. C., January 27, 1941

I received my order of trees from you December 27, 1940. I thank you very much. It was the nicest lot of trees that I have ever seen. G. B. Spence

Hardy Evergreens

Plants Listed in This Group Shipped with Ball of Earth

ARBORVITAE (American). Very hardy, grows rapidly, forms a beautiful hedge, very dense. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.25 each

ARBORVITAE (Pyramidalis). A superb, hardy sort, very compact habit and grows in a perfect column. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.00 each.

ARBORVITAE GLOBE (Thuya Globosa). A perfect globe when well grown, the spread usually equaling the height. Foliage of light green. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25 each; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50 each.

ARBORVITAE BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN (Biota Aurea Nana). Beautiful conical form, very dense and compact. A dwarf type with golden foliage. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.50 each.

IRISH JUNIPER. Very erect, forming a column of deep green foliage; a general favorite for its beauty and hardihood. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.75 each.

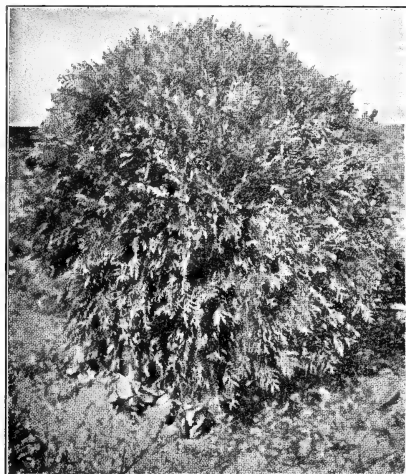
PFITZERIANA JUNIPER. Very hardy, valuable spreading variety with silvery green color. Both the main stems and lateral shoots have a light, feathery appearance. 18 to 24 in., \$1.75 each; 12 to 18 in., \$1.35 each.

SPINY GREEK JUNIPER (J. excelsa stricta). An unusually attractive dwarf pyramidal form with very compact bluish-green foliage. Vigorous in growth, and not particular as to soil. 9 to 12 inch, \$1.00 each; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.05 each.

JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA GLAUCA. The beautiful silver cedar. Tall, narrow columnar form with distinct blue-gray foliage that retains its rich color throughout the year. 18-24 inch plants, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.50.

TAXUS MEDIA HICKSI. A distinct columnar form with upright branches with radially spread leaves. Not as compact as the Irish Yew, but somewhat harder. 18-24 inch, \$1.65 each; 24-30 inch, \$2.25 each.

TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Japanese Yew). One of the hardest of Yews. Upright, spreading nature, with rich green foliage. A beautiful, medium-sized specimen, well suited for foundation planting. Price 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75 each.



GLOBE ARBORVITAE

TAXUS BACCATA HIBERNICA (Irish Yew). One of the most desirable evergreens, columnar habit. Very compact, upright branches, leaves radially arranged around the branches. Dark rich glossy green. 18-21 inch plants, \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.00; 21-24 inch plants, \$2.50 each; 3 for \$6.75.

TAXUS BACCATA REPANDENS. A low spreading form of the English Yew. Dark bluish green, narrow and long leaves. One of the best spreading forms of the Yew; being almost as hardy as the Cuspidata and holds its color much better. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.65 each; 3 for \$4.50.

SMALL LOW-PRICED EVERGREENS

Our Finest Types Evergreens Now Offered in Small Size Heavy Rooted Plants. All Shipped Bare Rooted, Packed in Peat Moss, by Express and Parcel Post.

BEAUTIFY YOUR ENTIRE HOME FOR LESS THAN \$10.00.

Special planting instructions sent with each shipment.

GLOBE ARBORVITAE. A perfect globe type evergreen, the spread usually equaling the height. 9-12 inch, 65c each; 3 for \$1.75.

PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE. A very hardy compact evergreen, grows natural in perfect pyramidal shape. 12-18 inch size, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

AMERICAN ARBORVITAE. Outclasses other Arborvitae type evergreens in hardiness, graceful habits, beautiful foliage. More widely planted than any other evergreen. Suitable for foundation, hedge and windbreak planting. 15-18 inch size, 65c each; 3 for \$1.75.

BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN ARBORVITAE (Biota Aureana). The favorite of all dwarf golden compact evergreens, always retaining its beautiful conical form. 8-10 inch, 65c each; 3 for \$1.75.

IRISH JUNIPER. Very erect, forming a natural dense column, deep blue-green foliage. 12-15 inch plants, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25.

SAVIN JUNIPER. Rich, dark green, spreading type Juniper, a little more upright than the Pfitzeriana. 6-8 inch plants, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25.

PFITZER JUNIPER. Favorite of all spreading junipers. Very hardy, beautiful silvery blue-green foliage. 6-8 inch plants, 60c each; 3 for \$1.50.

TAXUS CUSPIDATA JAPANESE YEW. The well known spreading type, hardy Japanese Yew. Withstands shade or full sunshine, retaining dark green foliage throughout the year. 12-15 inch size, 90c each; 3 for \$2.50.

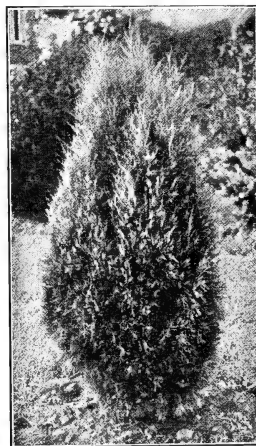
TAXUS CUSPIDATA CAPITATA. Upright tree form Japanese Yew. A fine form of the famous Yew family. Disease resistant and hardy. 8-10 inch transplanted plants, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25.

TAXUS BACCATA REPANDENS. A low wide spreading form of the English Yew. Dull bluish green, narrow and long leaves, hardy. 8-10 inch plants, 60c each; 3 for \$1.50.

TAXUS MEDIA HICKSI. A distinct columnar form with upright branches with radially spread leaves. Not as compact as the Irish Yew, but somewhat harder. 12-15 inch light plants, 70c each; 3 for \$1.75.

HEATH RETINOSPORA. A distinct pyramidal, semi-dwarf evergreen with heathlike foliage, being beautiful bluish green through summer growing season, shading to a light bronze in the autumn. 9-12 plant, bare root, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

GOLDUST RETINOSPORA (Lovetts). Soft, feathery, rich golden foliage growing compact and graceful in its habits. Very hardy and stands shearing well. Ideal for foundation plantings. 9-12 inch plants, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.



IRISH JUNIPER

Broad-Leaved Evergreens

ABELIA OR BUSH ARBUTUS

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA. Foliage dark green, glossy, its arching branches have a distinct shade of red. From May until Frost this plant is covered with pinkish-white bell-shaped flowers. 18 to 24 in. 75c each; \$6.00 for 10; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

THE BEAUTIFUL RHODODENDRONS

RHODODENDRON CAROLINA (Carolinianum). This hardy Rhododendron with clear, pink flowers borne in great masses is the first of the Rhododendrons to bloom. Heavy plants, 18 to 24 inch, \$2.50 each.

RHODODENDRON CATAWHA (Catawbiense). Medium, large-growing Rhododendron and very hardy. Valuable for foundation work in shady places. Follows the Carolina in blooming, large clusters of rosy lavender flowers. Heavy plants, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 each.

RHODODENDRON ROSEBAY (Maximum). The favorite of many. Almost pure white flowers borne in great profusion late in the spring. Large, dark green foliage is unusually attractive. Grows more compact than other Rhododendrons; extremely hardy. 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 each.

NANDINA DOMESTICA (Heavenly Bamboo). A very showy shrub of medium height with large clusters of small red berries in the autumn. Its dark green foliage assumes a gorgeous orange red or crimson color in winter. Thrives well in any well-drained, loamy soil, and is very hardy. One of the plants which is used in all the better class of landscape work. 18-24 inch, \$1.25 each.

AMERICAN HOLLY. The Christmas Holly. Its bright green, spiny leaves and brilliant scarlet berries make it one of the handsomest evergreen shade trees. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.75 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.25 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$3.50 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$4.00 each.

SCOTCH BROOM. A most pleasing and attractive shrub. The bright green of the trunk and branches makes this shrub look like an evergreen. Flowers rich yellow in color cover the branches abundantly. Medium early and continues to bloom for about six weeks. 18 to 24 inch, heavy, \$1.00 each.

HARDY EVERGREEN AZALEAS

AMOENA. A dense, dwarf-growing evergreen shrub. Semi-double flowers of bright, cheerful rosy-purple, produced in great numbers. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50 each; 10 to 12 inch, \$1.25 each.

HINODEGIRI. Is of broad, spreading habit; with beautiful evergreen foliage and many fiery-red, single flowers. Bushy plants, 10 to 12 inches, \$1.35 each; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.75 each; 8 to 10 inch, \$1.15 each.

FLAME. Brilliant red flowers borne in great profusion, blend to coppery red and present a stunning appearance. An early bloomer with glossy evergreen foliage. One of the best Kurumes. Bushy blooming size plants, 6 to 8 inch, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75.

SWEET BRIER. One of the newer Kurumes, and one of the hardiest. A thrifty grower and profuse bloomer of large, rose-pink attractive flowers. Presents a beautiful contrast to the Flame and Hinodegiri and much admired by azalea critics. Evergreen foliage. 6 to 8 inch, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.75.

DECIDUOUS AZALEAS

For richness of color and vivid fall foliage plant the hardy deciduous azaleas.

KIRISHIMA (Damask Rose). This is a rare and very beautiful plant of the deciduous azalea. Its large white flowers with pale scarlet centers borne in great profusion is greatly admired. Combine this with our *Calendulacea* for contrast and beauty. Well branched. 8 to 12 inch plants, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

CALENDULACEA (Flame Azalea). The great Flame Azalea of the Southern Mountains. The blossoms range from Flame color through shades of red and yellow, remaining in bloom for several weeks. Very hardy and a profuse bloomer, thrives on partial shade and a plant of beauty among Evergreen, Rhododendrons and shrub borders. 18-24 inch well branched plants, \$1.25 each; 3 for \$3.50.

LEDIFOLIA ALBA. Possibly the best of all White Deciduous Azaleas. Flowers very large and pure white. Plants are thrifty and very hardy. Its brilliant white flowers are borne in great profusion. Well branched 10-12 inch plants, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.75.

BOXWOOD

BOXWOOD SEMPERVIRENS. A compact grower, thrives in any soil, and does well in shady places. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.65 each; \$15.00 for 10.

SUFFRUTICOSA (True Dwarf Box). For edging the borders of flower beds or for planting along walks. Retains its dwarf size, never growing tall. 4 to 6 in. \$2.50 for 10; \$20.00 per 100; 6 to 8 inch, 45c each; \$4.00 per 100; 8 to 10 inch, sheared, \$1.00 each; \$8.50 for 10.

CUSHION CHRYSANTHEMUM

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL BORDER AND BEDDING PLANT INTRODUCED IN RECENT YEARS.

Covered with hundreds of "Miniature Mums" from July until heavy frosts. A perennial that should be in every garden and about every home. Gorgeous for dainty Bouquets. We have White, Pink, and Yellow colors. State which color wanted.

Strong, well rooted single plants, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10. Heavy, well branched clump plants, 2yr. 50c each; \$4.00 for 10.

Successful Planting and Care

We have prepared special transplanting and cultural directions on all classes of tree fruits and berries we list and will gladly mail these to you upon request. These directions are very complete and should be a valuable aid to your success with the trees and plants you purchase. We list here just a few specific instructions which you should follow carefully.

Be sure to remove label wire before tree begins to grow or it will be fatally injured through strangulation.

CARE OF STOCK ON ARRIVAL

The bundles should be opened immediately, the roots dipped in water, then heeled in moist ground, so that the mellow earth will come in contact with the roots and thoroughly protect them from the air, having the earth tramped solid about them.

GENERAL PLANTING

The ground should be carefully prepared by deep plowing and firming down with a disc and harrow.

The holes for planting must be large enough to receive the roots freely, without cramping or bending them from their natural position. All broken or mutilated portions of the roots must be cut off so as to leave the ends smooth and sound. All trees should be planted two or three inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row; pack the soil very firmly about the roots by tramping with the feet, being careful not to hurt or break the roots. Leave three inches of the surface soil loose to serve as a mulch. If the ground is very dry apply one or two pails of water before this soil mulch is in place, and after the water has soaked away it can then be placed over the moist soil. Never put manure so as to come in contact with the roots of any plant or tree.

How to Plant Evergreens

- 1) Dig hole a foot larger and deeper than ball of earth. Provide good, loamy top soil to fill around ball.



GENERAL HINTS ON PLANTING DISTANCES, ETC.

Distance for Planting—Square Method

Distances for planting different kinds of fruit trees, etc., square method.

Peach. 16 to 26 feet apart each way.

Standard Apple. 25 to 40 feet apart each way.

Cherry (sour). 16 to 25 feet apart each way.

Cherry (sweet). 24 to 40 feet apart each way.

Standard Pear. 24 to 40 feet apart each way.

Plum. 20 to 24 feet apart each way.

Pecans and Black Walnuts. 40 ft. to 80 ft.

English Walnut. 30 ft. to 40 ft.

Filberts. 6 ft. to 8 ft.

Grape Vines. Rows 8 to 10 feet apart, 8 feet apart in row.

Black Raspberries and Dewberries. Rows 4 feet apart, 4 to 5 feet apart in row.

Blackberries. Rows 6 feet apart, 3 feet apart in row.

Red Raspberries. Rows 5 to 6 feet apart, 2 to 3 feet apart in rows.

Strawberries, Field Culture. Rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart, 15 to 30 inches apart in row.

Strawberries, Garden Culture. Rows 24 to 30 inches apart, 12 to 18 inches in row.

Asparagus (field grown). Rows 5 feet apart, 18 to 24 inches apart in row.

Asparagus (in beds). Rows 2 feet apart, 12 to 18 inches in row.

NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE (Square System)

RULE—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are; number of square feet for each plant, which, divided into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

Distance	No. of Trees	Distance	No. of Trees	Distance	No. of Trees
1 foot apart each way.....	43,560	9 feet apart each way.....	537	17 feet apart each way.....	150
2 feet apart each way.....	10,890	10 feet apart each way.....	435	18 feet apart each way.....	134
3 feet apart each way.....	4,840	11 feet apart each way.....	360	19 feet apart each way.....	120
4 feet apart each way.....	2,722	12 feet apart each way.....	305	20 feet apart each way.....	108
5 feet apart each way.....	1,745	13 feet tpart each way.....	257	25 feet apart each way.....	69
6 feet apart each way.....	1,210	14 feet apart each way.....	222	30 feet apart each way.....	48
7 feet apart each way.....	888	15 feet apart each way.....	193	35 feet apart each way.....	35
8 feet apart each way.....	680	16 feet apart each way.....	170	40 feet apart each way.....	27

How to Order From Bountiful Ridge Nurseries

All Prices Listed in This Catalog Are Net, No Discount Allowed and For the Stock F. O. B. Princess Anne, Md. Delivered Prices Will Be Given on Any Stock Wanted If You Will Write to Us Giving a List of The Stock With Sizes Wanted. These Prices Are For The Spring Shipping Season of 1942 Only and Are Subject to Change After June 1, 1942, Unless We Do Not Issue a Regular Price List for Fall 1942. If We Do Not Issue a Fall Price List the Prices Here Listed Shall Be Effective Until January 1, 1943.

OUR SHIPPING SEASON

We pack and ship all through the winter to Southern States. Our regular shipping and packing season usually opens here about the 15th of October and continues until May 10. Our fall shipping season opens about October 1st on some items.

OUR TERMS

Our terms are cash except in large orders when satisfactory reference is given; then one-third the amount of the order must be sent and balance on arrival of trees at depot. On early orders one-third the amount can be sent in and balance a few days before shipment. Prices in this catalog are for the present season, spring of 1942 only.

HOW TO REMIT

Remittance should be made either by Post Office money order, registered letter, or by check on your bank.

ORDER EARLY

We earnestly request our patrons to send their orders in early and specify when they wish them shipped. We pride ourselves on making prompt delivery but sometimes in our rush seasons we cannot get the orders shipped on the exact time, and we must ask our customers indulgence for a week or so and shipment will be made just as promptly as possible. If time of shipments is left to us we can assure our customers of receiving stock in perfect condition and in proper planting season.

MISTAKES

We use every precaution that is humanly possible to avoid mistakes and believe that we are as near free from them as any Nurseryman in the United States; but in the event any of our stock should prove untrue to name under which it is labeled or sold, we will replace the original order or refund the amount paid for such stock. Further than this we are not responsible.

OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee every tree to be as represented in grade and quality, and if upon arrival you do not find our trees to be exactly as we say they are, return them to us securely packed and we will refund to you every dollar you have paid us for them. This is as fair as we can offer.

Do not confuse our well graded stock with stock offered to you at a lower price with only height mentioned. Our stock is graded both in height and thickness, the only true way to grade nursery stock.

RECEIVING STOCK IN COLD WEATHER

In the event that it should turn cold after your stock has been shipped to you and there is a possibility that there is frost in the box in which the stock is shipped, put the box in a place where the temperature is above freezing—a cellar or a frost-proof building, and do not disturb for 5 to 7 days, at which time stock can be removed from the box in first-class condition. Under no circumstances should you open a box when you think there is frost in it, for if the air strikes nursery stock in frozen condition, it will kill it. But if allowed to thaw out in the box, the stock will not be injured.

OUR REFERENCES

As to our responsibility, we refer you to the Salisbury National Bank, Salisbury, Md., Farmers & Merchants Bank, Salisbury, Md., Dunn & Bradstreet and to any of our thousands of customers throughout the country that you might know or whose name you find in this catalog, and the various State Departments in the Eastern U. S.

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION—DUPLICATE OF NUMBER 23

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That on the 18th day of August, 1941 we examined the Nursery Stock of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, growing in their nurseries at Princess Anne, County of Somerset, State of Maryland, in accordance with the laws of Maryland, 1898, Chapter 289, Section 48, and that said nurseries and premises are apparently free, so far as can be determined by inspection, from the San Jose Scale, Peach Yellow, Pear Blight and other dangerously injurious insect pests and plant diseases.

THIS CERTIFICATE is valid until September 30, 1942 unless sooner revoked, and does not include nursery stock not grown within this State, unless such stock is previously covered by Certificate and accepted by the State Entomologist and State Pathologist.
G. S. LANGFORD, Chief Inspector

In addition to the above Certificate every shipment going outside the infested area of the Japanese Beetle has a certificate of the U. S. Department of Agriculture showing the shipment is free from Japanese Beetle.

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

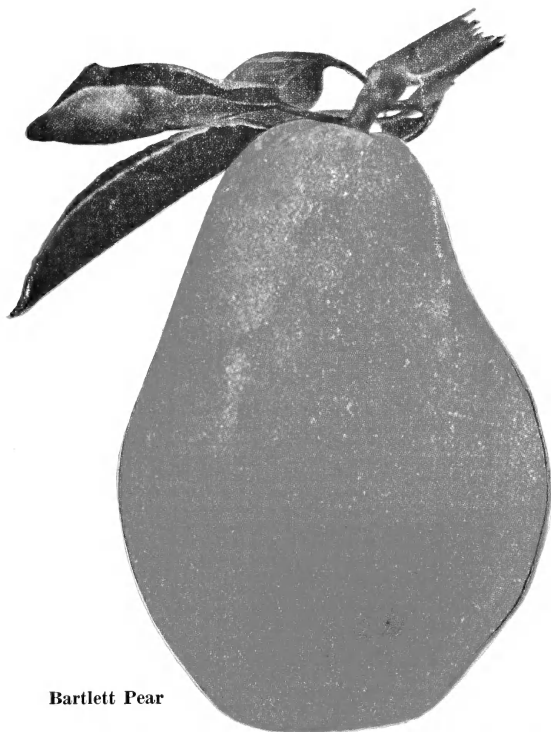
[illegible]

MISTAKES

We use every precaution that is humanly possible to avoid mistakes and believe that we are as near free from them as any Nurseryman in the United States; but in the event any of our stock should prove untrue to name under which it is labeled or sold, we will replace the original order or refund the amount paid for such stock. Further than this we are not responsible.

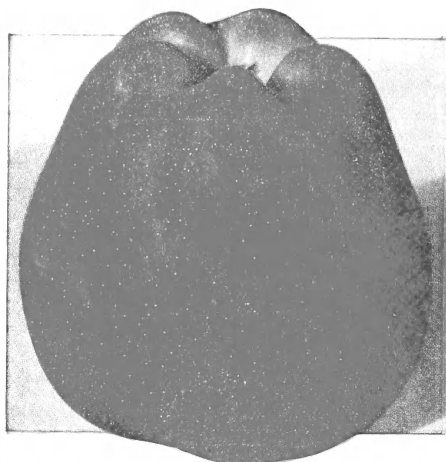
PLEASE NOTE—We are doing our best to give our customers absolute satisfaction and believe our products represent the best values in nursery stock that can be purchased today. The hundreds of letters we receive each year attesting to fair and generous treatment and the results our stock is giving in all sections of the country brings us an ever widening circle of customers. If you have some friends who you feel will be interested in purchasing any of our products we shall appreciate your giving their full name and correct address and we will mail them a free copy of our latest catalogue. Thank you.

If you sent us a list of names last year please do not send the same names this year.



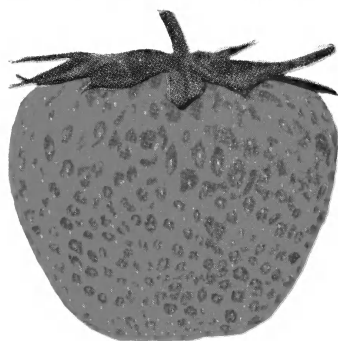
Bartlett Pear

Has come down through the years and still remains our
Leading Commercial Pear



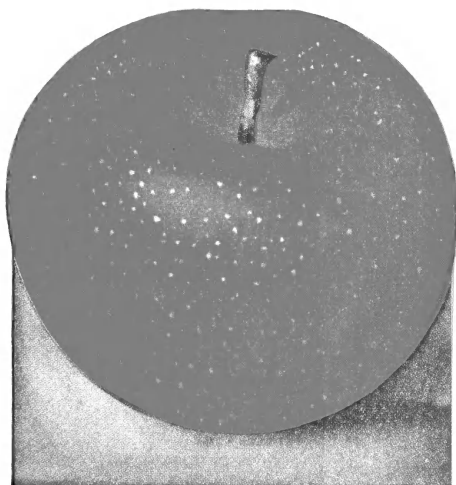
RICHARD
TRADE MARK. REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
The DELICIOUS Supreme

The best of all
Improved
Types
Delicious

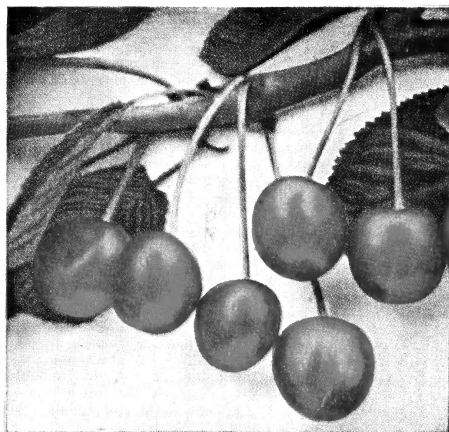


MASTODON EVERBEARING STRAWBERRY ➔

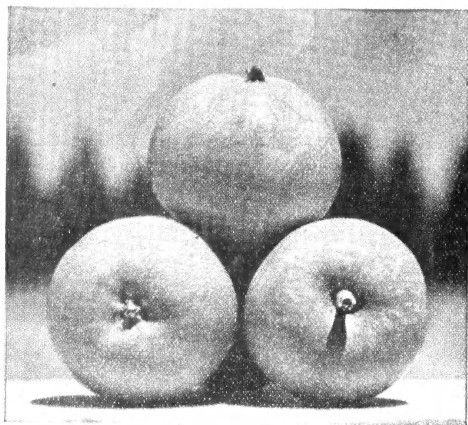
Other everbearing varieties come and go but **MASTODON
EVERBEARING** still tops all everbearing strawberries.



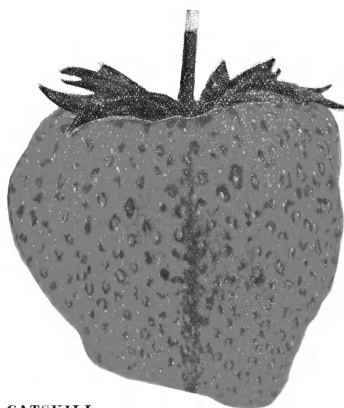
GALLIA BEAUTY—RED ROME
The Leader of All Red Rome Types



MONTMORENCY CHERRY
Our Leading Sour Cherry



"Bountiful Strain IMPROVED WINESAP"
The Famous WINESAP APPLE Glorified
in this beautiful, large size, selected strain.



↑ WRIXPARENT

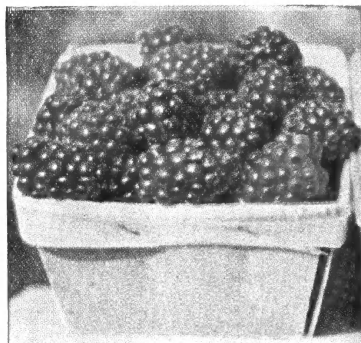
Plant Pat. No. 388

America's Earliest Apple, Ripening two weeks
Earlier than the Yellow
Transparent.



THE NEW → BOYSENBERRY

Has taken its place as
one of our great money-
making Vine Berries.



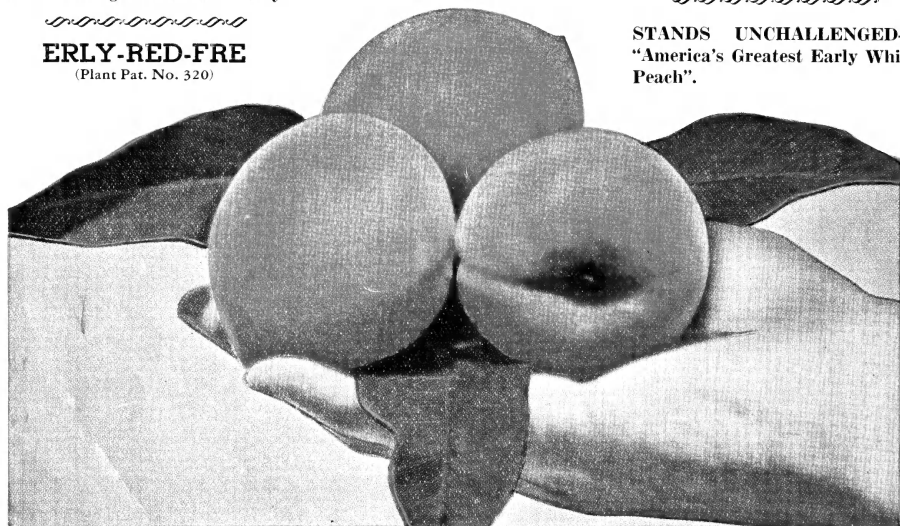
CATSKILL

The Leading Mid-season Berry



ERLY-RED-FRE

(Plant Pat. No. 320)



STANDS UNCHALLENGED—
"America's Greatest Early White
Peach".